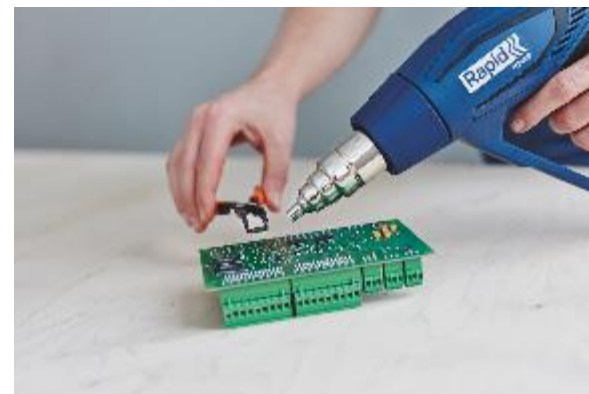
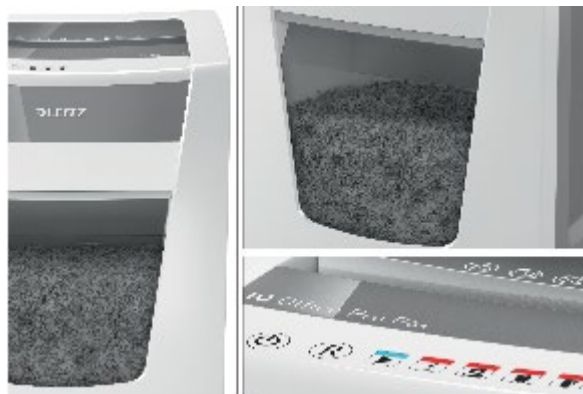




## ACCO Brands 1Q 2020 Earnings Conference Call

May 5, 2020



# Forward-Looking Statements

Statements contained in this presentation, other than statements of historical fact, particularly those anticipating future financial performance, business prospects, growth, operating strategies, and similar matters, including without limitation, statements concerning the impacts of the COVID-19 global pandemic on the company's business, operations, results of operation, liquidity, and financial condition, are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on the beliefs and assumptions of management based on information available to us at the time such statements are made. These statements, which are generally identifiable by the use of the words "will," "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "forecast," "project," "plan," and similar expressions, are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, are made as of the date hereof, and we undertake no duty or obligation to update them. Because actual results may differ materially from those suggested or implied by such forward-looking statements, you should not place undue reliance on them when deciding whether to buy, sell or hold the company's securities.

Our outlook is based on certain assumptions, which we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. These include, without limitation, assumptions regarding both the near-term and long-term impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the global economy and other changes in the macro environment; changes in the competitive landscape, including ongoing uncertainties in the traditional office products channels; as well as the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency and acquisitions; and other factors described below.

Among the factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from our forward-looking statements are: the scope and duration of the COVID-19 pandemic, government actions and other third party responses to it and the consequences for the global economy, uncertainties regarding how geographies, distribution channels and consumer behaviors will evolve over time in response to the pandemic, and its impact on our business, operations, results of operations and financial condition, including, among others, manufacturing, distribution and supply chain disruptions, reduced demand for our products and services, and the financial condition of our suppliers and customers, including their ability to fund their operations and pay their invoices. Additionally, many of the other risk factors affecting us are currently elevated by, and may continue to be elevated by, the COVID-19 pandemic.

Other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our forward-looking statements are: a relatively limited number of large customers account for a significant percentage of our sales; risks associated with shifts in the channels of distribution for our products; issues that affect customer and consumer spending decisions during periods of economic uncertainty or weakness; risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations; challenges related to the highly competitive business environments in which we operate; our ability to develop and market innovative products that meet consumer demands; our ability to grow profitably through acquisitions and expand our product assortment into new and adjacent categories; our ability to successfully integrate acquisitions and achieve the financial and other results anticipated at the time of acquisition, including planned synergies; our ability to successfully implement our cost reduction and productivity initiatives; risks associated with the changes to U.S. trade policies and regulations, including increased import tariffs and overall uncertainty surrounding international trade relations; the failure, inadequacy or interruption of our information technology systems or supporting infrastructure; risks associated with a cybersecurity incident or information security breach, including that related to a disclosure of personally identifiable information; our ability to successfully expand our business in emerging markets and the exposure to greater financial, operational, regulatory and compliance and other risks in such markets; the effects of the U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act; the impact of litigation or other legal proceedings; the risks associated with outsourcing production of certain of our products, information systems and other administrative functions; the continued decline in the use of certain of our products; risks associated with seasonality; risks associated with changes in the cost or availability of raw materials, labor, transportation and other necessary supplies and services and the cost of finished goods; our failure to comply with applicable laws, rules and regulations and self-regulatory requirements and the costs of compliance; the sufficiency of investment returns on pension assets, risks related to actuarial assumptions and changes in the unfunded liabilities of a multi-employer pension plan; any impairment of our intangible assets; risks associated with our indebtedness, including our debt service obligations, limitations imposed by restrictive covenants, our ability to comply with financial ratios and tests, and the phase out of the London Interbank Offered Rate; a change in or discontinuance of our stock repurchase program or the payment of dividends; the bankruptcy or financial instability of our customers and suppliers; our ability to secure, protect and maintain our intellectual property rights; product liability claims, recalls or regulatory actions; our ability to attract and retain key employees; the volatility of our stock price; risks associated with circumstances outside our control, including those caused by public health crises such as the occurrence of contagious diseases like COVID-19, war, terrorism and other geopolitical incidents; and other risks and uncertainties described in "Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, and in other reports we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

# Reg. G – Non-GAAP Financial Measures

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This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures. We explain how we calculate and use each of these non-GAAP measures and provide a reconciliation of our current period and historical non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure in the tables attached to this presentation.

We use our non-GAAP financial measures both to explain our results to stockholders and the investment community and in the internal evaluation and management of our businesses. We believe our non-GAAP measures provide management and investors with a more complete understanding of our underlying operational results and trends, facilitate meaningful period-to-period comparisons and enhance an overall understanding of our past and future financial performance.

Our non-GAAP financial measures exclude certain items that may have a material impact upon our reported financial results such as restructuring charges, transaction and integration expenses associated with acquisitions, the impact of foreign currency fluctuation and acquisitions, unusual tax items and other non-recurring items that we consider to be outside of our core operations. These measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, the directly comparable GAAP financial measures and should be read in connection with the Company's financial statements presented in accordance with GAAP.

This presentation also provides forward-looking non-GAAP adjusted earnings per share, free cash flow, and net leverage ratio. We do not provide a reconciliation of forward-looking adjusted earnings per share, free cash flow, adjusted tax rate and net leverage ratio to GAAP because the GAAP financial measure is not accessible on a forward-looking basis and reconciling information is not available without unreasonable effort due to the inherent difficulty of forecasting and quantifying certain amounts that are necessary for such a reconciliation, including adjustments that could be made for restructuring, integration and acquisition-related expenses, the variability of our tax rate and the impact of foreign currency fluctuations and acquisitions, and other charges reflected in our historical numbers. The probable significance of each of these items is high and, based on historical experience, could be material.

# 1Q 2020 Earnings Summary

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**Sales down 3% to \$384M**

- Declines in EMEA and adverse FX (\$11M) offset strength in North America and \$14M from acquisitions
- Sales and orders declined rapidly in last two weeks of March due to COVID-19 business closures

**Operating income down 3% to \$17.4M;  
Adjusted operating income down 15% to \$18M**

- Declines due to lower sales and gross profit and adverse FX that offset lower incentive accruals and lower restructuring charges

**EPS \$0.08 vs \$(0.01)  
Adjusted EPS \$0.07 vs. \$0.08**

- EPS up from an unusually high tax rate in 2019
- Adjusted EPS reflected lower global sales and gross margin, offsetting North America growth and cost reductions

**Use of free cash flow of \$32M**

- Improved due to lower investments in working capital vs. 2019
- Declared dividend of \$0.065 per share payable in June
- Use of cash in 2020 will be for debt reduction and dividend payments

# 1Q 2020 Earnings Summary

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**North America sales up 5%**  
**Operating income up 12%**  
**Adjusted operating income down slightly**

- Sales up from higher pricing and strong growth in computer accessories
- Operating income up from lower restructuring charges
- Adjusted operating income down from lower gross margin

**EMEA sales down 13%**  
**Operating income and adjusted operating income down significantly**

- Sales down from COVID-19 business closures
- Operating income and adjusted operating income down from lower sales, unfavorable mix, lower absorption, adverse FX

**International sales up 2%**  
**Comparable sales down 8%**  
**Operating income increased slightly**  
**Adjusted operating income down slightly**

- Net sales up from Foroni acquisition; impact on income was immaterial
- Comparable sales down from COVID-19 business closures and supply chain disruption
- Operating income up from SG&A costs, including lower incentive accruals
- Adjusted operating income declined due to adverse FX

# Segment Results

\$ in millions

Segment Financial Metrics	1Q20	1Q19	Y/Y Change
<b>ACCO Brands North America</b>			
Sales	\$167.8	\$160.4	4.6%
Comparable Sales	4.7%	(2.5)%	
Adjusted Operating Income	\$7.6	\$8.2	(7.3)%
Adjusted Operating Margin	4.5%	5.1%	(60) bps
<b>ACCO Brands EMEA</b>			
Sales	\$127.5	\$146.5	(13.0)%
Comparable Sales	(10.1)%	3.5%	
Adjusted Operating Income	\$11.9	\$16.1	(26.1)%
Adjusted Operating Margin	9.3%	11.0%	(170) bps
<b>ACCO Brands International</b>			
Sales	\$88.8	\$87.0	2.1%
Comparable Sales	(7.5)%	(4.0)%	
Adjusted Operating Income	\$6.4	\$6.8	(5.9)%
Adjusted Operating Margin	7.2%	7.8%	(60) bps

# 1Q 2020 Margin Reconciliation

	1Q 2020 Adjusted (non-GAAP)	Change vs. Prior Year Adjusted	Items of Significant Impact on Adjusted Results	Bps
<b>Gross Profit</b>	\$112.2	\$(13.7)	Cost savings	30
			Pricing/Product cost/Mix, net	(210)
<b>Gross Margin</b>	29.2%	(280) bps	Acquisition	(50)
			Other	(50)
<b>SG&amp;A</b>	\$85.8	\$(9.7)	Incentive Compensation Expense	(160)
			Acquisition	(40)
<b>SG&amp;A Margin</b>	22.3%	(190) bps	Net Cost Savings	(40)
			FX	20
			Other	30

# COVID-19 Impact

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- ❑ Employee safety is paramount
  - Working from home when possible
  - Plants and distribution centers using safe protocols: taking temperatures daily, using social distancing, wearing protective equipment; extra hygiene and deep cleaning measures
  - International and domestic travel canceled
  
- ❑ Most facilities operating and shipping, some at reduced levels based on lower demand
  - A few small facilities closed in April due to government mandates
  
- ❑ Supply chain
  - Some delays in February/March in China
  - Improved over past several weeks and most workers have returned
  - Back-to-school supply – over half manufactured in U.S.; 30% in Vietnam, less than 20% in China



# COVID-19 Impact

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- ❑ Undertook many incremental cost reduction initiatives
  - Implemented temporary 50-percent reduction in CEO base salary
  - Implemented temporary 50-percent reduction in Board of Directors' annual cash retainer fees
  - Implemented temporary reductions in senior executive and other employee base salaries ranging from 30% to 10%
  - Furloughed employees across the organization for up to 16 weeks
  - Released 2020 bonus accruals due to lack of achievement
  - Postponed indefinitely 2020 merit increases except where statutorily required
  - Suspended 401(k) match
  - Participating in foreign government assistance programs where applicable worldwide

# 2020 Cash Flow

\$ in millions*	1Q20	1Q '19	Better (Worse) vs 2019
Adjusted EBITDA	37	43	(6)
Interest	(3)	(4)	1
Taxes	(10)	(11)	1
Capital expenditures	(7)	(7)	0
Working capital and other	(41)	(77)	36
Pension	(6)	(8)	2
Cash restructuring costs	(3)	(4)	1
Transaction and integration expenses	--	--	0
Free cash flow	(32)	(68)	36
FX impact on cash balance	(2)	--	(2)
Gross debt incr/(decr)	113	123	(10)
Debt Issuance Costs	--	--	0
Cost of Acquisition	1	(5)	6
Share repurchases	(19)	(15)	(4)
Dividends Paid	(6)	(6)	0
FX impact on Debt	11	5	6
<b>Incr/(decr) in cash on hand</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>31</b>

\*Numbers may not foot due to rounding

# Capital Structure

- ❑ Capital structure as of March 31, 2020
- ❑ No maturities until 2024

Facility	(\$ in millions)		Interest Rate Methodology	Rate
	Balance <sup>1</sup>			
\$600M multicurrency revolver	\$ 137		LIBOR + 150 bps, 25 bps unused	2.35%
USD Term Loan A	\$ 96		U.S. LIBOR <sup>3</sup> + 150 bps	2.57%
EUR Term Loan A	\$ 269		Euro LIBOR (floor 0%) + 150 bps	1.50%
AUD Term Loan A	<u>\$ 36</u>		Australian BBSR + 150 bps	2.20%
Subtotal Senior secured credit facilities	\$ 538		Weighted average	1.95%
Senior unsecured notes	<u>\$ 375</u>		5.25% fixed	5.25%
Total Debt <sup>2</sup>	\$ 929		Weighted average interest rate	3.31%

<sup>1</sup> Currencies converted at March 31, 2020, using closing spot rates.

<sup>2</sup> Includes Other Borrowings of \$16 million.

<sup>3</sup> US dollar denominated loans subject to a LIBOR floor of 1% beginning May 1, 2020

# Executing On Capital Allocation Strategy

## Priorities

<b>Capital Allocation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Disciplined capital allocation strategy</li><li>• Expect to generate at least \$100M in FCF in 2020 (at least \$120M cash from operations less \$20M capex)</li><li>• Deploying FCF in 2020 to debt reduction and dividends; suspending share repurchases for remainder of 2020</li></ul>
<b>Debt Reduction</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1Q 2020 net leverage of 2.8x</li><li>• Long-term net leverage goal 2.0x-2.5x</li></ul>
<b>Shareholder Returns</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1Q 2020 paid \$6 million in dividends</li><li>• 1Q 2020 repurchased 2.9 million shares for \$19* million</li></ul>

\*includes payments related to tax withholding for compensation of \$1.7 million, offset by \$1.5 million of proceeds from exercise of stock options

## 2Q 2020 Outlook

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- ❑ Due to the uncertainty associated with the global economic disruption from the COVID-19 pandemic and related government and business measures, the company withdrew its annual guidance on April 13, 2020. The following outlook is for 2Q only.

### 2Q 2020 Outlook

**Net Sales<sup>1</sup>**

(40)% to (25)%

**Adj. EPS<sup>1</sup>**

\$(0.05) to \$0.07

<sup>1</sup> Includes assumption of (3.0)% impact on sales and negligible impact on EPS from adverse FX, and no incremental EPS from Foroni.  
FX impact based on March 31, 2020, spot rates.

# About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Our non-GAAP financial measures include the following:

**Comparable Net Sales:** Represents net sales excluding the impact of acquisitions with current-period foreign operation sales translated at prior-year currency rates. We believe comparable net sales are useful to investors and management because they reflect underlying sales and sales trends without the effect of acquisitions and fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and facilitate meaningful period-to-period comparisons. We sometimes refer to comparable net sales as comparable sales.

**Adjusted Gross Profit:** Represents gross profit excluding the effect of the amortization of the step-up in inventory from acquisitions. We believe adjusted gross profit is useful to investors and management because it reflects underlying gross profit without the effect of inventory adjustments resulting from acquisitions that we consider to be outside our core operations and facilitates meaningful period-to-period comparisons.

**Adjusted Selling, General and Administrative (SG&A) Expenses:** Represents selling, general and administrative expenses excluding transaction and integration expenses related to our acquisitions. We believe adjusted SG&A expenses are useful to investors and management because they reflect underlying SG&A expenses without the effect of expenses related to acquiring and integrating acquisitions that we consider to be outside our core operations and facilitate meaningful period-to-period comparisons.

**Adjusted Operating Income/Adjusted Income Before Taxes/Adjusted Net Income/Adjusted Net Income Per Diluted Share:** Represents operating income, income before taxes, net income, and net income per diluted share excluding restructuring charges, the amortization of the step-up in value of inventory, transaction and integration expenses associated with acquisitions, non-recurring items in interest expense or other income/expense such as expenses associated with debt refinancings and other non-recurring items as well as all unusual and discrete income tax adjustments, including income tax related to the foregoing. We believe these adjusted non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors and management because they reflect our underlying operating performance before items that we consider to be outside our core operations and facilitate meaningful period-to-period comparisons. Senior management's incentive compensation is derived, in part, using adjusted operating income and adjusted net income per diluted share, which is derived from adjusted net income. We sometimes refer to adjusted net income per diluted share as adjusted earnings per share.

**Adjusted Income Tax Expense/Rate:** Represents income tax expense/rate excluding the tax effect of the items that have been excluded from adjusted income before taxes, unusual income tax items such as the impact of tax audits and changes in laws, significant reserves for cash repatriation; excess tax benefits/losses; and other discrete tax items. We believe our adjusted income tax expense/rate is useful to investors because it reflects our baseline income tax expense/rate before benefits/losses and other discrete items that we consider to be outside our core operations and facilitates meaningful period-to-period comparisons.

**Adjusted EBITDA:** Represents net income excluding the effects of depreciation, stock-based compensation expense, amortization of intangibles, interest expense, net, other (income) expense, net, and income tax expense, the amortization of the step-up in value of inventory, transaction and integration expenses associated with acquisitions, restructuring charges, expenses associated with debt refinancings and other non-recurring items. We believe adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors because it reflects our underlying cash profitability and adjusts for certain non-cash charges, and items that we consider to be outside our core operations and facilitates meaningful period-to-period comparisons.

**Free Cash Flow:** Represents cash flow from operating activities less cash used for additions to property, plant and equipment, plus cash proceeds from the disposition of assets. We believe free cash flow is useful to investors because it measures our available cash flow for paying dividends, funding strategic acquisitions, reducing debt, and repurchasing shares.

**Net Leverage Ratio:** Represents total debt, less debt origination costs and cash and cash equivalents divided by Adjusted EBITDA. We believe that net leverage ratio is useful to investors since the company has the ability to, and may decide to use a portion of its cash and cash equivalents to retire debt.

This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures. We explain how we calculate and use each of these non-GAAP measures and provide a reconciliation of our current period and historical non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure in the tables attached to this presentation.

# Reg G Reconciliations

## ACCO Brands Corporation and Subsidiaries Reconciliation of GAAP to Adjusted Non-GAAP Information (Unaudited) (In millions, except per share data)

The following tables set forth a reconciliation of certain Consolidated Statements of Operations information reported in accordance with GAAP to adjusted Non-GAAP Information for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2020												
	Gross Profit	% of Sales	SG&A	% of Sales	Operating Income	% of Sales	Income before Tax	% of Sales	Income Tax Expense (G)	Tax Rate	Net Income	% of Sales
Reported GAAP	\$ 112.2	29.2%	\$ 86.1	22.4%	\$ 17.4	4.5%	\$ 11.1	2.9%	\$ 3.1	27.9%	\$ 8.0	2.1%
Reported GAAP diluted income per share (EPS)											\$ 0.08	
Transaction and integration expenses (B)	—		(0.3)		0.3		0.3		0.1		0.2	
Restructuring charges	—		—		0.3		0.3		0.1		0.2	
Operating tax gains (C)	—		—		—		(1.6)		—		(1.6)	
Other discrete tax items (D)	—		—		—		—		(0.2)		0.2	
Adjusted Non-GAAP	\$ 112.2	29.2%	\$ 85.8	22.3%	\$ 18.0	4.7%	\$ 10.1	2.6%	\$ 3.1	30.7%	\$ 7.0	1.8%
Adjusted diluted income per share (Adjusted EPS)											\$ 0.07	

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019												
	Gross Profit	% of Sales	SG&A	% of Sales	Operating Income	% of Sales	Income before Tax	% of Sales	Income Tax Expense (G)	Tax Rate	Net Income	% of Sales
Reported GAAP	\$ 125.8	31.9%	\$ 95.9	24.3%	\$ 17.9	4.5%	\$ 10.0	2.5%	\$ 10.6	106.0%	\$ (0.6)	(0.2)%
Reported GAAP diluted income per share (EPS)											\$ (0.01)	
(A) Inventory step-up amortization	0.1		—		0.1		0.1		—		0.1	
(B) Transaction and integration expenses	—		(0.4)		0.4		0.4		0.1		0.3	
Restructuring charges	—		—		2.7		2.7		0.7		2.0	
(D) Brazil tax adjustment	—		—		—		—		(5.6)		5.6	
(D) Other discrete tax items	—		—		—		—		(1.4)		1.4	
Adjusted Non-GAAP	\$ 125.9	32.0%	\$ 95.5	24.2%	\$ 21.1	5.4%	\$ 13.2	3.4%	\$ 4.4	33.3%	\$ 8.8	2.2%
Adjusted diluted income per share (Adjusted EPS)											\$ 0.08	

### Notes to Reconciliation of GAAP to Adjusted Non-GAAP Information (Unaudited)

- Represents the amortization of step-up in the value of inventory associated with the Cumberland asset acquisition in 2019.
- Represents transaction and integration expenses associated with the acquisitions of Indústria Gráfica Foroni Ltda. ("Foroni") in 2020, and associated with the Cumberland asset acquisition in 2019.
- Represents the gain from certain Brazilian indirect tax credits recognized of \$1.1 million and the gain from the release of unneeded reserves for certain operating taxes related to a pre-acquisition period for GOBA Internacional, S.A. de C.V. ("GOBA") of \$0.5 million.
- The adjustments to income tax expense include the effects of the adjustments outlined above in the amount of \$0.2 million and discrete tax adjustments of \$(0.2) million for a total of \$0.0 million, resulting in an adjusted tax rate of 30.7% for the first quarter of 2020, and adjustments in the amount of \$0.8 million and discrete tax adjustments of \$(7.0) million (including a \$5.6 million tax expense related to our Brazilian tax reserve) for a total of \$(6.2) million resulting in an adjusted tax rate of 33.3% for the first quarter of 2019.

# Reg G Reconciliations

## ACCO Brands Corporation and Subsidiaries Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted EBITDA (Unaudited) (In millions)

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net income (loss) reported in accordance with GAAP to Adjusted EBITDA.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		% Change
	2020	2019	
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 8.0</b>	<b>\$ (0.6)</b>	<b>NM</b>
Inventory step-up amortization	—	0.1	(100.0)%
Transaction and integration expenses	0.3	0.4	(25.0)%
Restructuring charges	0.3	2.7	(88.9)%
Depreciation	8.6	8.8	(2.3)%
Stock-based compensation	0.9	2.0	(55.0)%
Amortization of intangibles	8.4	9.3	(9.7)%
Interest expense, net	8.3	9.5	(12.6)%
Other income, net	(0.5)	(0.2)	NM
Income tax expense	3.1	10.6	(70.8)%
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 37.4</u>	<u>\$ 42.6</u>	<u>(12.2)%</u>
Adjusted EBITDA as a % of Net Sales	9.7%	10.8%	

## Reconciliation of Net Cash Used by Operating Activities to Free Cash Flow (Unaudited) (In millions)

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net cash used by operating activities reported in accordance with GAAP to Free Cash Flow.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2020	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019
<b>Net cash used by operating activities</b>	<b>\$(25.2)</b>	<b>\$(61.3)</b>
Net cash (used) provided by:		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(6.9)	(7.2)
Proceeds from the disposition of assets	—	0.1
Free cash flow (non-GAAP)	<u>\$(32.1)</u>	<u>\$(68.4)</u>



# Reg G Reconciliations

## ACCO Brands Corporation and Subsidiaries Supplemental Business Segment Information and Reconciliation (Unaudited) (In millions)

	2020					2019					Changes				
	Reported	Reported	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Reported	Reported	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Net Sales	Net Sales	Adjusted	Adjusted	Margin
	Net Sales	Operating Income	Items	Operating Income	Operating Income	Net Sales	Operating Income	Items	Operating Income	Operating Income	\$	%	Operating Income	Operating Income	Points
		(Loss)		(Loss) (A)	(Loss) (A)		(Loss)		(Loss) (A)	(Loss) (A)			(Loss) \$	(Loss) %	
<b>Q1:</b>															
ACCO Brands North America	\$ 167.8	\$ 7.6	\$ —	\$ 7.6	4.5%	\$ 160.4	\$ 6.8	\$ 1.4	\$ 8.2	5.1%	\$ 7.4	4.6%	\$ (0.6)	(7.3)%	(60)
ACCO Brands EMEA	127.5	12.0	(0.1)	11.9	9.3%	146.5	15.9	0.2	16.1	11.0%	(19.0)	(13.0)%	(4.2)	(26.1)%	(170)
ACCO Brands International	88.8	5.9	0.5	6.4	7.2%	87.0	5.6	1.2	6.8	7.8%	1.8	2.1%	(0.4)	(5.9)%	(60)
Corporate	—	(8.1)	0.2	(7.9)		—	(10.4)	0.4	(10.0)		—		2.1		
Total	<u>\$ 384.1</u>	<u>\$ 17.4</u>	<u>\$ 0.6</u>	<u>\$ 18.0</u>	4.7%	<u>\$ 393.9</u>	<u>\$ 17.9</u>	<u>\$ 3.2</u>	<u>\$ 21.1</u>	5.4%	<u>\$ (9.8)</u>	(2.5)%	<u>\$ (3.1)</u>	(14.7)%	(70)
<b>Q2:</b>															
ACCO Brands North America						\$ 307.9	\$ 60.6	\$ (0.2)	\$ 60.4	19.6%					
ACCO Brands EMEA						128.3	7.4	—	7.4	5.8%					
ACCO Brands International						82.5	4.1	0.3	4.4	5.3%					
Corporate						—	(10.7)	—	(10.7)						
Total						<u>\$ 518.7</u>	<u>\$ 61.4</u>	<u>\$ 0.1</u>	<u>\$ 61.5</u>	11.9%					
<b>Q3:</b>															
ACCO Brands North America						\$ 272.4	\$ 33.7	\$ 1.9	\$ 35.6	13.1%					
ACCO Brands EMEA						133.1	13.8	0.1	13.9	10.4%					
ACCO Brands International						100.2	10.8	0.3	11.1	11.1%					
Corporate						—	(9.5)	1.3	(8.2)						
Total						<u>\$ 505.7</u>	<u>\$ 48.8</u>	<u>\$ 3.6</u>	<u>\$ 52.4</u>	10.4%					
<b>Q4:</b>															
ACCO Brands North America						\$ 226.1	\$ 29.9	\$ 2.5	\$ 32.4	14.3%					
ACCO Brands EMEA						161.4	21.5	2.0	23.5	14.6%					
ACCO Brands International						149.9	28.0	2.5	30.5	20.3%					
Corporate						—	(11.3)	1.3	(10.0)						
Total						<u>\$ 537.4</u>	<u>\$ 68.1</u>	<u>\$ 8.3</u>	<u>\$ 76.4</u>	14.2%					
<b>YTD:</b>															
ACCO Brands North America	\$ 167.8	\$ 7.6	\$ —	\$ 7.6	4.5%	\$ 966.8	\$ 131.0	\$ 5.6	\$ 136.6	14.1%					
ACCO Brands EMEA	127.5	12.0	(0.1)	11.9	9.3%	569.3	58.6	2.3	60.9	10.7%					
ACCO Brands International	88.8	5.9	0.5	6.4	7.2%	419.6	48.5	4.3	52.8	12.6%					
Corporate	—	(8.1)	0.2	(7.9)		—	(41.9)	3.0	(38.9)						
Total	<u>\$ 384.1</u>	<u>\$ 17.4</u>	<u>\$ 0.6</u>	<u>\$ 18.0</u>	4.7%	<u>\$1,955.7</u>	<u>\$ 196.2</u>	<u>\$ 15.2</u>	<u>\$ 211.4</u>	10.8%					

# Reg G Reconciliations

## ACCO Brands Corporation and Subsidiaries Supplemental Net Sales Change Analysis (Unaudited)

### Q1 2020:

ACCO Brands North America

ACCO Brands EMEA

ACCO Brands International

Total

% Change - Net Sales				\$ Change - Net Sales (in millions)			
GAAP	Non-GAAP			GAAP	Non-GAAP		
Net Sales Change	Currency Translation	Acquisition	Comparable Net Sales Change (A)	Net Sales Change	Currency Translation	Acquisition	Comparable Net Sales Change (A)
4.6%	(0.1)%	—%	4.7%	\$7.4	\$(0.2)	\$—	\$7.6
(13.0)%	(2.9)%	—%	(10.1)%	(19.0)	(4.3)	—	(14.7)
2.1%	(7.0)%	16.6%	(7.5)%	1.8	(6.1)	14.4	(6.5)
(2.5)%	(2.7)%	3.7%	(3.5)%	\$(9.8)	\$(10.6)	\$14.4	\$(13.6)

(A) Comparable net sales represents net sales excluding acquisitions and with current-period foreign operation sales translated at prior-year currency rates.