

Investment Community Conference Call

First Quarter 2020 Earnings



Use of non-GAAP Financial Information

To supplement our condensed consolidated financial statements presented in accordance with GAAP, the company considers certain financial measures that are not prepared in accordance with GAAP, including non-GAAP results, adjusted diluted earnings per share, free cash flow/(use), net debt, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA and constant currency results. The company calculates constant currency by translating the prior year results at the current year exchange rate. The company uses these non-GAAP financial measures, in addition to GAAP financial measures, to evaluate our operating and financial performance and to compare such performance to that of prior periods and to the performance of our competitors. Also, the company uses these non-GAAP financial measures in making operational and financial decisions and in establishing operational goals. The company also believes providing these non-GAAP financial measures to investors, as a supplement to GAAP financial measures, helps investors evaluate our operating and financial performance and trends in our business, consistent with how management evaluates such performance and trends. The company also believes these non-GAAP financial measures may be useful to investors in comparing its performance to the performance of other companies, although its non-GAAP financial measures are specific to the company and the non-GAAP financial measures of other companies may not be calculated in the same manner. We provide EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA because we believe that investors and securities analysts will find EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA to be useful measures for evaluating our operating performance and comparing our operating performance with that of similar companies that have different capital structures and for evaluating our ability to meet our future debt service, capital expenditures and working capital requirements. We are also providing EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA in light of our credit agreement and the issuance of our 8.5% senior notes due 2024. For more information, please refer to the section, "Notes for Non-GAAP Measures.



Forward-looking Statements

This document contains statements that are not historical information are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. including statements regarding potential impact of the ongoing coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, anticipated revenue, future liquidity and financial position. Statements can generally be identified as forward looking because they include words such as "believes." "anticipates." "expects." "could." "should" or words of similar meaning. Statements that describe the company's future plans, objectives or goals are also forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions, risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements. The factors that may affect the company's results include, among others: the ultimate impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic on the company's business, results of operations, financial condition and liquidity; the ultimate impact of the appraisal proceedings initiated in connection with the implementation of the domination and profit and loss transfer agreement with Diebold Nixdorf AG and the merger squeezeout: the company's ability to achieve benefits from its cost-reduction initiatives and other strategic initiatives, such as DN Now, including its planned restructuring actions, and its incremental cost savings actions, as well as its business process outsourcing initiative; the success of the company's new products, including its DN Series line; the company's ability to comply with the covenants contained in the agreements governing its debt: the company's ability to successfully refinance its debt when necessary or desirable; the ultimate outcome of the company's pricing, operating and tax strategies applied to former Diebold Nixdorf AG and the ultimate ability to realize cost reductions and synergies: changes in political, economic or other factors such as currency exchange rates, inflation rates, recessionary or expansive trends, taxes and regulations and laws affecting the worldwide business in each of the company's operations; the company's reliance on suppliers and any potential disruption to the company's global supply chain; the impact of market and economic conditions, including any additional deterioration and disruption in the financial and service markets, including the bankruptcies, restructurings or consolidations of financial institutions, which could reduce our customer base and/or adversely affect our customers' ability to make capital expenditures, as well as adversely impact the availability and cost of credit; interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, including the impact of possible currency devaluations in countries experiencing high inflation rates; the acceptance of the company's product and technology introductions in the marketplace; competitive pressures, including pricing pressures and technological developments: changes in the company's relationships with customers, suppliers, distributors and/or partners in its business ventures; the effect of legislative and regulatory actions in the United States and internationally and the company's ability to comply with government regulations; the impact of a security breach or operational failure on the company's business; the company's ability to successfully integrate other acquisitions into its operations; the company's success in divesting, reorganizing or exiting non-core and/or non-accretive businesses; the company's ability to maintain effective internal controls; changes in the company's intention to further repatriate cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments residing in international tax jurisdictions, which could negatively impact foreign and domestic taxes; unanticipated litigation, claims or assessments, as well as the outcome/impact of any current/pending litigation, claims or assessments; the investment performance of the company's pension plan assets, which could require the company to increase its pension contributions, and significant changes in healthcare costs, including those that may result from government action; the amount and timing of repurchases of the company's common shares, if any; and other factors included in the company's filings with the SEC, including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and in other documents that the company files with the SEC. You should consider these factors carefully in evaluating forwardlooking statements and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements. The company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, which speak only to the date of this document.



Our Priorities During the COVID-19 Crisis

- Protecting the health and well-being of employees
- Fulfilling our mission as an essential business provider
 - ~100% of banking and ~65% of our retail revenue is from customers who are running essential businesses
- Consistently delivering strong service levels
- Strengthening Diebold Nixdorf via operational rigor while maintaining adequate liquidity

Guided by Diebold Nixdorf values





Responding with a Comprehensive Set of Actions

Customers & Solutions

- ✓ Delivering strong service levels even in the hardest hit regions
- ✓ Reinforces the criticality of ATM/retail checkout channels
- ✓ Further differentiating our solutions with DN Series, selfcheckout solutions and the AllConnect Data Engine
- ✓ Broad-based positive customer feedback during crisis

"We want to thank your tech team for their continued support of our ATMs. We really appreciate how your team is able to safely service our machines and keep them up and running for our customers and associates. Access to cash is essential and I want you all to know how much we appreciate your partnership during this time."

-Large US financial institution

"I want to express my thanks and gratitude for the excellent level of support that we are receiving from Diebold Nixdorf at this extremely difficult time. Our stores are busier than ever and our supply chain is operating right on the edge of capacity. Without your teams providing us excellent support centrally and remotely we would not be able to cope."

-Major European grocer

Employees & Communities

- ✓ Proactively caring for 22,000 employees
- ✓ Leveraging our manufacturing capabilities to produce protective gear and medical components
- ✓ Strong engagement and resourcefulness

Supply Chain & Manufacturing

- ✓ Proactively managing the supply chain avoided major disruptions to date from COVID-19
- ✓ All manufacturing facilities on-line and operating well

Operational Rigor

- ✓ Efficient management of inventory, receivables and payables
- ✓ Leveraging DN Now framework to reduce costs further
- ✓ Maintaining adequate liquidity & financial flexibility
- ✓ Executing business resiliency plans



Diebold Nixdorf's Business Model is Resilient

| | Services | Products | Software |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---|
| Key characteristics | Strong, multi-year recurring revenue from maintenance & managed services | Strong product backlog and solid sales pipeline entering Q2-20 | Mix of recurring revenue from licenses/ maintenance and project-based revenue |
| % of 2019 Revenue | 51% | 39% | 11% |
| Expected Impact of COVID-19 | Mild | Moderate | Mild |

Banking is expected to be more resilient than Retail

~74% of Revenue from Banking

~26% from Retail

Continuing to Take Decisive Action to Strengthen Diebold Nixdorf



Sustained Momentum in Strengthening Diebold Nixdorf

Continued solid execution of DN



Targeting gross savings of ~\$130M during 2020

- Leveraging operational rigor and net working capital efficiencies
- Progressing on all DN Now initiatives
- Mild impact of COVID-19 on select work streams
- Accelerating G&A efficiencies
 - ✓ finance transformation
 - ✓ reduction of indirect spend

Incremental Actions Underway

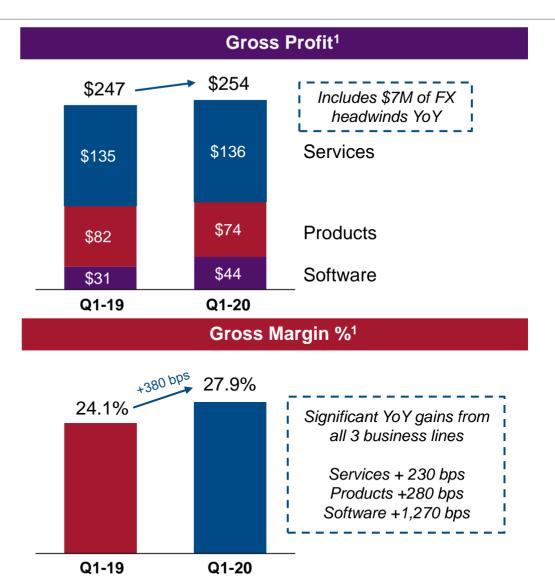
Targeting incremental savings of \$80M - \$100M

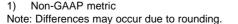
- Suspended major internal capital projects
- Reduced annual bonus expense
- Paused merit increases
- Implemented hiring freeze
- Reduced indirect spend
- Further consolidation of real estate



NOW Actions Are Driving Higher Quality Revenue

| | | | Reve | enue | | |
|--------|---|--|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | Total | Services | Products | Software |
| | | Q1-19 Revenue | \$1,028 | \$544 | \$376 | \$108 |
| | | Divestitures | (\$13) | (\$7) | \$0 | (\$6) |
| pre-CO | plan business Non-recurring Q1- revenue partially o | Reducing low-margin business | (\$17) | (\$15) | (\$2) | (\$1) |
| | | Non-recurring Q1-19 revenue partially offset by incremental business | (\$31) | (\$2) | (\$37) | \$8 |
| | | Foreign currency | (\$23) | (\$11) | (\$9) | (\$4) |
| | COVID-19 | | (\$33) | (\$5) | (\$28) | \$0 |
| | | Q1-20 Revenue | \$911 | \$504 | \$300 | \$106 |





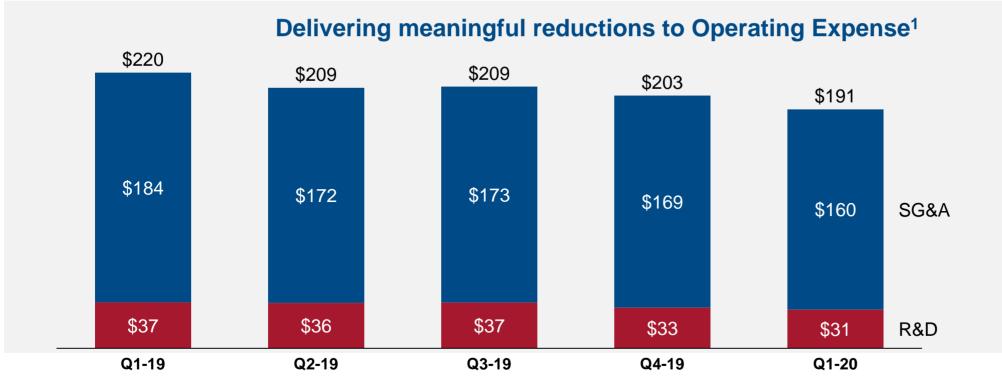




NOW Harvesting Efficiencies from Functional G&A Costs in 2020

Focus areas

- Finance Transformation regionalizing, centralizing and automating core functions
- Optimizing Information Technology Spend optimizing legacy platforms and enhancing digital capabilities
- Streamlining Procurement applying global spend analytics to reduce indirect spend
- Consolidating Real Estate better utilization of office space and embracing a more agile work environment



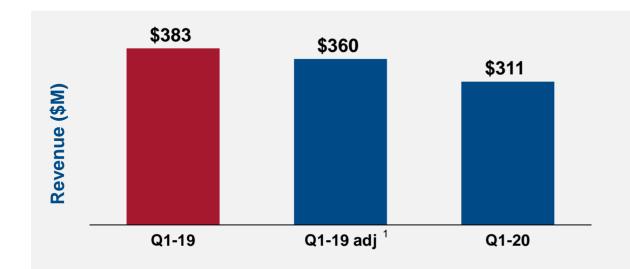


Q1 2020 Financial Highlights

| \$ millions | Q1-20 | Q1-19 | YoY variance |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Revenue | \$911 | \$1,028 | In-line with expectations \$67M from planned reduction of low-margin business and non-recurring projects \$13M from divestitures \$19M growth from incremental volume \$33M from COVID-19; \$23M currency headwind |
| Gross Profit ¹ Gross Margin ¹ | \$254 27.9% | \$247 24.1% | DN Now initiatives drive gross profit & margin growth Higher quality revenue Services modernization plan Software excellence Favorable software mix and improving labor cost management |
| Operating Expense ¹ Operating Profit ¹ Operating Margin ¹ | \$191 \$63 6.9% | \$220 \$27 2.6% | DN Now initiatives plus incremental actions Reduced operating expense by 13% YoY Increased operating profit by 133% YoY Expanded operating margin by 430 bps YoY |
| Adjusted EBITDA ¹ Adjusted EBITDA Margin ¹ | \$89 9.8% | \$65 6.3% | DN Now initiatives plus incremental actions Increased adjusted EBITDA by 37% YoY Expanded adjusted EBITDA margin by 350 bps YoY |



Eurasia Banking Highlights



Deliberate actions to drive higher quality revenue

- Divestitures
- Planned reduction of low-margin business

Additional factors include

- Non-recurring projects as planned; partially offset by incremental activity
- COVID-19

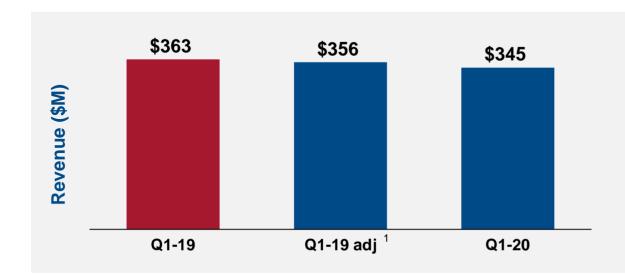


Maintaining gross margin due to

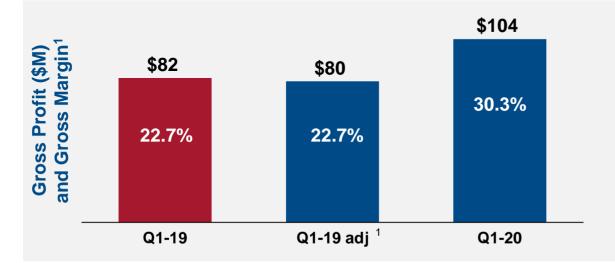
- Benefits from DN Now
- Reducing low-margin business
- Includes \$4M currency headwind YoY



Americas Banking Highlights



- Deliberate actions to drive higher quality revenue
- Non-recurring projects in North America; partially offset by growth in US regional financial institutions
- Software growth

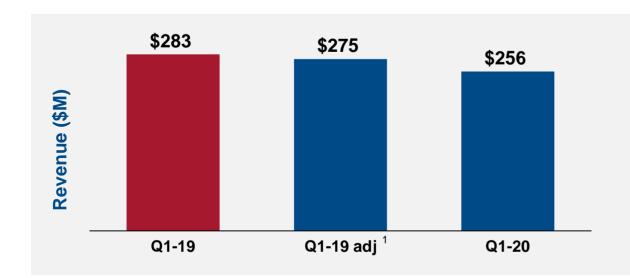


YoY increase due to:

- Favorable customer mix
- DN Now Services Modernization Plans
- Higher Profit from Software licenses volume

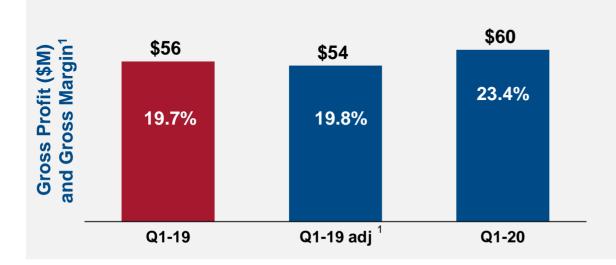


Retail Highlights



YoY variance from

- Non-recurring POS installations in Europe as planned
- Partially offset by SCO and software growth
- COVID-19



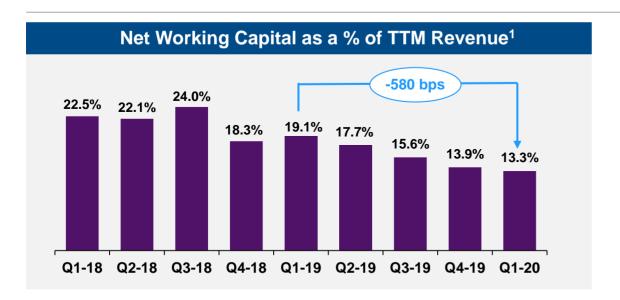
YoY increase driven by

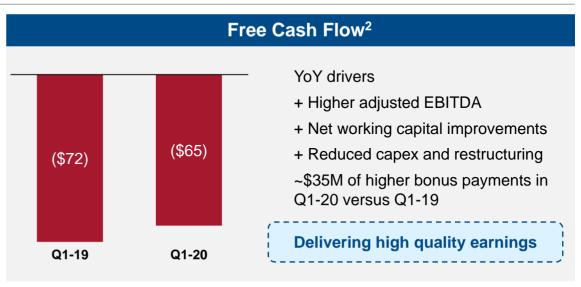
- Favorable revenue mix
- **DN Now Services Modernization Plans**
- Software Excellence





NOW Net Working Capital and Cash Update



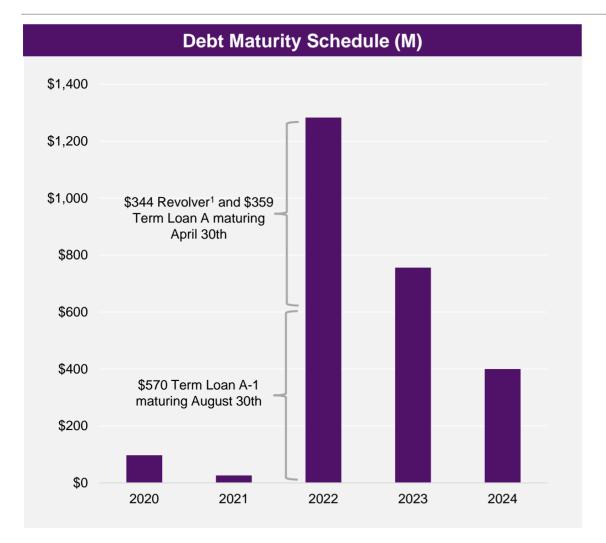


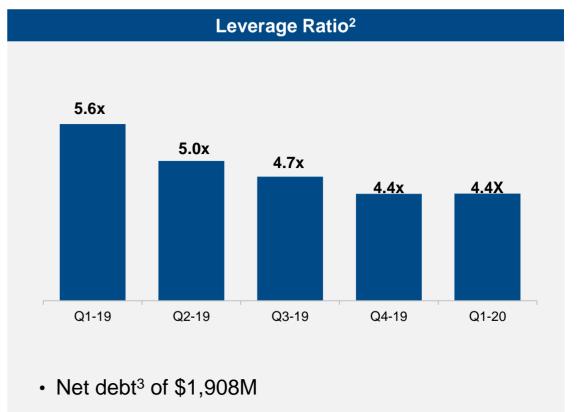
Key Drivers of Cash³ During Q1-2020



- 1) Net working capital is the sum of the trade receivables and inventories less accounts payable divided by trailing 12 months (TTM) GAAP revenue
-) Free cash flow (FCF) is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as net cash (used in) provided by operating activities from continuing operations (excluding assets held for sale) less capital expenditures.
- Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term investments, and cash expected to be realized from assets held for sale. Ending cash balance excludes ~\$9M of cash in assets held for sale which is not expected to be realized as of March 31, 2020. Differences may occur due to rounding.

Debt Maturities and Leverage



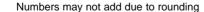


- Leverage ratio is unchanged as adjusted EBITDA gains offset seasonal use of cash and mandatory debt repayments
- 1) Revolving credit facility was fully drawn in March 2020 as a precautionary response to the uncertain impact of COVID-19
- 2) Leverage ratio is defined as net debt to trailing 12-month calculated adjusted EBITDA
- 3) Net Debt is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as notes payable plus long-term debt less cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term investments, and cash expected to be realized from assets held for sale. Ending cash balance excludes ~\$9M of cash in assets held for sale which is not expected to be realized as of March 31, 2020.



Under Challenging Scenarios, Diebold Nixdorf's Model Remains Resilient

| | | Services | Products | Software | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 9 | Revenue (M) | \$2,231 | \$1,710 | \$469 | | | | | |
| 2019 | Gross Margin ¹ | 26.5% | 21.3% | 33.1% | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Revenue Impact | Mild ² | Moderate | Mild | | | | | |
| 2020 Expectations | Gross Margin¹ | Improved + Services modernization plans | Broadly stable + Variable cost structure - Some higher freight costs | Improved + Improved project execution & labor utilization | | | | | |
| 2 Expe | Drivers of Operating Profit ¹ | DN Now savings target of ~\$130M & incremental actions of \$80M - \$100M | | | | | | | |
| | Free Cash Flow ¹ | Targeting break-even for 2020 | | | | | | | |





Excludes ~\$110M of 2019 services revenue which is being divested during 2020.

Diebold Nixdorf is Well-Positioned to Persevere

- Designated as Essential Service Provider to banks and retailers
- Criticality of ATM, POS & self-checkout channels have been reaffirmed
- Strong recurring revenue streams trusted technology partner
- Resilient leadership team with a demonstrated track record of execution
- DN Now operating rigor & incremental cost actions further strengthen the resiliency of the company







YoY Revenue Variance for FX, Divestitures and Related Actions Reconciliation GAAP to non-GAAP (\$Millions)

Segments

Business Lines

| \$Millions | Q1-20 | Q1-19 | Variance F/(U) | Variance % |
|--|-------|-------|----------------|------------|
| Eurasia Banking Revenue (GAAP) | 311 | 383 | (72) | -18.9% |
| FX Impact | - | (9) | 9 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | (13) | 13 | n/a |
| Eurasia Banking Adjusted Revenue (Non-GAAP) | 311 | 360 | (49) | -13.7% |
| Americas Banking Revenue (GAAP) | 345 | 363 | (18) | -4.9% |
| FX Impact | - | (6) | 6 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | (0) | 0 | n/a |
| Americas Banking Adjusted Revenue (Non-GAAP) | 345 | 356 | (12) | -3.3% |
| Retail Revenue (GAAP) | 256 | 283 | (27) | -9.7% |
| FX Impact | - | (7) | 7 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | - | - | n/a |
| Retail Adjusted Revenue (Non-GAAP) | 256 | 275 | (20) | -7.2% |
| | | | | |
| Total Revenue (GAAP) | 911 | 1,028 | (117) | -11.4% |
| Fx Impact | - | (23) | 23 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | (13) | 13 | n/a |
| Total Adjusted Revenue | 911 | 991 | (81) | -8.1% |

| \$Millions | Q1-20 | Q1-19 | Variance F/(U) | Variance % |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------|----------------|------------|
| Services Revenue (GAAP) | 504 | 544 | (40) | -7.4% |
| FX Impact | - | (11) | 11 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | (7) | 7 | n/a |
| Services Adj. Revenue (Non-GAAP) | 504 | 526 | (22) | -4.2% |
| Products Revenue (GAAP) | 300 | 376 | (75) | -20.0% |
| FX Impact | - | (9) | 9 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | - | - | n/a |
| Products Adj. Revenue (Non-GAAP) | 300 | 367 | (67) | -18.2% |
| Software Revenue (GAAP) | 106 | 108 | (2) | -1.6% |
| FX Impact | - | (4) | 4 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | (6) | 6 | n/a |
| Software Adj. Revenue (Non-GAAP) | 106 | 98 | 8 | 8.6% |
| | | | | |
| Total Revenue (GAAP) | 911 | 1,028 | (117) | -11.4% |
| FX Impact | - | (23) | 23 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | <u>-</u> | (13) | 13 | n/a |
| Total Adjusted Revenue | 911 | 991 | (81) | -8.1% |



YoY Gross Profit Variance for FX, Divestitures and Related Actions Reconciliation GAAP to non-GAAP (\$Millions)

Segments Business Lines

| \$Millions | Q1-20 | Q1-19 | Variance F/(U) | Variance % | \$Millions | Q1-20 | Q1-19 | Variance F/(U) | Variance % |
|---|-------|-------|----------------|------------|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|----------------|------------|
| Eurasia Banking Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 90 | 109 | (19) | -17.8% | Services Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 136 | 135 | 2 | 1.2% |
| FX Impact | - | (4) | 4 | n/a | FX Impact | - | (3) | 3 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | (1) | 1 | n/a | Divestitures and Related Actions | - | (0) | 0 | n/a |
| Eurasia Banking Adjusted Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 90 | 104 | (15) | -14.1% | Services Adj. Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 136 | 132 | 5 | 3.5% |
| Americas Banking Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 104 | 82 | 22 | 27.2% | Products Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 74 | 82 | (8) | -9.9% |
| FX Impact | - | (2) | 2 | n/a | FX Impact | - | (2) | 2 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | 0 | (0) | n/a | Divestitures and Related Actions | - | (0) | 0 | n/a |
| Americas Banking Adjusted Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 104 | 80 | 24 | 29.8% | Products Adj. Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 74 | 80 | (6) | -7.6% |
| Retail Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 60 | 56 | 4 | 7.3% | Software Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 44 | 31 | 13 | 42.1% |
| FX Impact | - | (1) | 1 | n/a | FX Impact | - | (2) | 2 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | - | - | - | n/a | Divestitures and Related Actions | - | (1) | 1 | n/a |
| Retail Adjusted Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 60 | 54 | 5 | 10.0% | Software Adj. Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 44 | 28 | 16 | 55.4% |
| Total Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 254 | 247 | 7 | 2.7% | Total Gross Profit (Non-GAAP) | 254 | 247 | 7 | 2.7% |
| Fx Impact | - | (7) | 7 | n/a | FX Impact | - | (7) | 7 | n/a |
| Divestitures and Related Actions | | (1) | 1 | n/a | Divestitures and Related Actions | | (1) | 1 | n/a |
| Total Adjusted Gross Profit | 254 | 240 | 14 | 5.9% | Total Adjusted Gross Profit | 254 | 240 | 14 | 5.9% |



Q1 2019 Profit & Loss Statement Reconciliation GAAP to non-GAAP (\$Millions)

| | | | Restructuring and DN Now | | Divestitures | Wincor Nixdorf purchase | | Other | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| | 2019 | % of Net | transformation | Legal / deal | and fixed | accounting | Inventory | non-routine | 2019 | % of Net |
| | (GAAP) | Sales | expenses | expense | asset sale | adjustments | charge/gain | inc/exp | (non-GAAP) | Sales |
| Services | 544 | 52.9% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 544 | 52.9% |
| Products | 376 | 36.5% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 376 | 36.5% |
| Software | 108 | 10.5% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 108 | 10.5% |
| Total Revenue | 1,028 | 100.0% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,028 | 100.0% |
| Services | 133 | 24.5% | 1 | - | - | - | (0) | - | 135 | 24.7% |
| Products | 84 | 22.3% | 0 | - | - | 2 | (4) | - | 82 | 21.8% |
| Software | 29 | 26.8% | 0 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 31 | 28.7% |
| Total Gross Profit | 246 | 23.9% | 2 | - | - | 3 | (4) | - | 247 | 24.1% |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | | | |
| Selling, G & A | 230 | | (14) | (9) | - | (21) | - | (3) | 184 | |
| R , D & E | 37 | | (0) | - | - | - | - | - | 37 | |
| (Gain)/Loss on Assets | 3 | | - | - | (3) |) - | - | - | 0 | |
| Impairment of Assets | - | | - | - | - | - | | - | - | |
| Total Operating Expense | 271 | 26.3% | (14) | (9) | (3 |) (21) | - | (3) | 220 | 21.4% |
| Total Operating Profit (loss) | (24) | -2.4% | 15 | 9 | 3 | 25 | (4) | 3 | 27 | 2.6% |



Q1 2020 Profit & Loss Statement Reconciliation GAAP to non-GAAP (\$Millions)

| | | | Restructuring and | | | Wincor Nixdor | ļ. | | Loss making | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| | | | DN Now | | Divestitures | purchase | Costs related to | | contract related to | Other | | |
| | 2020 | % of Net | transformation | Legal / deal | and fixed | accounting | previously divested | Inventory | discontinued | non-routine | 2020 | % of Net |
| | (GAAP) | Sales | expenses | expense | asset sale | adjustments | business in Germany | charge/gain | offering | inc/exp | (non-GAAP) | Sales |
| Services | 504 | 55.3% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 504 | 55.3% |
| Products | 300 | 33.0% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 300 | 33.0% |
| Software | 106 | 11.7% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 106 | 11.7% |
| Total Revenue | 911 | 100.0% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 911 | 100.0% |
| Services | 118 | 23.4% | 1 | - | - | - | - | 4 | 12 | 2 | 136 | 27.0% |
| Products | 67 | 22.2% | - | - | - | 2 | 5 | (0) | - | 1 | 74 | 24.6% |
| Software | 42 | 39.6% | 0 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 44 | 41.4% |
| Total Gross Profit | 227 | 24.9% | 1 | - | - | 3 | 5 | 4 | 12 | 3 | 254 | 27.9% |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Selling, G & A | 222 | | (39) | (2) | - | (18 | - | - | - | (2) | 160 | |
| R , D & E | 33 | | (2) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 31 | |
| (Gain)/Loss on Assets | (2) | | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | (0) | |
| Impairment of Assets | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Total Operating Expense | 253 | 27.8% | (41) | (2) | 2 | (18 | - | - | - | (2) | 191 | 21.0% |
| Total Operating Profit (loss) | (26) | -2.9% | 42 | 2 | (2) | 21 | 5 | 4 | 12 | 5 | 63 | 6.9% |



Gross Profit and Operating Expense Reconciliation

Reconciliation GAAP to non-GAAP (\$Millions)

| Gross Profit – Segment View | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Cross From Ocyment View | Q1-19 | Q2-19 | Q3-19 | Q4-19 | 2019 | Q1-20 |
| Revenue (GAAP) | \$1,028 | \$1,150 | \$1,079 | \$1,152 | \$4,409 | \$911 |
| Americas Banking | 363 | 420 | 404 | 418 | 1,604 | 345 |
| Eurasia Banking | 383 | 430 | 405 | 432 | 1,650 | 311 |
| Retail | 283 | 300 | 270 | 302 | 1,155 | 256 |
| Total Gross Profit (GAAP) | \$246 | \$279 | \$271 | \$270 | \$1,067 | \$227 |
| Americas Banking | 82 | 97 | 99 | 108 | 385 | 104 |
| Eurasia Banking | 109 | 121 | 118 | 127 | 476 | 90 |
| Retail | 56 | 66 | 58 | 68 | 248 | 60 |
| Total Restructuring and DN Now Transformation Expenses | (2) | (3) | (2) | (3) | (10) | (1) |
| Total Non-Routine Expense | 0 | (1) | (2) | (29) | (32) | (26) |
| Total Restructuring, DN Now Transformation & Non-Routine Expense | (1) | (4) | (4) | (33) | (42) | (27) |
| Total Gross Profit (non-GAAP) | \$247 | \$283 | \$276 | \$303 | \$1,109 | \$254 |
| Total Gross Margin (Non- GAAP) | 24.1% | 24.6% | 25.5% | 26.3% | 25.2% | 27.9% |
| Americas Banking | 22.7% | 23.0% | 24.5% | 25.8% | 24.0% | 30.3% |
| Eurasia Banking | 28.5% | 28.1% | 29.2% | 29.5% | 28.8% | 28.9% |
| Retail | 19.7% | 22.0% | 21.6% | 22.5% | 21.5% | 23.4% |

| 0 | per | atir | ng | Ex | per | se |
|---|-----|------|----|----|-----|----|
| | | | | | | |

| Revenue (GAAP) | Q1-19 \$1,028 | Q2-19 \$1,150 | Q3-19 \$1,079 | Q4-19 \$1,152 | 2019 \$4,409 | Q1-20 \$911 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Total Operating Expense (GAAP) | \$271 | \$272 | \$248 | \$303 | \$1,094 | \$253 |
| Selling and administrative expense | 184 | 172 | 173 | 169 | 697 | 160 |
| Research, development and engineering expense | 37 | 36 | 37 | 33 | 142 | 31 |
| Other | 0 | 1 | (0) | 1 | 1 | (0) |
| Total Restructuring and DN Now Transformation Expenses | 14 | 26 | 18 | 48 | 105 | 41 |
| Total Non-Routine Expense | 37 | 37 | 21 | 53 | 148 | 21 |
| Total Restructuring, DN Now Transformation & Non-Routine Expense | 50 | 63 | 39 | 100 | 253 | 62 |
| Total Operating Expense (non-GAAP) | \$220 | \$209 | \$209 | \$203 | \$841 | \$191 |
| Non-GAAP operating expense as a % of GAAP Revenue | 21.4% | 18.2% | 19.4% | 17.6% | 19.1% | 21.0% |



Adjusted EBITDA

Reconciliation GAAP to non-GAAP (\$Millions)

| \$Millions Revenue (GAAP) | Q1-18 \$1,064 | Q2-18 \$1,106 | Q3-18 \$1,119 | Q4-18 \$1,290 | Q1-19 \$1,028 | Q2-19 \$1,150 | Q3-19 \$1,079 | Q4-19 \$1,152 | Q1-20 \$911 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Net income (loss) | (\$66) | (\$116) | (\$220) | (\$128) | (\$132) | (\$55) | (\$35) | (\$123) | (\$93) |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | 19 | (30) | 45 | 3 | 60 | 9 | 5 | 42 | 20 |
| Interest income | (4) | (2) | (2) | (1) | (3) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (1) |
| Interest expense | 26 | 28 | 45 | 55 | 51 | 50 | 52 | 50 | 48 |
| Depreciation & amortization ¹ | 62 | 58 | 58 | 57 | 53 | 52 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| EBITDA | \$38 | (\$61) | (\$74) | (\$14) | \$30 | \$54 | \$70 | \$16 | \$23 |
| Share-based compensation | 14 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss), net | 1 | 3 | (2) | 0 | (3) | 5 | 2 | 1 | (0) |
| Miscellaneous, net | 0 | 3 | 2 | (0) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated | | | | | | | | | |
| subsidiaries, net Restructuring and DN Now Transformation | (1) | (1) | (3) | 18 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 |
| Expenses ² | 4 | 2 | 41 | 32 | 15 | 28 | 20 | 49 | 36 |
| Non-routine expenses, net ³ | 6 | 88 | 123 | 78 | 12 | 14 | 0 | 60 | 26 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$62 | \$41 | \$93 | \$124 | \$65 | \$107 | \$98 | \$131 | \$89 |
| Adjusted EBITDA % GAAP revenue | 5.8% | 3.7% | 8.3% | 9.6% | 6.3% | 9.3% | 9.1% | 11.4% | 9.8% |

Trailing 12-month Reconciliation

| \$Millions Revenue (GAAP) | Q1-19 \$4,543 | Q2-19 \$4,587 | Q3-19 \$4,547 | Q4-19 \$4,409 | Q1-20 \$4,291 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Net income (loss) | (\$595) | (\$534) | (\$350) | (\$345) | (\$306) |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | 78 | 117 | 77 | 117 | 76 |
| Interest income | (8) | (8) | (8) | (9) | (8) |
| Interest expense | 180 | 201 | 209 | 203 | 200 |
| Depreciation & amortization ¹ | 226 | 220 | 212 | 204 | 200 |
| EBITDA | (\$119) | (\$4) | \$140 | \$170 | \$163 |
| Share-based compensation | 32 | 30 | 29 | 24 | 19 |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss), net | (2) | 0 | 4 | 5 | 7 |
| Miscellaneous, net | 5 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| Equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated | | | | | |
| subsidiaries, net Restructuring and DN Now Transformation | 15 | 16 | 18 | (1) | (1) |
| Expenses ² | 91 | 117 | 96 | 113 | 134 |
| Non-routine expenses, net ³ | 301 | 227 | 104 | 86 | 101 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$323 | \$389 | \$394 | \$401 | 425 |
| Adjusted EBITDA % GAAP revenue | 7.1% | 8.5% | 8.7% | 9.1% | 9.9% |

- 1) Deferred financing fees have been removed from depreciation and amortization.
- 2) Excludes accelerated ERP depreciation, included in depreciation and amortization
- 3) Net non-routine expenses excludes the Wincor Nixdorf purchase accounting adjustments, which are included in depreciation and amortization.

Note: Differences may occur due to rounding.



Free Cash Flow and Net Debt Reconciliations (\$Millions)

| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - continuing - GAAP |
|---|
| Excluding the impact of changes in assets held for sale |
| Capital expenditures |
| Free cash flow (use) (non-GAAP measure) |
| |
| Add Back: Cash Interest Expense |
| |
| |

| 3-18 Q4 | -18 20 | 018 |
|---------|--|---|
| 2-10 A4 | -10 2 | |
| | |)TO |
| | | |
| (\$115) | \$268 | (\$104) |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| (10) | (18) | (59) |
| (\$125) | \$250 | (\$163) |
| | | |
| (18) | (56) | (123) |
| | | |
| (\$107) | \$306 | (\$40) |
| | (\$115) \$0 (10) (\$125) | (\$115) \$268 (\$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$ |

| Q1-19 | Q2-19 | Q3-19 | Q4-19 | 2019 | 1Q-20 |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| (\$57) \$0 (15) (\$72) | (\$11) \$0 (6) (\$16) | \$75 \$0 (10) \$65 | \$128 \$0 (13) \$116 | \$0 (43) | (\$80) \$20 (5) (\$65) |
| (40) | (54) | (37) | (52) | (183) | (34) |
| (\$32) | \$38 | \$102 | \$168 | \$275 | (\$31) |

Trailing 12-month Reconciliation

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities continuing - GAAP

Excluding the impact of changes in assets held for sale Capital expenditures

Free cash flow (use) (non-GAAP measure)

Add Back: GAAP P&L Interest Expense

Unlevered Free cash flow (use) (non-GAAP measure)

| Q1-19 | Q2-19 | Q3-19 | Q4-19 | 1Q-20 |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | | |
| (\$19) | \$85 | \$275 | \$136 | \$113 |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$20 |
| (53) | (48) | (48) | (43) | (34) |
| (\$72) | \$37 | \$227 | \$93 | \$100 |
| | | | | |
| (148) | (168) | (186) | (183) | (177) |
| | | | | |
| \$76 | \$205 | \$413 | \$275 | \$277 |

Net Debt Reconciliation

| \$Millions | 3/31/2020 | 3/31/2019 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short | | |
| term investments (GAAP measure) | 526 | 409 |
| Cash included in assets held for sale | 23 | 5 |
| Debt instruments | (2,457) | (2,238) |
| Net debt (non-GAAP measure) | (1,908) | (1,824) |

¹⁾ Free cash flow (FCF) is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as net cash provided by (used in) operations less capital expenditures.

³⁾ Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term investments, cash included in assets held for sale (GAAP Measure). Differences may occur due to rounding. Ending excludes ~\$9M of cash in assets held for sale.



Adjusted free cash flow excludes cash used by assets held for sale (AHFS).