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FINANCIAL UPDATE Q1 FY2022 / April 2022

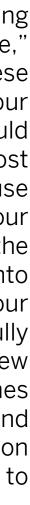
Safe harbor statement

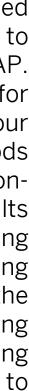
This presentation includes express and implied "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "project," "will," "would," "should," "could," "can," "predict," "potential," "target," "explore," "continue," or the negative of these terms, and similar expressions intended to identify forward-looking statements. However, not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. These statements may relate to our market size and growth strategy, our estimated and projected costs, margins, revenue, expenditures and growth rates, our future results of operations or financial condition, our plans and objectives for future operations, growth, initiatives, or strategies. By their nature, these statements are subject to numerous uncertainties and risks, including factors beyond our control, that could cause actual results, performance or achievement to differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the statements, including: our future financial performance, including our revenue, cost of revenue, gross profit, operating expenses, ability to generate positive cash flow, and ability to be profitable; our ability to grow at or near historical growth rates; anticipated technology trends, such as the use of and demand for experience management software; our ability to attract and retain customers to use our products; our ability to respond to and overcome challenges brought by the COVID-19 pandemic; our ability to attract enterprises and international organizations as customers for our products; our ability to expand our network with content consulting partners, delivery partners, and technology partners; the evolution of technology affecting our products and markets; our ability to introduce new products and enhance existing products and to compete effectively with competitors; our ability to successfully enter into new markets and manage our international expansion; the attraction and retention of qualified employees and key personnel; our ability to effectively manage our growth and future expenses and maintain our corporate culture; our anticipated investments in sales and marketing and research and development; our ability to maintain, protect, and enhance our intellectual property rights; our ability to successfully defend litigation brought against us; our ability to maintain data privacy and data security; the sufficiency of our cash and cash equivalents to meet our liquidity needs; our ability to comply with modified or new laws and regulations applying to our business; and our reduced ability to leverage resources at SAP as an independent company from SAP. Additional risks and uncertainties that could cause actual outcomes and results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements are or will be included under the caption "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q that we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date the statements are made and are based on information available to us at the time those statements are made and/or management's good faith belief as of that time with respect to future events. We assume no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date they were made, except as required by law.

This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and growth and other data about our industry. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions, and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we compete are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.

The trademarks included herein are the property of the owners thereof and are used for reference purposes only. Such use should not be construed as an endorsement of such products or services.

To supplement our financial results, which are prepared and presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), we use certain non-GAAP financial measures, as described below, to understand and evaluate our core operating performance. These non-GAAP financial measures, which may be different than similarly-titled measures used by other companies, are presented to enhance investors' overall understanding of our financial performance and should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information about our financial performance, enhance the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects, and allow for greater transparency with respect to important metrics used by our management for financial and operational decision-making. We are presenting these non-GAAP measures to assist investors in seeing our financial performance using a management view, and because we believe that these measures provide an additional tool for investors to use in comparing our core financial performance over multiple periods with other companies in our industry. You should consider non-GAAP results alongside other financial performance measures and results presented in accordance with GAAP. In addition, in evaluating non-GAAP results, you should be aware that in the future we will incur expenses such as those that are the subject of adjustments in deriving non-GAAP results and you should not infer from our non-GAAP results that our future results will not be affected by these expenses or any unusual or non-recurring items. Non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP operating income (loss), non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP net income (loss), non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, free cash flow, free cash flow margin: We define these non-GAAP financial measures as the respective GAAP measures, excluding equity and cash settled stock-based compensation expenses, including employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions, amortization of acquired intangible assets, acquisition related costs, changes in the fair value of our distribution liability for our tax sharing agreement with SAP, and the tax impact of the non-GAAP adjustments, as applicable. When evaluating the performance of our business and making operating plans, we do not consider these items (for example, when considering the impact of equity award grants, we place a greater emphasis on overall stockholder dilution rather than the accounting charges associated with such grants). We believe it is useful to exclude these expenses in order to better understand the long-term performance of our core business and to facilitate comparison of our results to those of peer companies and over multiple periods.





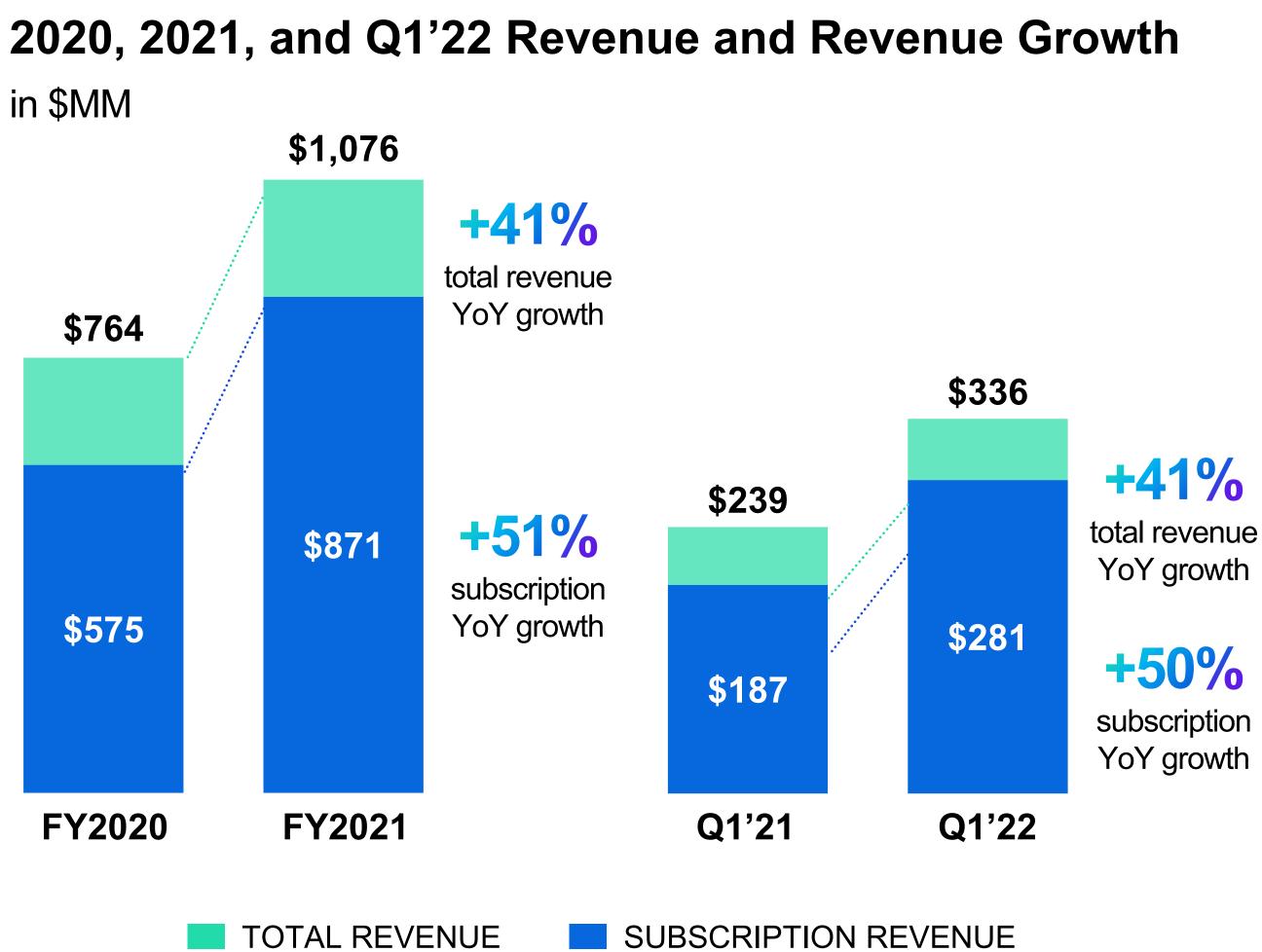
Qualtrics at a glance

5,100+ employees¹

2,060

customers with >\$100K in annualized recurring revenue¹

128% net retention rate²



\$1.8Bn

Remaining Performance Obligations – 48% YoY Growth¹

\$60Bn

total addressable market³

1% Q1'22 Non-GAAP operating margin



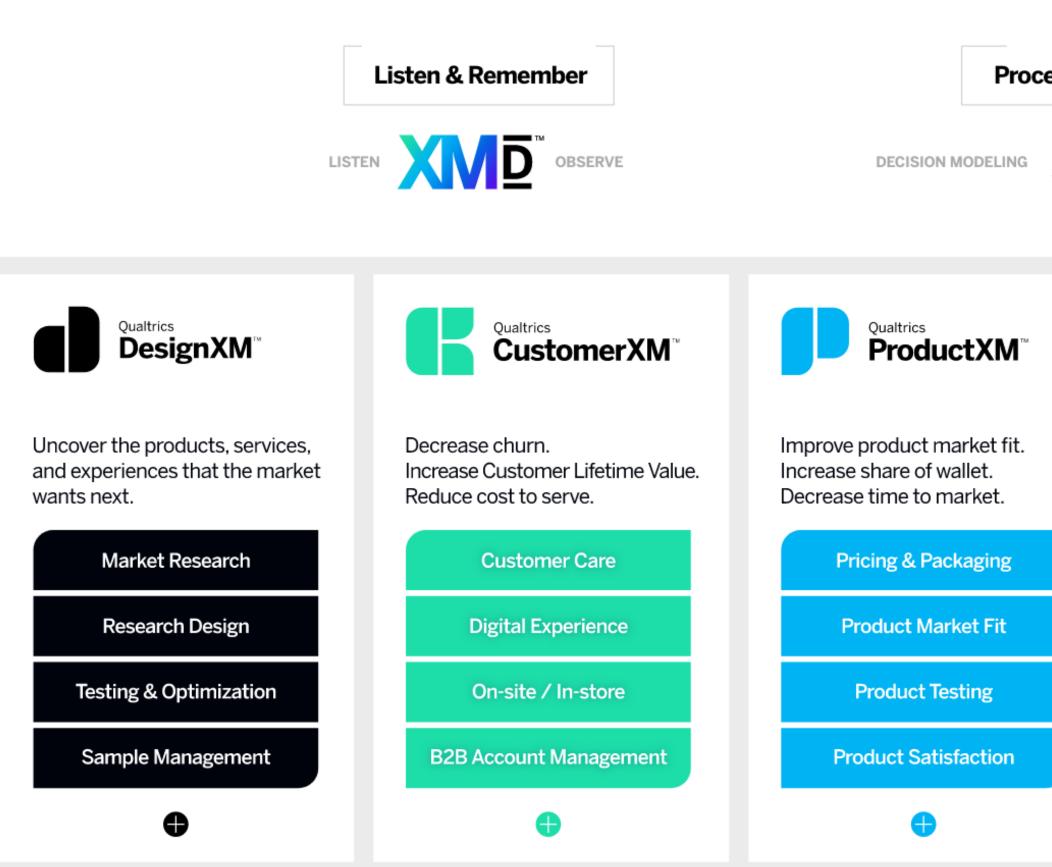
Software to help turn customers into fanatics employees into ambassadors products into obsessions and brands into religions

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Experience Design

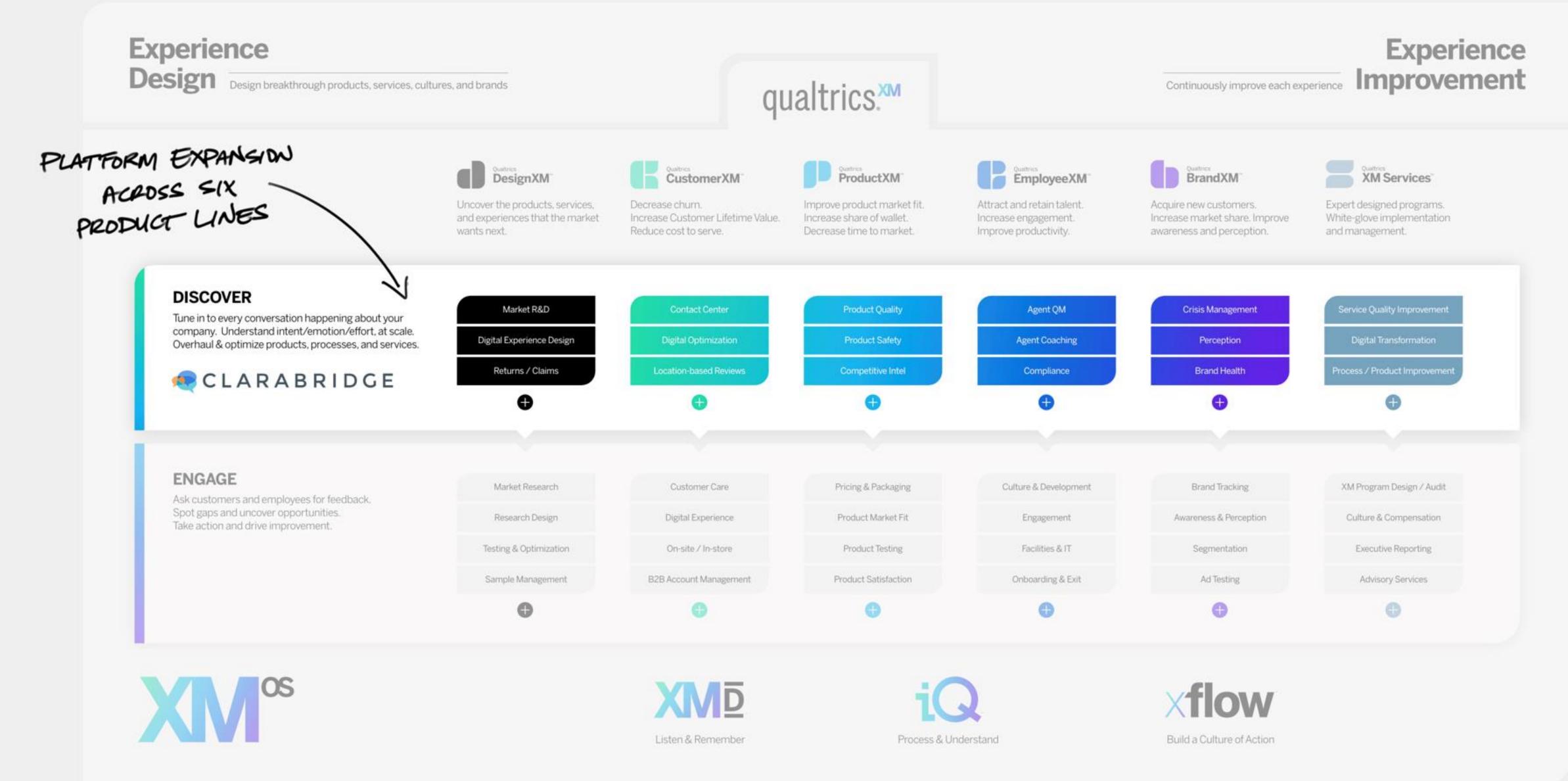
Design breakthrough products, services, cultures, and brands

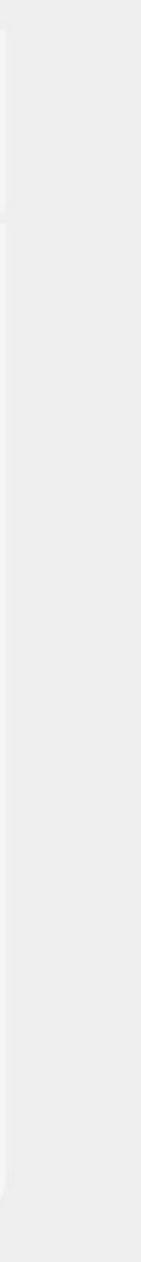




Experience Improvement **X** Continuously improve customer, employee, product, and brand experiences **Process & Understand Build a Culture of Action** Х**ГОУ**[™] ZERO-TOUCH RECOMMENDATIONS HIGH-TOUCH ^{Qualtrics} EmployeeXM[™] Qualtrics BrandXM[™] Qualtrics XM Services Expert designed programs. Attract and retain talent. Acquire new customers. White-glove implementation Increase market share. Improve Increase engagement. Improve productivity. awareness and perception. and management. Culture & Development XM Program Design / Audit Brand Tracking Culture & Compensation Engagement Awareness & Perception Facilities & IT Segmentation Executive Reporting Advisory Services **Onboarding & Exit** Ad Testing Ð 0 •



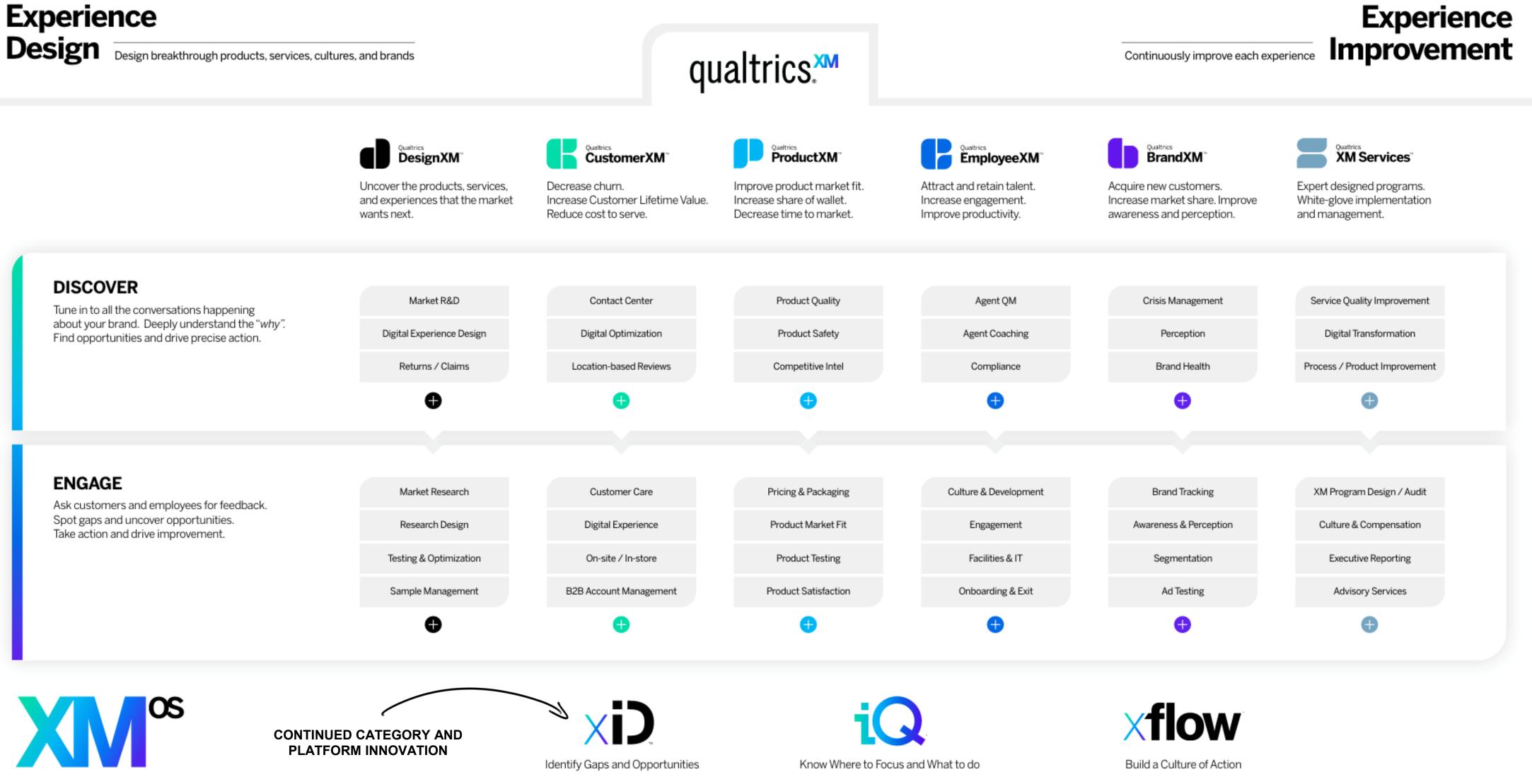


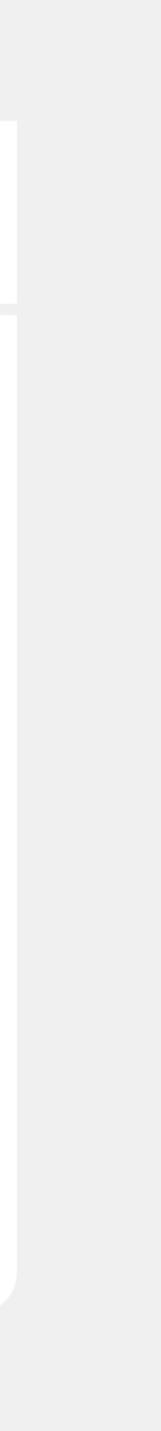


Experience









Ongoing growth opportunities

CUSTOMER **EXPANSION**

~2% penetrated in TAM focused on enterprise cross-sell into existing base¹

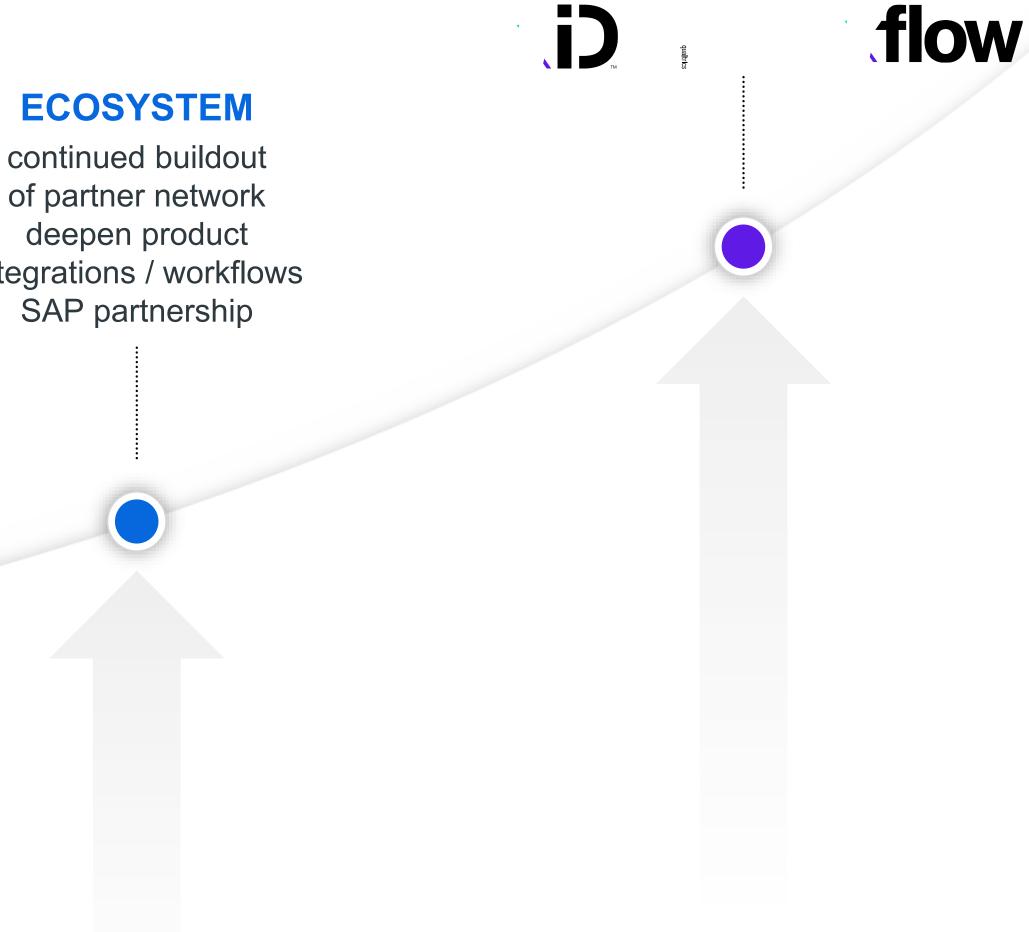
INTERNATIONAL

Europe APJ LATAM

1 – As of March 31, 2022

FUTURE FUNCTIONALITY

product-specific use cases industry-specific solutions



of partner network integrations / workflows



Q1'22 customer wins





docomo







BlueCross BlueShield of North Dakota







SUMUP® **k** nab

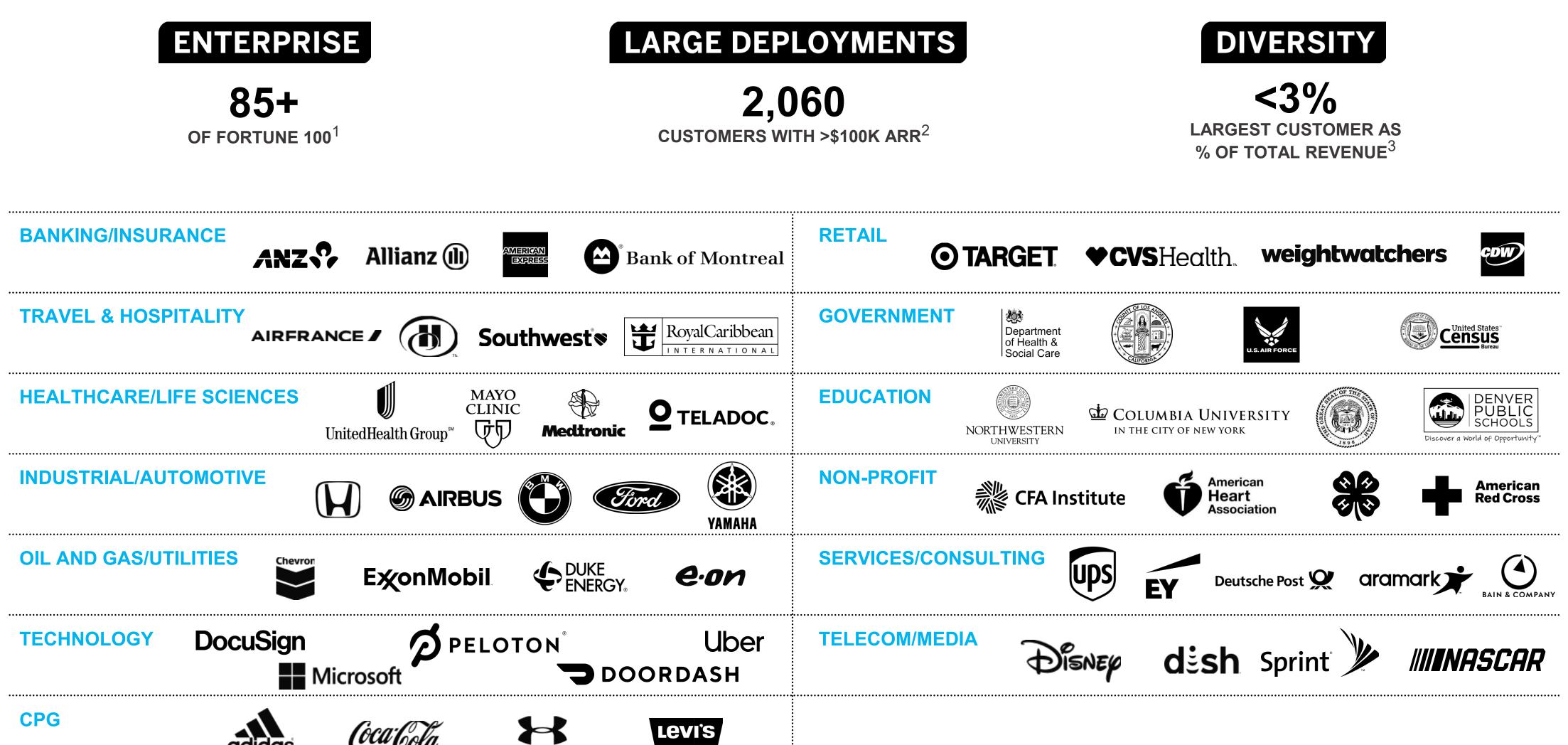


Australian Government

Australian Taxation Office



Our customers span across all industries







Rapidly scaling our global presence

Revenue outside the United States



Local sales presence around the globe

Provo Dallas Raleigh Chicago Atlanta D.C. Newton New York Denver Seattle Toronto Vancouver São Paulo Mexico City Buenos Aires Bogota San José

Dublin Munich London Paris Stockholm Madrid Zurich Brussels Copenhagen

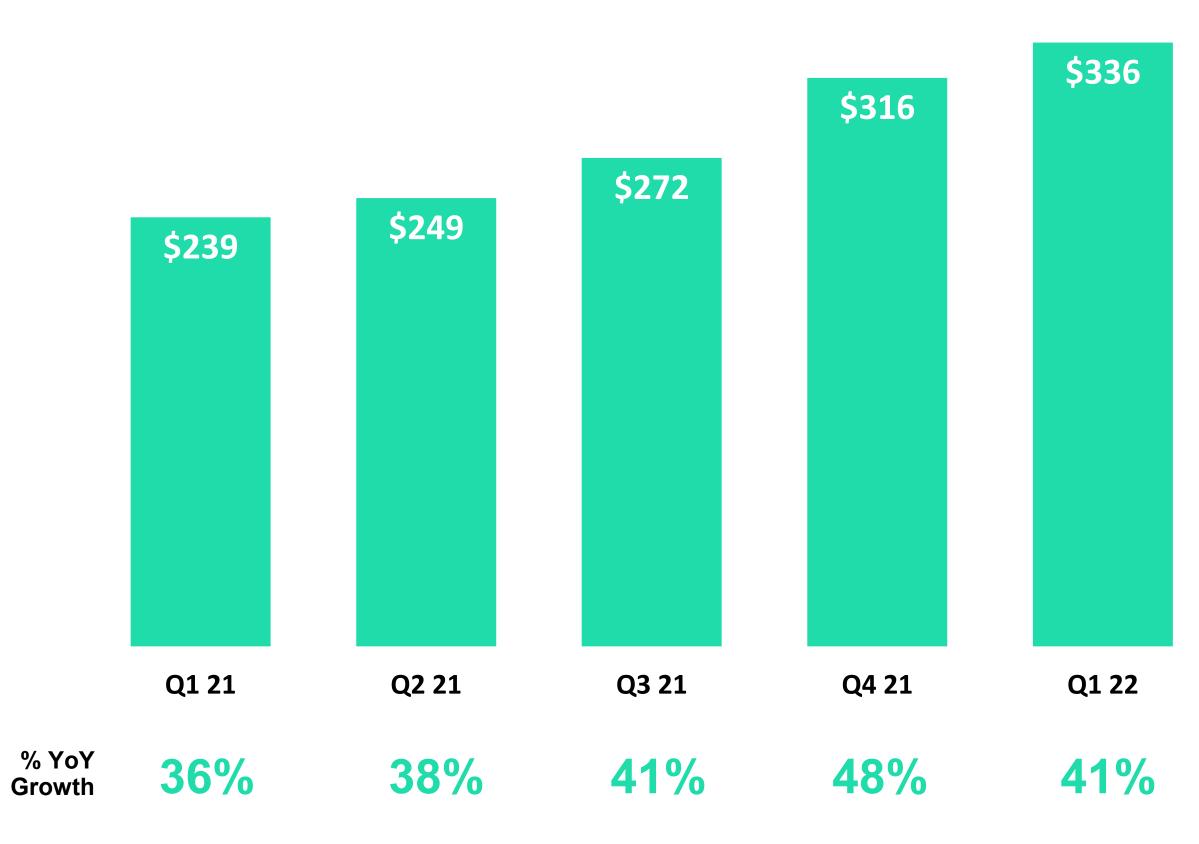
Sydney Singapore Tokyo Hong Kong Melbourne Seoul Mumbai Bangkok Brisbane Auckland



Continued revenue growth at scale

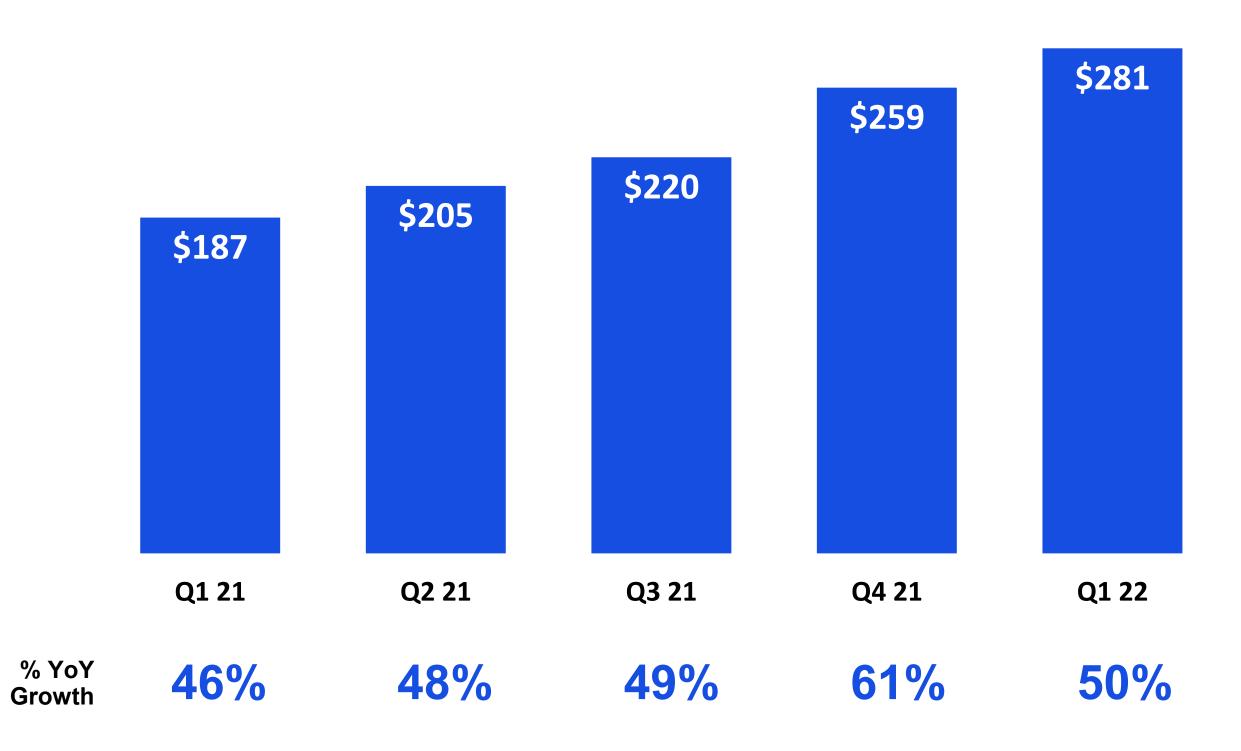
Quarterly Total Revenue

in \$MM



Quarterly Subscription Revenue

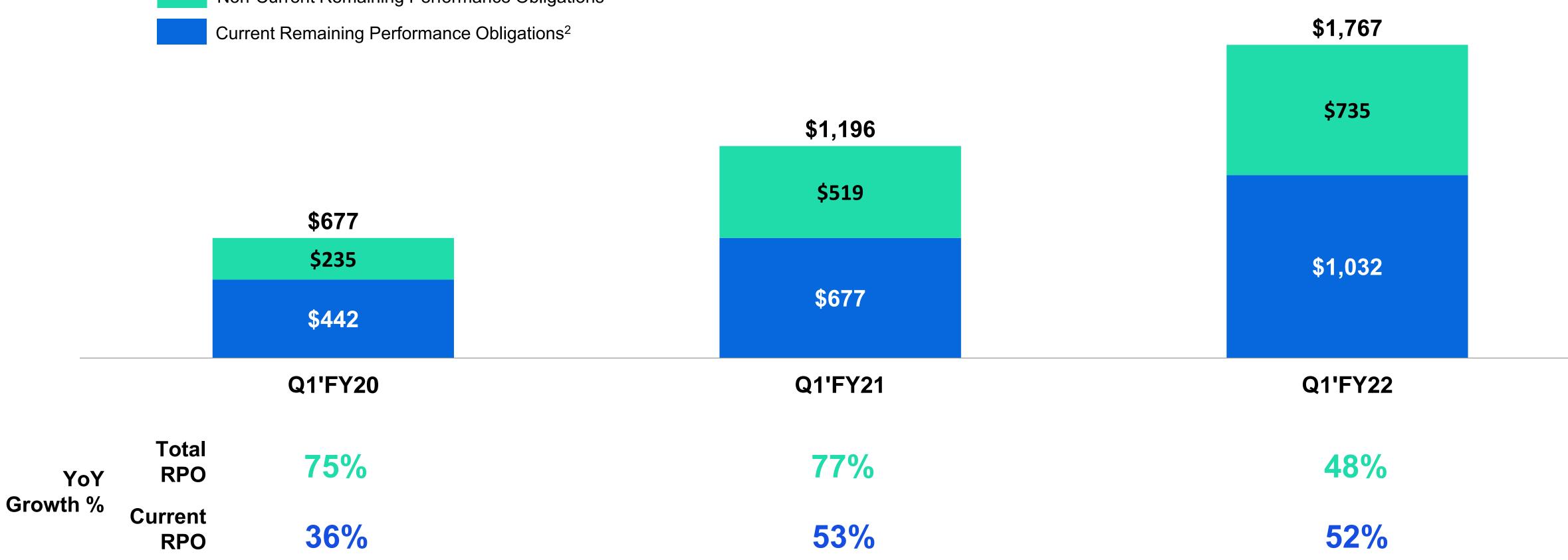
in \$MM



Historical remaining performance obligations¹

in \$MM

Non-Current Remaining Performance Obligations



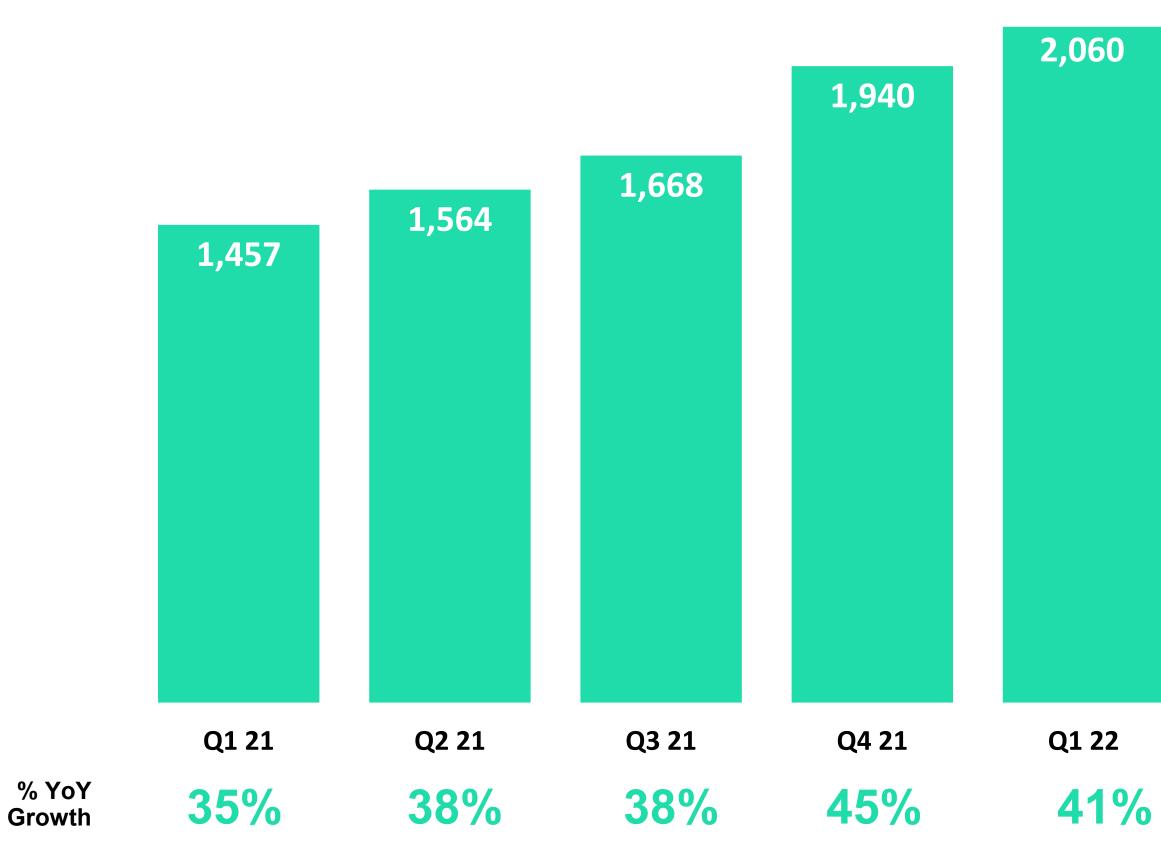
1-Remaining performance obligations represent all contracted future revenue that has not yet been recognized, including both deferred revenue and non-cancelable contracted amounts that will be invoiced and recognized as revenue in future periods 2–Defined as RPOs expected to be recognized as revenue in next 12 months





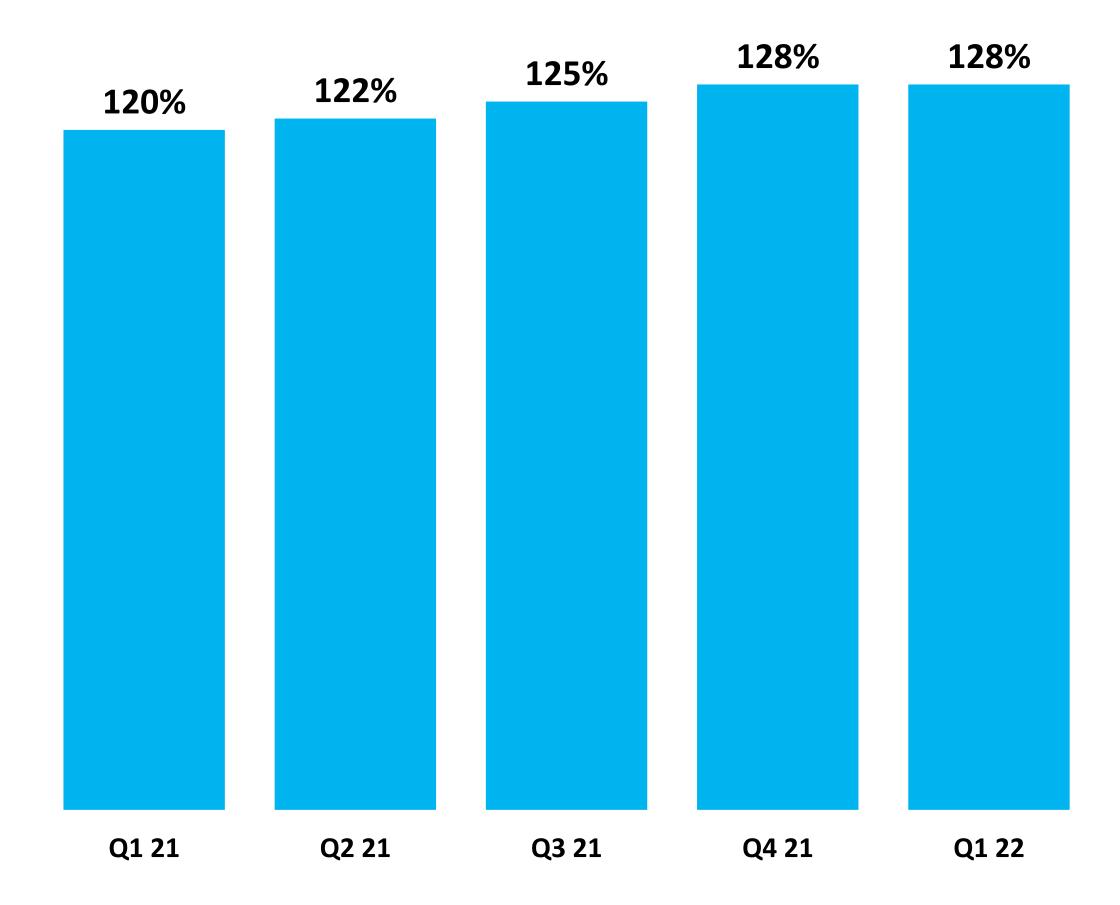
Growing large customers who still represent small percentage of overall customer base

Customers with >\$100K in Subscription ARR



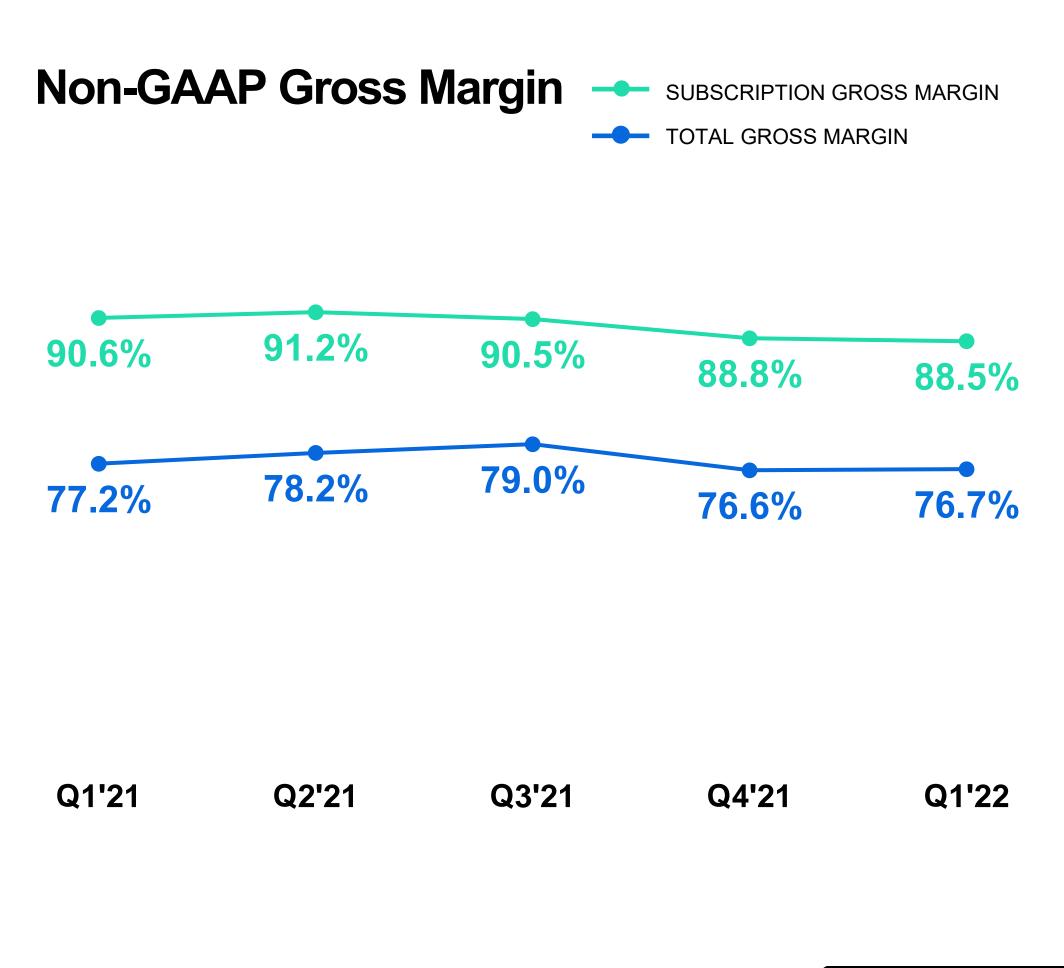
1-Net retention rate is calculated using subscription revenue. We first calculate the subscription revenue in one quarter from a cohort of customers that were customers at the beginning of the same quarter in the prior fiscal year, or cohort customers. We repeat this calculation for each quarter in the trailing four-quarter period. The numerator for net retention rate is the sum of subscription revenue from cohort customers for the four most recent quarters, or numerator period, and the denominator is the sum of subscription revenue from cohort customers for the four most recent quarters, or numerator period, and the denominator is the sum of subscription revenue from cohort customers for the four most recent quarters, or numerator period, and the denominator is the sum of subscription revenue from cohort customers for the four quarters preceding the numerator period.

Net Retention Rate¹

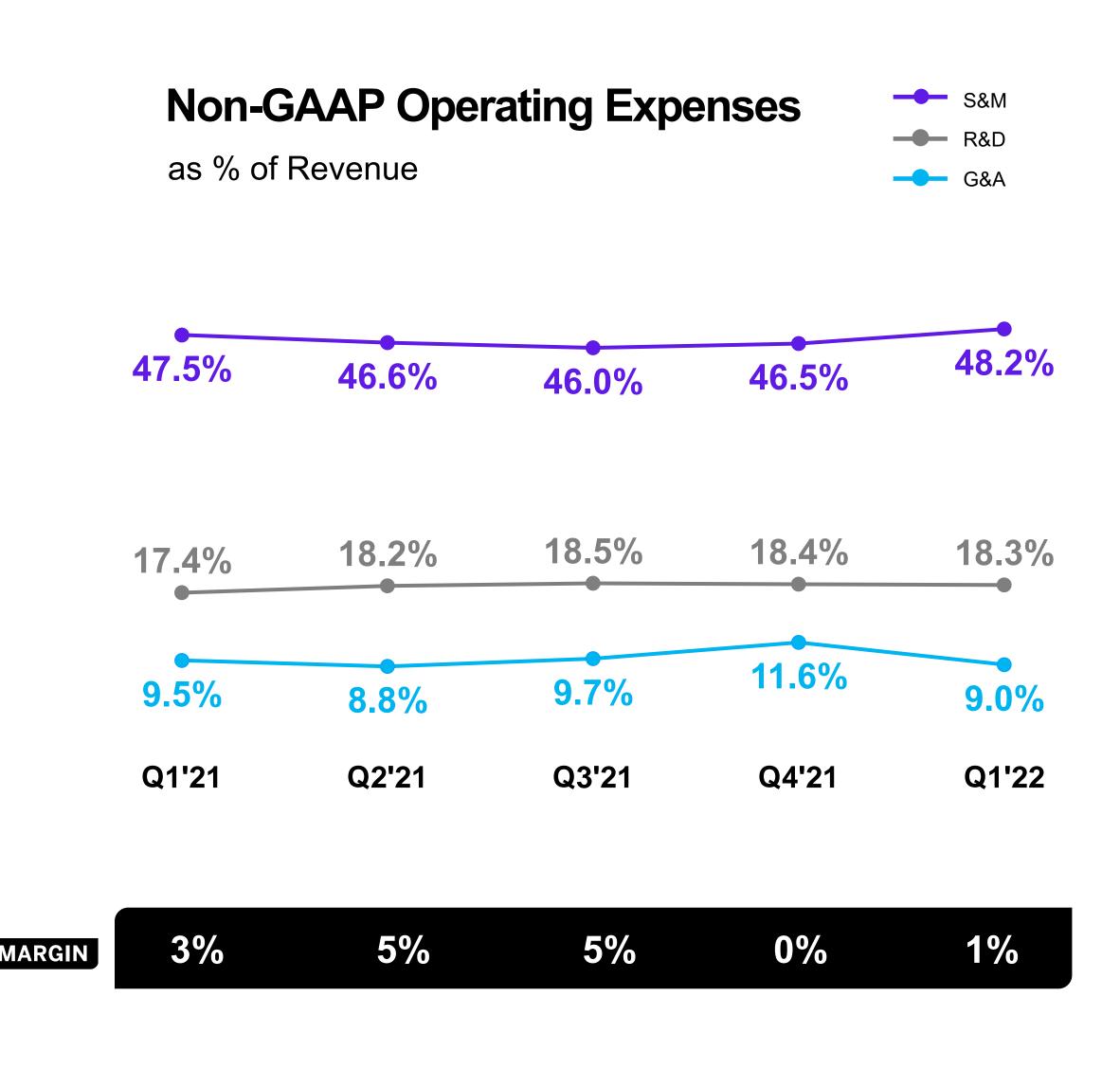




Steady margins while investing for growth



NON-GAAP OPERATING MARGIN





Guidance summary

Q2 2022

Subscription Revenue

Total Revenue

Non-GAAP Operating Margin

Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Full-Year 2022

Subscription Revenue

Total Revenue

Non-GAAP Operating Margin

Non-GAAP Net Income Per Share

Quarterly Guidance	Increase Y/Y (At Midpoint)
\$291M – \$293M	43%
\$344M – \$346M	38%
1.5% – 2.5%	(260)bps
(\$0.01) – \$0.01	_
Assuming 585 weighted average shares outstanding	
Full-Year Guidance	Increase Y/Y (At Midpoint)
Full-Year Guidance \$1,202M - \$1,206M	Increase Y/Y (At Midpoint) 38%
\$1,202M - \$1,206M	38%
\$1,202M - \$1,206M \$1,428M - \$1,432M	38%





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(\$ in thousands, Fiscal Year Ending December 31)

GAAP Total Gross Profit

GAAP Gross Margin

Add: Stock-based compensation expense, including cash settled and employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions ⁽¹⁾

Add: Amortization of acquired intangible assets

Non-GAAP Total Gross Profit

Non-GAAP Gross Margin

GAAP Subscription Gross Profit

GAAP Subscription Gross Margin

Add: Stock-based compensation expense, including cash settled and employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions ⁽¹⁾

Add: Amortization of acquired intangible assets

Non-GAAP Subscription Gross Profit

Non-GAAP Subscription Gross Margin

3 M

Months Ended 3/31/2021	3 Months Ended 3/31/2022	2020	2021	LTM
\$176,862	\$236,380	\$565,035	\$790,392	\$849,910
74%	70%	74%	73%	72%
7,054	13,357	11,369	37,447	43,750
266	7,572	1,062	8,243	15,549
\$184,182	\$257,309	\$577,466	\$836,082	\$909,209
77%	77%	76%	78%	78%
\$166,526	\$236,034	\$512,726	\$764,869	\$834,377
89%	84%	89%	88%	86%
2,624	4,860	4,632	12,148	14,384
266	7,572	1,062	8,243	15,549
\$169,416	\$248,466	\$518,420	\$785,260	\$864,310
91%	88%	90%	90%	90%
	-			



(\$ in thousands, Fiscal Year Ending December 31)

GAAP Sales and Marketing Expense

GAAP Sales and Marketing Expense (as % of Revenue)

Less: Stock-based compensation expense, including cash settled and employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions ⁽¹⁾

Less: Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets

Non-GAAP Sales and Marketing Expense

Non-GAAP Sales and Marketing Expense (as % of Revenue)

GAAP Research and Development Expense

GAAP Research and Development Expense (as % of Revenue)

Less: Stock-based compensation expense, including cash settled and employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions ⁽¹⁾

Non-GAAP Research and Development Expense

Non-GAAP Research and Development Expense (as % of Revenue)

GAAP General and Administrative Expense

GAAP General and Administrative Expense (as % of Revenue)

Less: Stock-based compensation expense, including cash settled and employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions ⁽¹⁾

Less: Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets

Less: Acquisition related costs

Non-GAAP General and Administrative Expense

Non-GAAP General and Administrative Expense (as % of Revenue)

Months Ended 3/31/2021	3 Months Ended 3/31/2022	2020	2021	LTM
\$136,181	\$218,330	\$431,794	\$643,333	\$725,482
57%	65%	57%	60%	62%
(22,777)	(51,162)	(37,877)	(136,532)	(164,917)
(51)	(5,527)	(204)	(5,441)	(10,917)
\$113,353	\$161,641	\$393,713	\$501,360	\$549,648
47%	48%	52%	47%	47%
\$62,806	\$105,999	\$212,795	\$324,158	\$367,351
26%	32%	28%	30%	31%
(21,332)	(44,512)	(68,355)	(128,779)	(151,959)
\$41,474	\$61,487	\$144,440	\$195,379	\$215,392
17%	18%	19%	18%	18%
\$174,449	\$202,589	\$175,499	\$876,734	\$904,874
73%	60%	23%	82%	77%
(151,836)	(171,302)	(106,412)	(754,382)	(773,848)
(47)	(318)	(188)	(446)	(717)
	(839)		(14,489)	(15,328)
\$22,566	\$30,130	\$68,899	\$107,417	\$114,981
9%	9%	9%	10%	10%



(\$ in thousands, Fiscal Year Ending December 31)

3 M

GAAP Operating Income (Loss)

GAAP Operating Margin

Add: Stock-based compensation expense, including cash settled and employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions ⁽¹⁾

Add: Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets

Add: Acquisition related costs

Non-GAAP Operating Income (Loss)

Non-GAAP Operating Margin

GAAP Net Loss

GAAP Net Loss Margin

Add: Stock-based compensation expense, including cash settled and employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions ⁽¹⁾

Add: Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets

Add: Acquisition related costs

Add: Change in Fair Value of Distribution Liability for Tax Sharing Agreement

Add: Tax Impact of the Non-GAAP Adjustments

Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss)

Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss) Margin

Weighted-average Class A and Class B shares used in computing non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, basic

Weighted-average Class A and Class B shares used in computing non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, diluted

Non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, basic

Non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, diluted

Months Ended 3/31/2021	3 Months Ended 3/31/2022	2020	2021	LTM
\$(196,574)	\$(290,538)	\$(255,053)	\$(1,053,833)	\$(1,147,797)
(82)%	(87)%	(33)%	(98)%	(98)%
202,999	280,333	224,013	1,057,140	1,134,474
364	13,417	1,454	14,130	27,183
	839		14,489	15,328
\$6,789	\$4,051	\$(29,586)	\$31,926	\$29,188
3%	1%	(4)%	3%	2%
\$(199,854)	\$(292,325)	\$(272,502)	\$(1,059,146)	\$(1,151,617)
(84)%	(87)%	(36)%	(98)%	(98)%
202,999	280,333	224,013	1,057,140	1,134,474
364	13,417	1,454	14,130	27,183
—	839		14,489	15,328
_	(1,500)		(13,500)	(15,000)
1,763	2,685	1,075	(19,132)	(18,210)
\$5,272	\$3,449	\$(45,960)	\$(6,019)	\$(7,842)
2%	1%	(6)%	(1)%	(1)%
482,260,465	575,700,568	423,334,994	516,869,588	539,906,613
482,260,465	576,606,156	423,334,994	516,869,588	540,132,909
\$0.01	\$0.01	\$(0.11)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)
\$0.01	\$0.01	\$(0.11)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)



3 M

(\$ in thousands, Fiscal Year Ending December 31) Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities

Operating Cash Flow Margin

Less: Capital Expenditures

Free Cash Flow

Free Cash Flow Margin

(1). During the three months ended March 31, 2022, employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions reported in cost of revenue was \$0.7 million and employer payroll tax reported in operating expenses was \$11.3 million. Employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions was not material during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The amount of employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions is dependent on our stock price and other factors that are beyond our control and do not correlate with the operation of the business. When evaluating the performance of our business and making operating plans, we do not consider these items (for example, when considering the impact of equity award grants, we place a greater emphasis on overall stockholder dilution rather than the accounting charges associated with such grants). We believe it is useful to exclude these expenses in order to better understand the long-term performance of our core business and to facilitate comparison of our results to those of peer companies and over multiple periods.

Months Ended 3/31/2021	3 Months Ended 3/31/2022	2020	2021	LTM
\$(70,085)	\$23,103	\$(410,722)	\$2,801	\$95,989
(29)%	7%	(54)%	0%	8%
(11,149)	(13,173)	(89,518)	(103,823)	(105,847)
\$(81,234)	\$9,930	\$(500,240)	\$(101,022)	\$(9,858)
(34)%	3%	(66)%	(9)%	(1)%

