# Handelsbanken

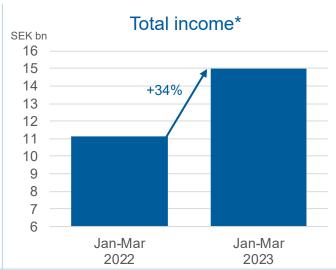
January – March 2023

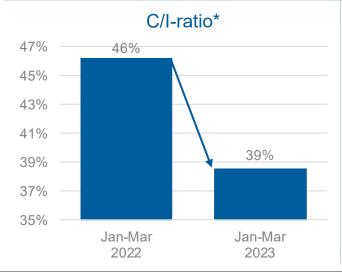
26 April 2023

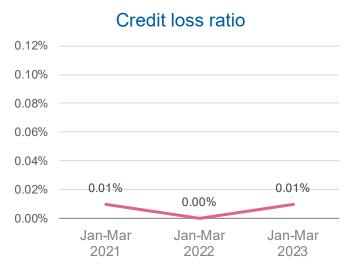
# Highlights January - March 2023

- Strong liquidity and capital position
- Solid asset quality
- Conservative approach to risk brings flexibility and opportunities
- Strong earnings growth
- Income all time high in all home markets
- C/I ratio down
- Increased pace in growth and profitability focused IT- and business development
- 15.0% ROE









Adjusted for one-off items

# Financial summary

## Q1 compared with previous quarter

SEK m	Q1 2023	Q4 2022	Change	Adjusted for items affecting comparability*
Net interest Income	11,485	10,631	8%	5%
Net fee and commission income	2,766	2,694	3%	3%
Total income	14,985	14,053	7%	4%
Total expenses	-5,776	-5,839	-1%	-1%
Profit before credit losses, risk tax and resolution fee	9,210	8,214	12%	8%
Net credit losses	-30	-54	-44%	-47%
Risk tax and resolution fee	-671	-582	15%	15%
Operating profit	8,516	7,578	12%	8%

#### **Key ratios:**

38.5% C/I-ratio

0.01%

Net credit loss ratio

15.0% ROE

19.4% CET1-ratio

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted for: Tax on pension payments due to choice not to demand compensation from the pension foundation (Q422); Oktogonen; foreign exchange effects and central funding costs in continuing operations pertaining to discontinued operations in Finland (Q422).

# Financial summary

Jan-Mar 2023 compared to previous year

SEK m	Jan-Mar 2023	Jan-Mar 2022	Change	Adjusted for items affecting comparability*
Net interest Income	11,485	8,014	43%	45%
Net fee and commission income	2,766	2,877	-4%	-4%
Total income	14,985	12,323	22%	34%
Total expenses	-5,776	-5,147	12%	10%
Profit before credit losses, risk tax and resolution fee	9,210	7,176	28%	55%
Net credit losses	-30	-6		
Risk tax and resolution fee	-671	-559	20%	20%
Operating profit	8,516	6,624	29%	57%

#### **Key ratios:**

38.5% C/I-ratio

0.01%

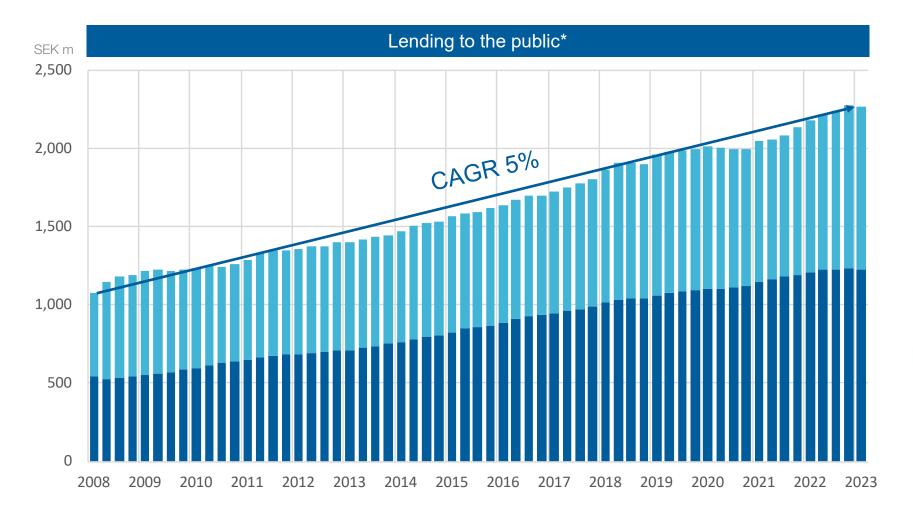
Net credit loss ratio

15.0% ROE

19.4% CET1-ratio

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted for: sale of properties (Jan-Mar 22); Oktogonen; foreign exchange effects and central funding costs in continuing operations pertaining to discontinued operations in Finland (Jan-Mar 22).

# Stable growth



Corporate lending CAGR 5%

Household lending CAGR 6%

<sup>\*</sup> Volume at end of period in Handelsbanken's home markets: Sweden, Norway, UK and the Netherlands

# Net interest income development

Q1 2023 compared to previous quarter



NII underlying: +5% NII reported: +8%

Contribution from:

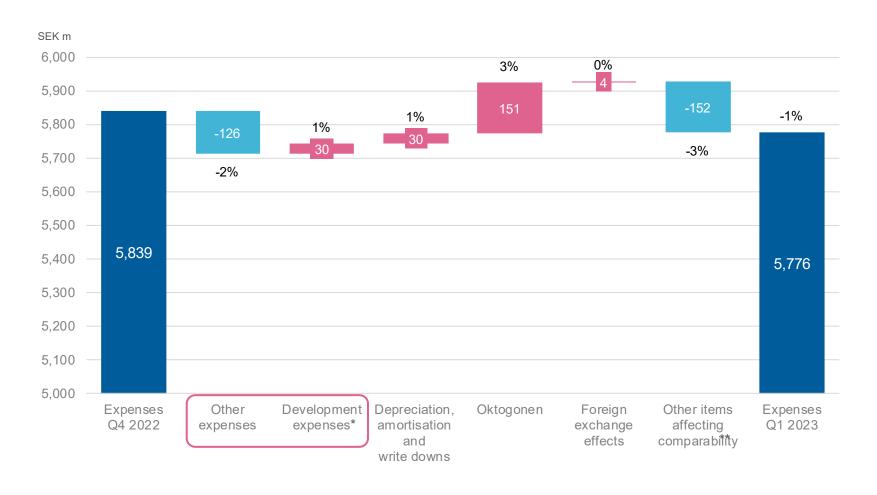
■ Volumes: -1%

Margins and

funding: +7%

## **Expenses**

## Q1 2023 compared to previous quarter



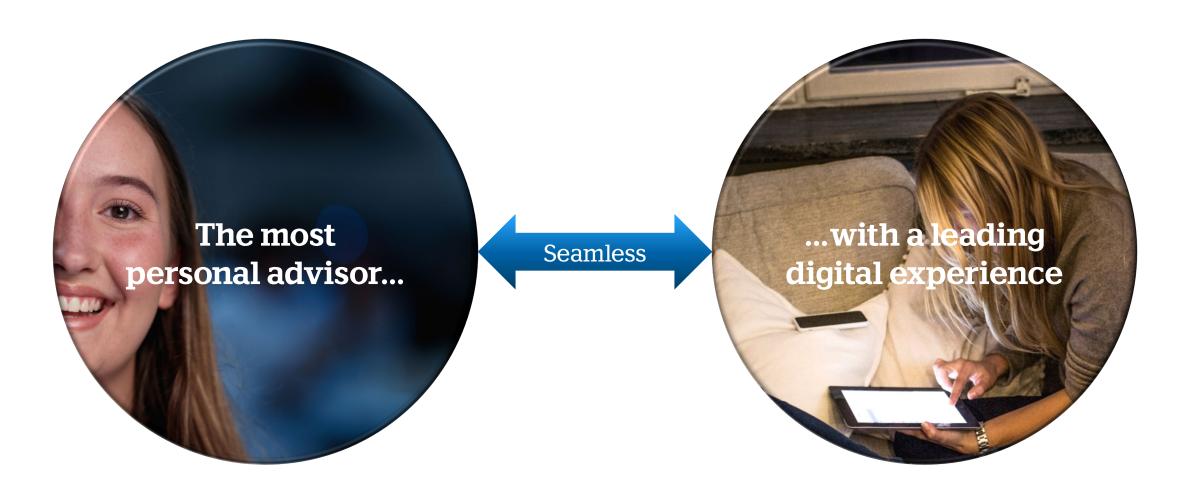
Development expenses +1%-point

Other expenses -2%-points

<sup>\*</sup> Development spend less capitalised costs

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tax on pension payments due to choice not to demand compensation for defined benefit pensions paid from the pension foundation in Q4 2022 (SEK -152m)

# Customer strategy: the best of two worlds



# An attractive and comprehensive offer

#### Personal advice

## Customer center

## Digital meeting places







- Quick response time
- Authorised advisors

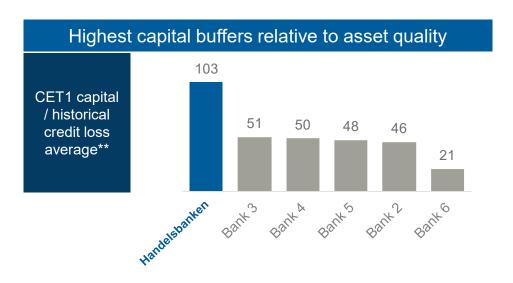
# • On-

- On-boarding
- Mortgages
- Savings
- Everyday services

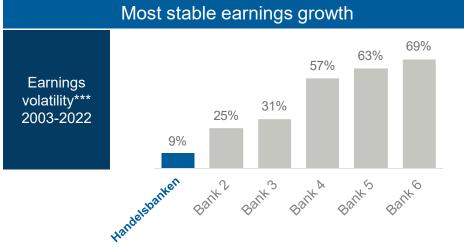


# Safety and stability provide flexibility

Highest credit rating in the world					
		Moody's	S&P	Fitch	
	Handelsbanken	Aa2 (S)	AA- (S)	AA (S)	
Credit ratings	Nordea	Aa3 (S)	AA- (S)	AA- (S)	
	SEB	Aa3 (S)	A+ (S)	AA- (S)	
	Swedbank	Aa3 (S)	A+ (S)	AA- (S)	
	P=Positive outlook S=Stable outlook N=Negative outlook				





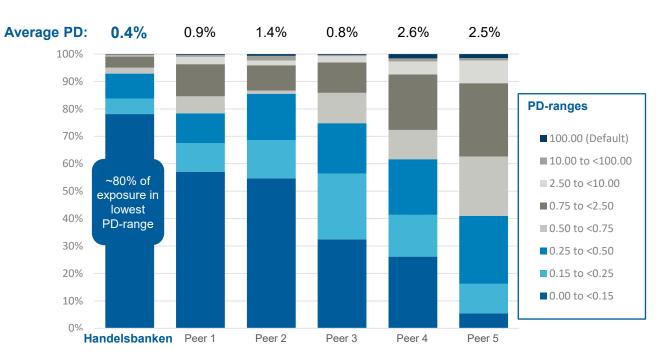


Peers included in comparisons: Swedbank, Nordea, SEB, Danske Bank and DNB.

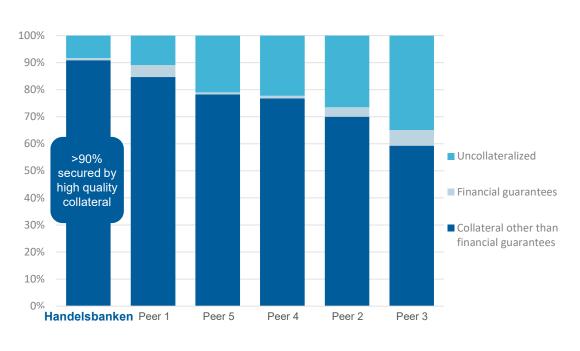
- Source: Banks' reporting
- \* CET1 capital as of Q4 2022 in relation to credit losses at the average credit loss ratio 2003-2022. Source: Factset
- \*\*\* Standard deviation of annual profit growth before tax 2003-2022. Source: Factset.

# **Asset quality**





# Proportion collateralized lending\*\*



**Proportion problem 0.3% 0.5% 1.0% 0.5% 1.7% 1.6% 1.6%** 

Average credit loss ratio 2003-2022:

**0.06%** 0.15%

0.19%

% 0.

25% 0

0.15% 0

0.14%

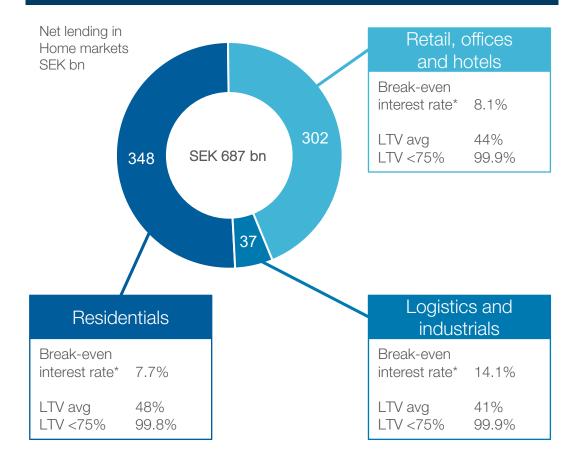
<sup>\*</sup> PD in IRB-models (advanced and foundation) for the exposure classes corporates, retail-SME and retail-non SME according to banks' pillar 3-disclosures by Q4 2022. Split based on exposure at default.

According to banks' pillar 3-disclosure by Q4 2022.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Proportion non perfoming loans and performing loans past due more than 30 days according to EBA transparency excercise 2022.

# Lending to property management

#### Property management lending



# 30 largest property management customers\*\*

Interest coverage ratio (ICR) 2022:

3.5x

Sensitivity analysis assumptions:

- Interest on all debt refinanced in 2023 assumed at 5%
- Full refinancing effects factored in as of Jan 1 2023
- No increase in operating net from rent indexation taken into account
- No balance sheet actions by owners taken into account
- → ICR average pro-forma

2.0x

→ No counterparty with ICR below 1.0x

LTV average\*\*\* of all property management exposures: 46%

Sensistivity analysis with 20% fall in property prices LTV

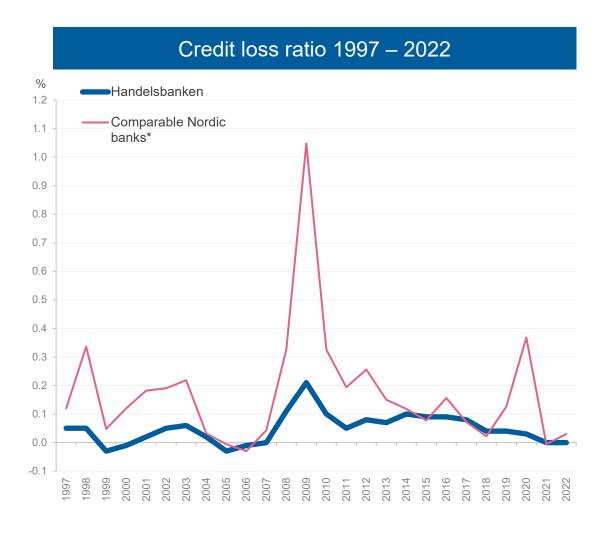
**→** 57%

Weighted average break-even interest rate (operating net / interest bearing debt).

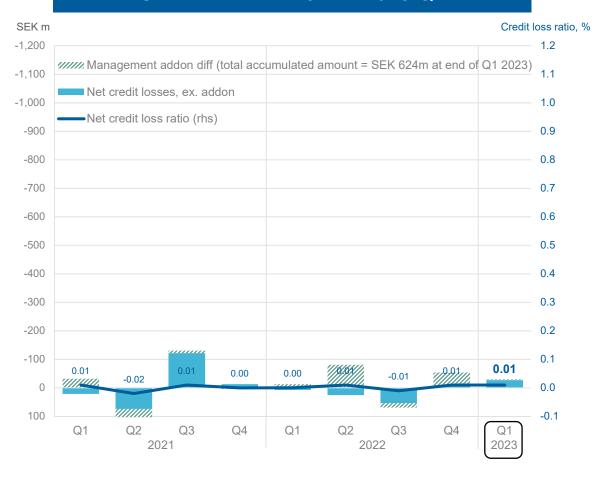
<sup>\*\*</sup> Data based on annual reports 2022 (except one company based on apr-sep 2022). Population represents approx. 20% of lending to the sector.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Company wide LTV. Not the same as the LTV on loans in Handelsbanken.

## **Net credit losses**



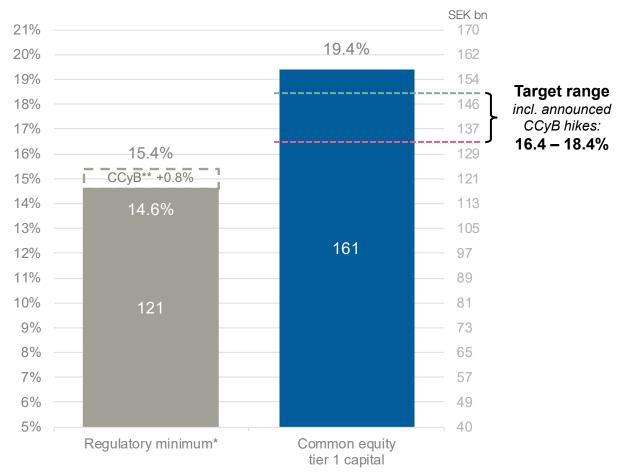
#### Credit loss ratio 2021 – 2023 Q1



SEB, Nordea, Swedbank, Danske bank and DNB

# CET1 ratio and regulatory requirement

### Q1 2023



#### Strong capital position with CET1 ratio:

400 bp above the FSA minimum requirement

incl. announced CCyB\*\*

100 bp above the bank's target range

#### Counter cyclical buffer (CCyB):

2023 Q1: 110 bp

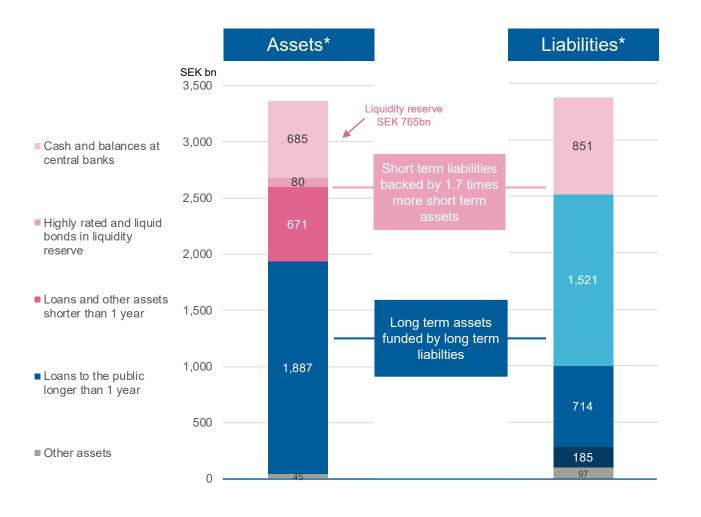
2024 Q1\*\*: 190 bp

Total RWEA: SEK 827bn

Estimated requirement set by the Swedish FSA at the end of Q1 2023.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated based on announced changes to the counter cyclical buffer requirements with effective dates before March 2024, assuming no changes to geographical distribution of the credit portfolio.

# Funding and liquidity



 Liabilities and issued securities shorter than 1 year

■Deposits from the public

■Issued securities longer than 1 year

■ Equity

■ Other liabilities

Short term liabilities backed by 1.7 times more short term assets

Long term assets funded by stable long term liabilities

Unutilised room for liquidity enhancing measures of SEK ~700bn by issuing covered bonds

<sup>\*</sup> Including assets and liabilities in the whole group including Finland. Excluding assets and liabilities in insurance operations where the customers bear value change risk (SEK 234bn in assets and liabilities respectively)

# Appendix

## **Income statement**

## Compared to previous quarter

SEK m	Q1 2023	Q4 2022	Change
Net interest income	11,485	10,631	8%
- funding costs related to discontinued operations in Finland		-295	
Net fee and commission income	2,766	2,694	3%
Net gains/losses on financial transactions	602	570	6%
Other income	132	158	-16%
Total income	14,985	14,053	7%
Staff costs, excl. Oktogonen	-3,268	-3,417	-4%
Oktogonen	-202	-51	
Other expenses	-1,852	-1,949	-5%
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, equipment and intangible assets	-454	-423	7%
Total expenses	-5,776	-5,839	-1%
Profit before credit losses, risk tax and resolution fee	9,210	8,214	12%
Net credit losses	-30	-54	-44%
Gains/losses on disposal of property, equipment and intangible assets	7	0	
Risk tax and resolution fee	-671	-582	15%
Operating profit	8,516	7,578	12%
Taxes	-1,934	-1,325	46%
Net profit from continuing operations	6,582	6,252	5%
Net profit from discontinued operations	232	-265	
<ul> <li>funding costs related to discontinued operations in Finland reported in continued operations, before tax</li> </ul>		295	
Net profit for the period	6,814	5,988	14%

### **Key ratios:**

38.5% C/I-ratio

0.01%

Net credit loss ratio

15.0% ROE

19.4% CET1-ratio

## **Income statement**

## Compared to the previous year

SEK m	Jan-Mar 2023	Jan-Mar 2022	Change
Net interest income	11,485	8,014	43%
- funding costs related to discontinued operations in Finland		125	
Net fee and commission income	2,766	2,877	-4%
Net gains/losses on financial transactions	602	420	43%
Other income	132	1,012	-87%
Total income	14,985	12,323	22%
Staff costs, excl. Oktogonen	-3,268	-3,071	6%
Oktogonen	-202	-87	132%
Other expenses	-1,852	-1,559	19%
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, equipment and intangible assets	-454	-430	6%
Total expenses	-5,776	-5,147	12%
Profit before credit losses, risk tax and resolution fee	9,210	7,176	28%
Net credit losses	-30	-6	
Gains/losses on disposal of property, equipment and intangible assets	7	14	-50%
Risk tax and resolution fee	-671	-559	20%
Operating profit	8,516	6,624	29%
Taxes	-1,934	-1,243	56%
Net profit from continuing operations	6,582	5,381	22%
Net profit from discontinued operations	232	307	-24%
<ul> <li>funding costs related to discontinued operations in Finland reported in continued operations, before tax</li> </ul>		-125	
Net profit for the period	6,814	5,687	20%

### **Key ratios:**

38.5% C/I-ratio

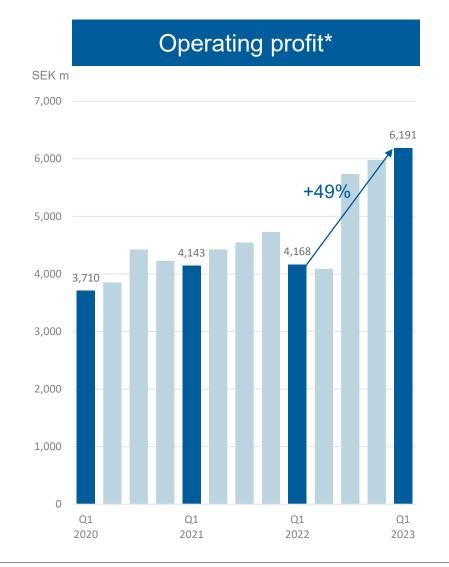
0.01%

Net credit loss ratio

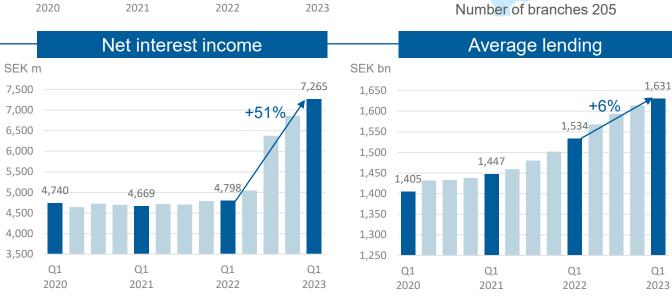
15.0% ROE

19.4% CET1-ratio

## Handelsbanken Sweden

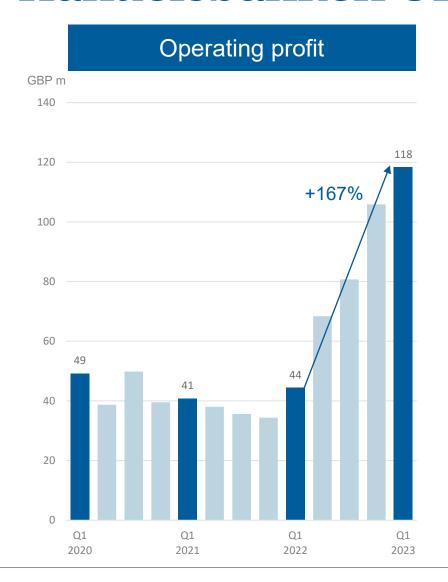


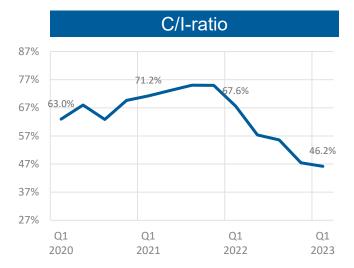




Adjusted for sale of card acquiring business in 2021.

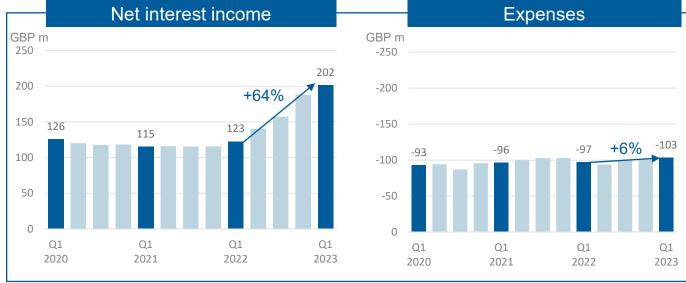
## Handelsbanken UK



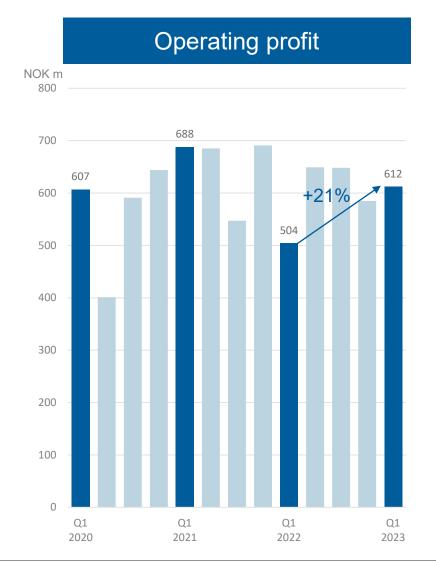




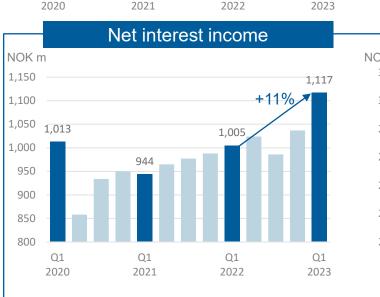
Number of branches 162



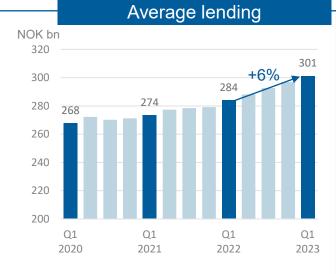
# Handelsbanken Norway



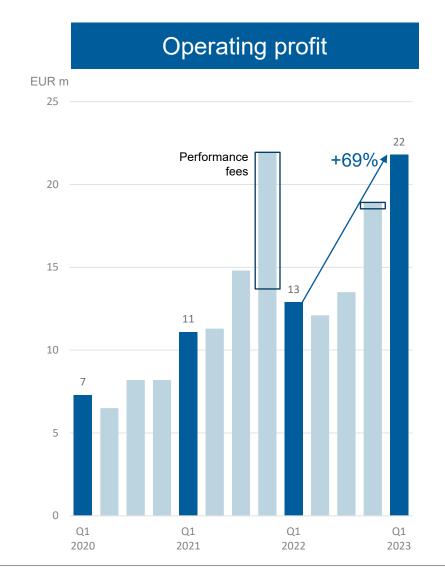


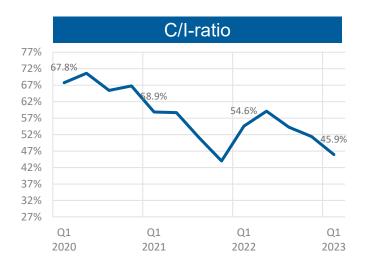






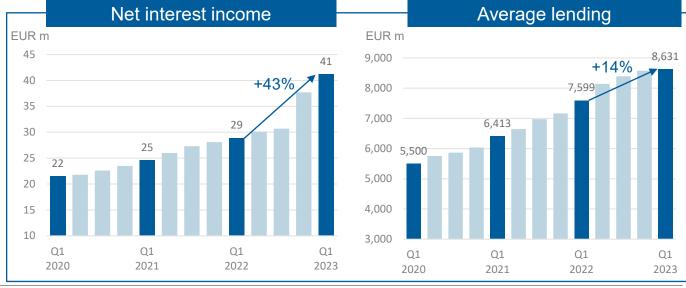
## Handelsbanken the Netherlands







Number of branches 27



# Change in NII from previous quarter

Net interest income continuing operations Q4 2022, SEK m	10,631	
Deposit volume	-36	
Lending volume	42	
Net effect margins and funding costs	480	
Day count effect	-109	
Deposit guarantee fee	43	
Other	-17	
Sweden	403	3.8%
Deposit volume	-88	
Lending volume	2	
Net effect margins and funding costs	448	
Day count effect	-70	
Foreign exchange effects	-1	
Deposit guarantee fee	3	
Other	8	
Home markets outside Sweden	298	2.8%
Net of funding costs and allocation to business segments	-171	
Central funding costs related to Finland	295	
Liquidity portfolio	-75	
Foreign exchange effects	-11	
Deposit guarantee fee	2	
Other	113	
Group Treasury and other units	153	1.4%
Change in NII continuing operations	854	8.0%
Net interest income continuing operations Q1 2023, SEK m	11,485	
Summary of changes:		
Volumes in home markets	-84	-0.8%
Net margins and funding	757	7.1%
Central funding costs related to Finland	295	2.8%
Liquidity portfolio	-75	-0.7%
Day count effect	-179	-1.7%
Deposit guarantee fee	48	0.5%
Foreign exchange effects	-12	-0.1%
Other	104	1.0%

Net effect of margins and funding costs
SEK +757m

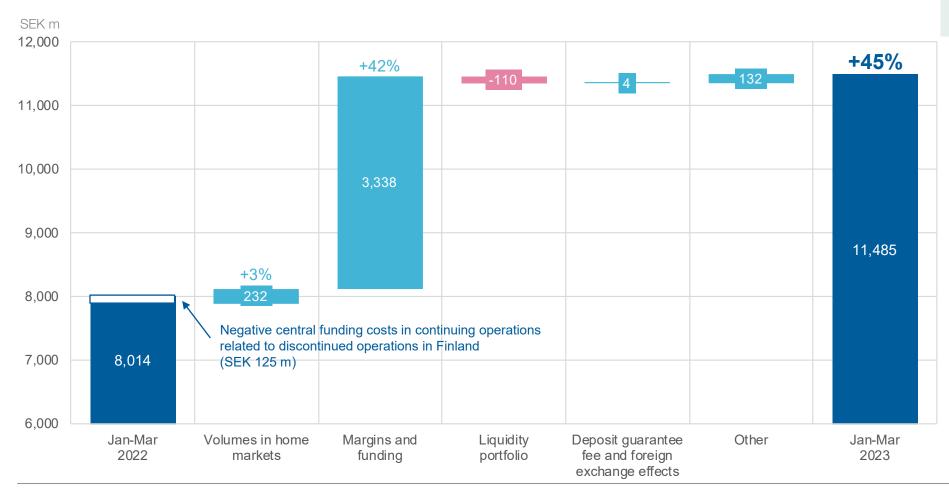
# Change in NII from previous year

Net interest income continuing operations Jan-Mar 2022, SEK m	8,014	
Deposit volume	31	
Lending volume	213	
Net effect margins and funding costs	2,185	
Day count effect	0	
Deposit guarantee fee	-18	
Other	56	
Sweden	2,467	30.8%
Deposit volume	-29	
Lending volume	17	
Net effect margins and funding costs	1,200	
Day count effect	0	
Foreign exchange effects	5	
Deposit guarantee fee	-3	
Other	68	
Home markets outside Sweden	1,258	15.7%
Net of funding costs and allocation to business segments	-47	
Central funding costs related to Finland	-125	
Liquidity portfolio	-110	
Foreign exchange effects	20	
Deposit guarantee fee	0	
Other	9	
Group Treasury and other units	-253	-3.2%
Change in NII continuing operations	3,471	43.3%
Net interest income continuing operations Jan-Mar 2023, SEK m	11,485	
Summary of changes:		
Volumes in home markets	232	2.9%
Net margins and funding	3,338	41.7%
Central funding costs related to Finland	-125	-1.6%
Liquidity portfolio	-110	-1.4%
Day count effect	0	0.0%
Deposit guarantee fee	-21	-0.3%
Foreign exchange effects	25	0.3%
Other	132	1.6%

Net effect of margins and funding costs **SEK +3,338m** 

# Net interest income development

Jan-Mar 2023 compared to previous year



NII underlying: +45% NII reported: +43%

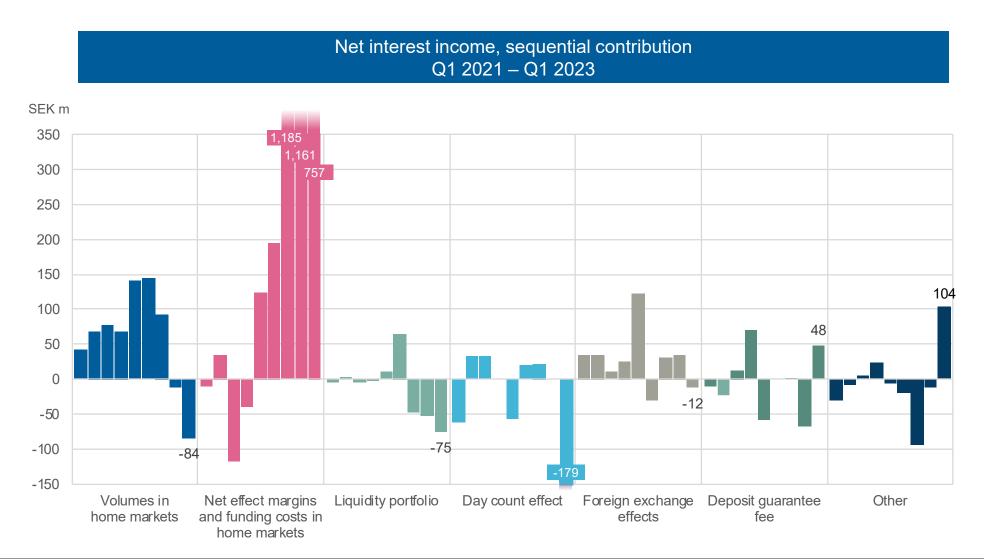
Contribution from:

■ Volumes: +3%

Margins and

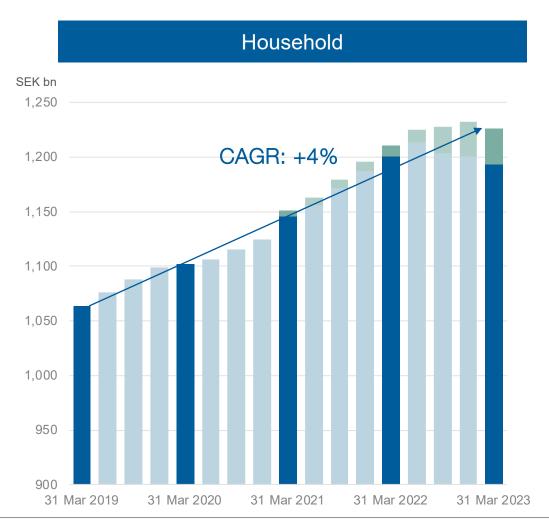
funding: +42%

# Net interest income - sequential contributions



# Lending to the public\*

#### Home markets

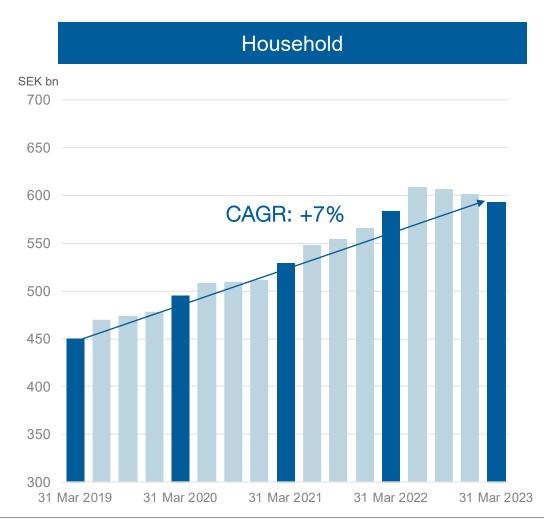




Volume at end of period in Handelsbanken's home markets: Sweden, Norway, UK and the Netherlands

# Deposits from the public\*

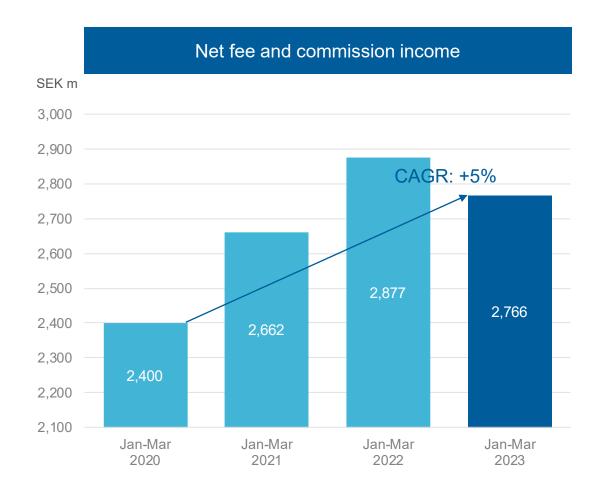
#### Home markets

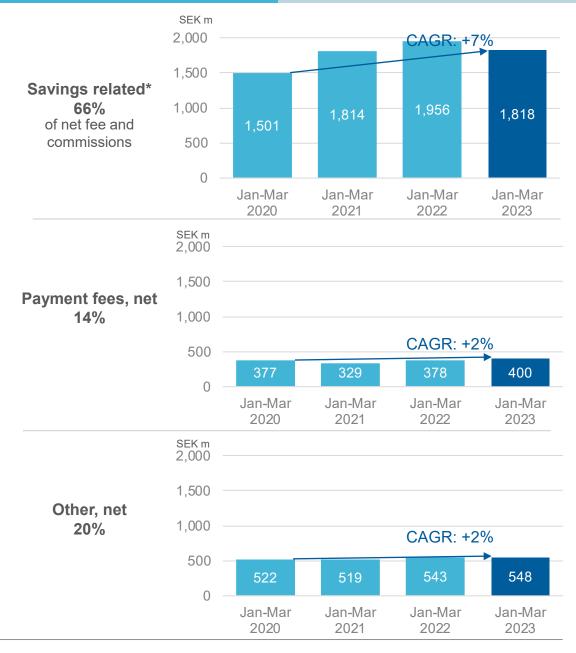




<sup>\*</sup> Volume at end of period in Handelsbanken's home markets Sweden, Norway, UK and the Netherlands

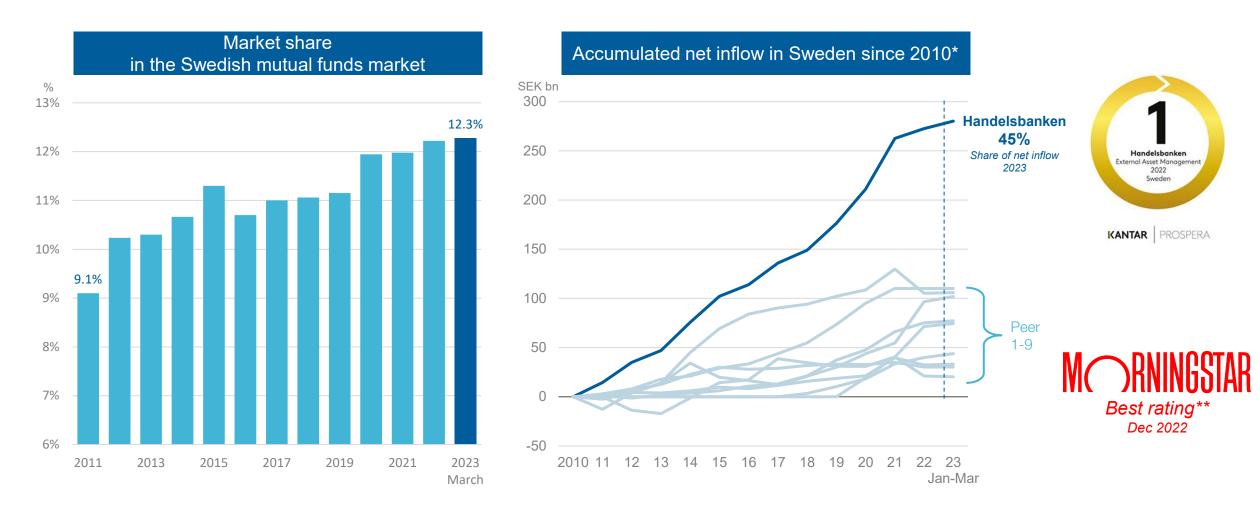
# Net fee and commission income





Provisions from mutual funds, asset management, securities and insurance.

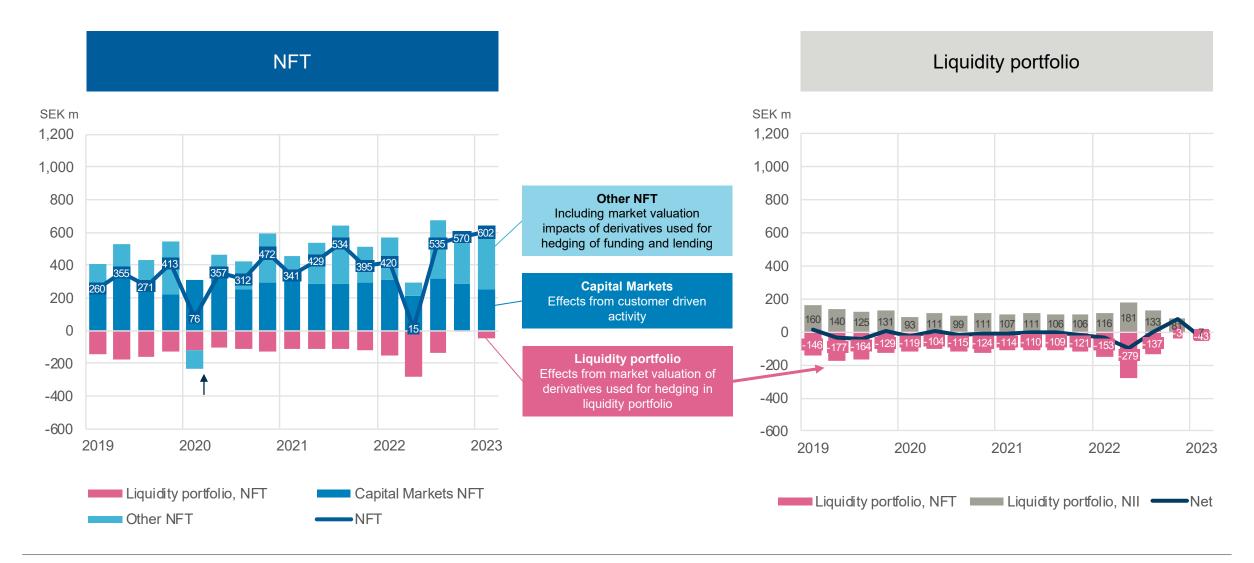
# Savings business



<sup>\*</sup> Top 10 institutions. Source: Swedish Investment Fund Association

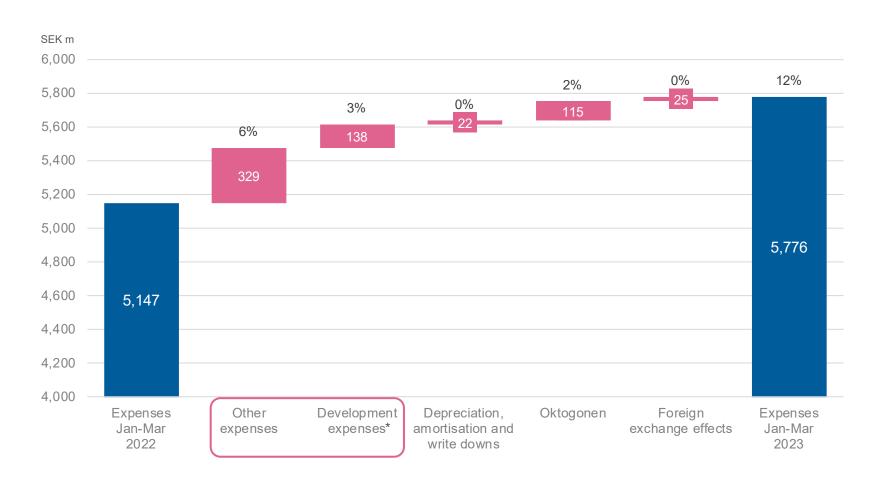
<sup>\*\*</sup> Morningstar rating average 3.60 based on performance last 3, 5 and 10 years for 122 funds in all fund categories (actively managed, index, mixed etc.)

# **NFT** quarterly



# **Expenses**

### Jan-Mar compared to previous year

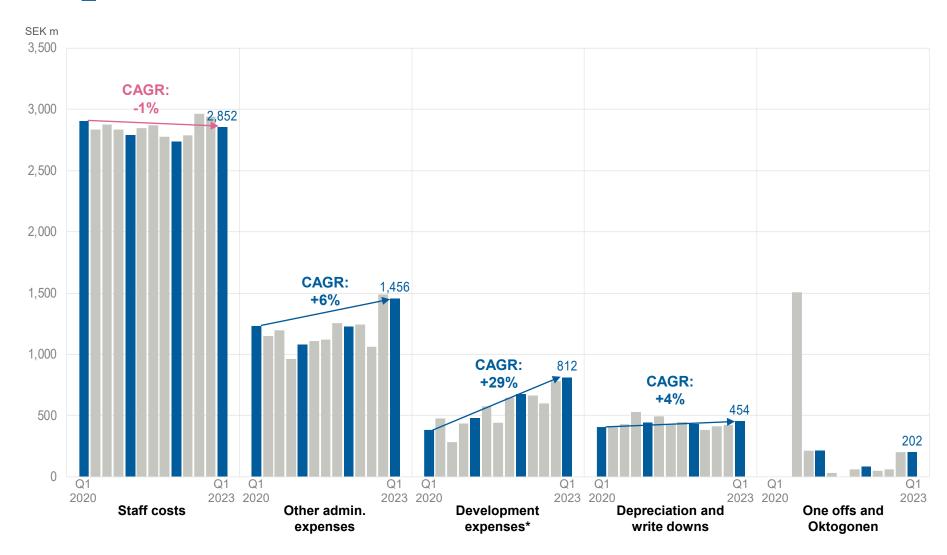


Development expenses +3%-points

Other expenses +6%-points

Development spend less capitalised costs

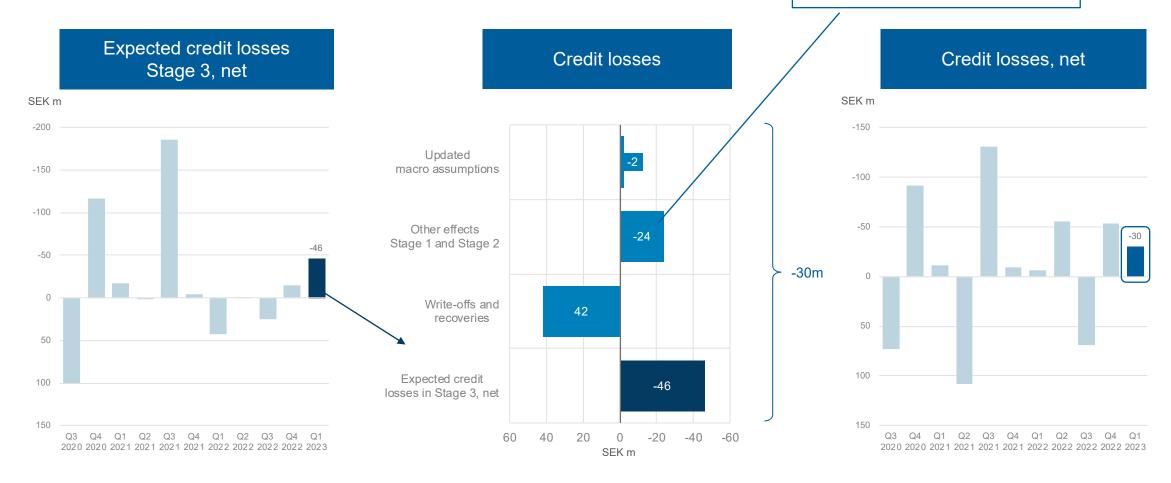
# **Expenses**



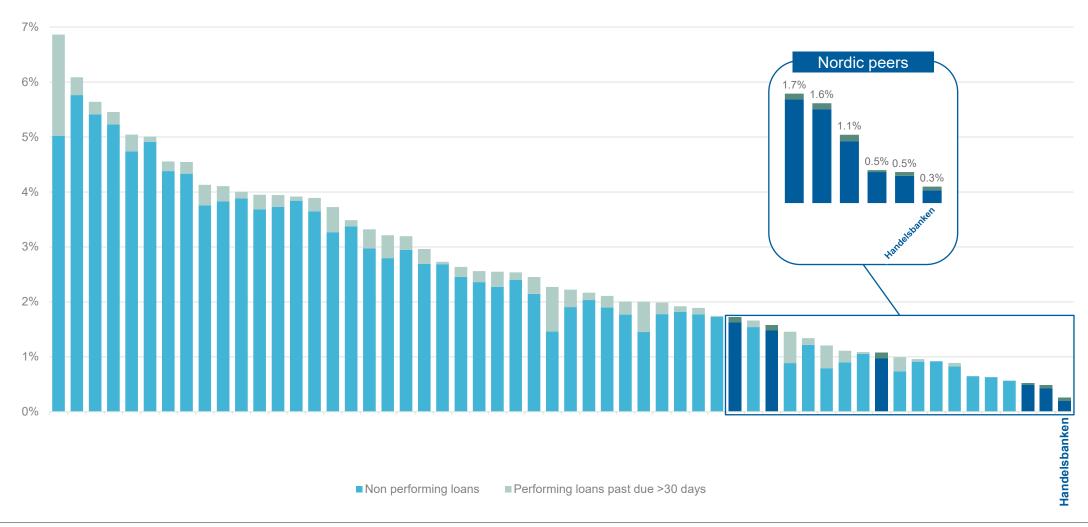
<sup>\*</sup> Development spend less capitalised costs

# **Asset quality**





# Lowest share of non performing loans\*



EBA transparency excercise 2022 (data per June 2022). Including banks with gross loan volumes > EUR 50bn.

# Property management exposures

Diversified risk

- The Bank is always restrictive in all activities
- Property markets are heterogeneous in both a segment as a geographical perspective
- Property lending is collateralised

Conservative underwriting criteria

- Overall assessment of the client's repayment ability (cash flow oriented)
- · Bad cash flow can never be off-set with collateral
- Forward looking assessment of risks to the business model and cashflows
- Risk mitigating factors including strong owners, unpledged assets and LTVs

Strong capital position supporting growth

- CET1-ratio 400 bps above SREP\*
- >25% fall in property prices required before RWA inflation (due to floors applied to property exposures)
- No centrally determined risk limits toward any sector the Bank is prepared to do business with good customers fitting the bank's credit policy

# Conservative underwriting criteria

# Backward looking KPI-based

Forward looking risk assessment

The customer's repayment capacity is key

Risk for financial strain

#### **Break-even interest rate**

- EBIT in relation to total interest bearing debt
- Highest interest rate that current level of EBIT can service
- Lowest value for last 3 years
- Different requirements for different property types to reflect underlying risk

#### Future potential risks including

- · Risks to the business model and cashflow
- · Physical and transitional ESG-risks

Financial resilience in case of financial strain

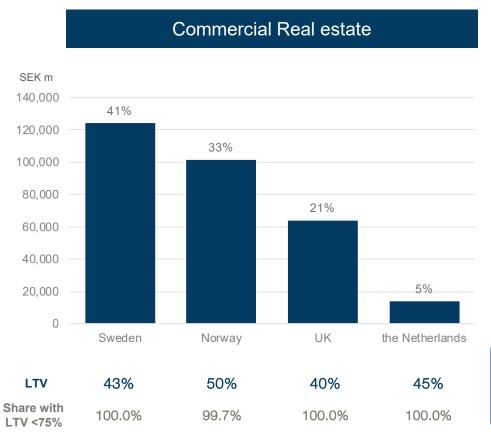
#### **LTV**

- Highest LTV last 3 years
- Different conditions for different property types to reflect underlying uncertainty
- Property values based on fundamental cash flow model

## Additional possibilities to generate liquidity in strain including

- Other liquid assets
- Possibility to repo assets
- Strong owners involved in the business more likely to add equity

# Low loan-to-values in property portfolio







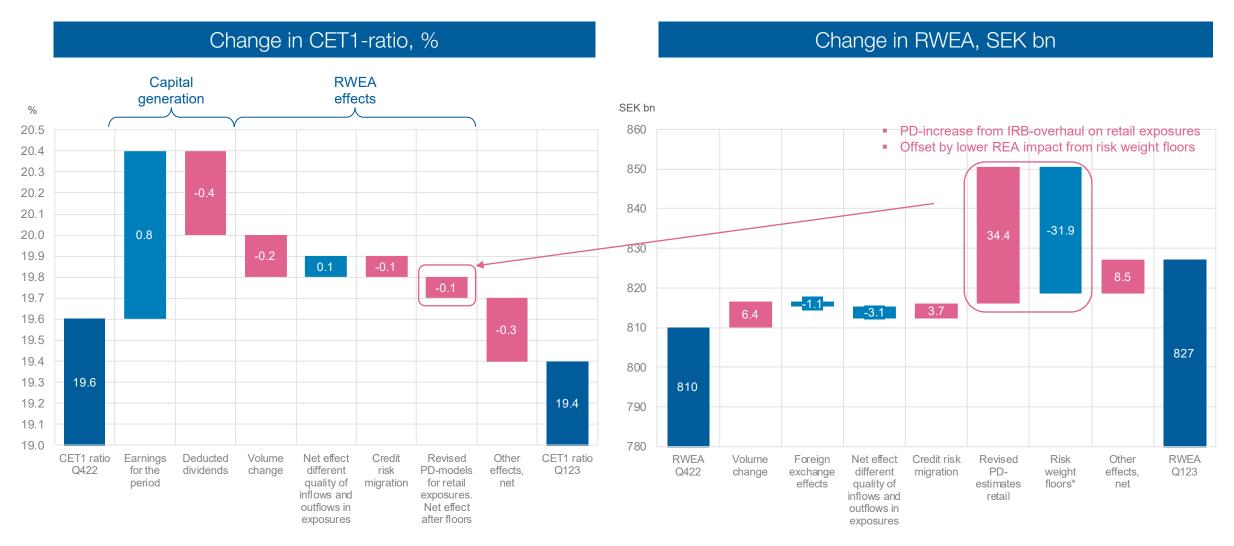
Home markets 48%

# Change in CET1-ratio from previous quarter CRR/CRD IV

Common equity tier 1 ratio Q422, %	19.6
Change, percentage points:	
Common equity tier 1 capital	0.3
Earnings for the period	0.8
Deducted dividends	-0.4
Foreign exchange effects CET1 capital	0.0
Other and rounding	-0.1
Exposure volume incl. currency effect	-0.2
Volume change	-0.2
Foreign exchange effects REA	0.0
Net effect different quality of inflows and outflows in exposures	0.1
Credit risk migration in the lending portfolio	-0.1
Updated PD-estimates retail	-0.8
Effect from risk weight floors in pillar 1	0.7
Other effects, net	-0.2
Change in common equity tier 1 ratio	-0.2

- Includes expected PD-increase from IRB-overhaul on retail exposures
- Offset by lower REA impact from risk weight floors

# Change in CET1-ratio from previous quarter



<sup>\*</sup> Credit risk migrations and other effects are calculated before the application risk weight floors. This column presents the mitigating effect from risk weight floors in pillar 1.

## Non-encumbered assets, NEA

### March 2023

SEK bn	NEA	ratio in % of unsecured funding*
Holdings with central banks and securities in the liquidity portfolio***	765	82%
Mortgage loans	822	170%
Other household lending	156	187%
Property company lending lowest risk class (1-3)	301	220%
Other corporate lending lowest risk class (1-3)	127	233%
Loans to credit institutions lowest risk class (1-3)	4	234%
Other corporate lending	325	268%
Other assets	47	274%
Total non-encumbered assets (NEA)	2,547	274%
Encumbered assets without underlying liabilities**	71	
Encumbered assets with underlying liabilities	984	
Total assets, Group	3,602	

Accumulated coverage

<sup>\*</sup> Issued short-term and long-term non-secured funding and liabilities to credit institutions

<sup>\*\*</sup> Over-collateralisation in cover pool (OC) and assets to cover Operational Continuity in Resolution in the UK

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Value eligible as collateral in central banks

# Highest credit rating globally

- Highest rating in Europe by Fitch and Moody's among all peer banks
- Highest rating globally when combining Fitch, Moody's and S&P's ratings

	Fitch	Moody's	S&P
Handelsbanken	AA	Aa2	AA-
Oversea-Chinese Banking Corp	AA-	Aa1	AA-
United Overseas Bank	AA-	Aa1	AA-
TD Bank	AA-	Aa1	AA-
RBC	AA-	Aa1	AA-
Nordea	AA-	Aa3	AA-
DZ Bank	AA-	Aa2	A+
ВМО	AA-	Aa2	A+
OP Group		Aa3	AA-
SEB	AA-	Aa3	A+
Swedbank	AA-	Aa3	A+
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	A+	Aa3	AA-
National Australia Bank	A+	Aa3	AA-
Westpac	A+	Aa3	AA-
Rabobank	A+	Aa2	A+
BNP	A+	Aa3	A+
Crédit Agricole	A+	Aa3	A+
CIC	A+	Aa3	A+
KBC	A+	A1	A+
DBS Group		A1	A+

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