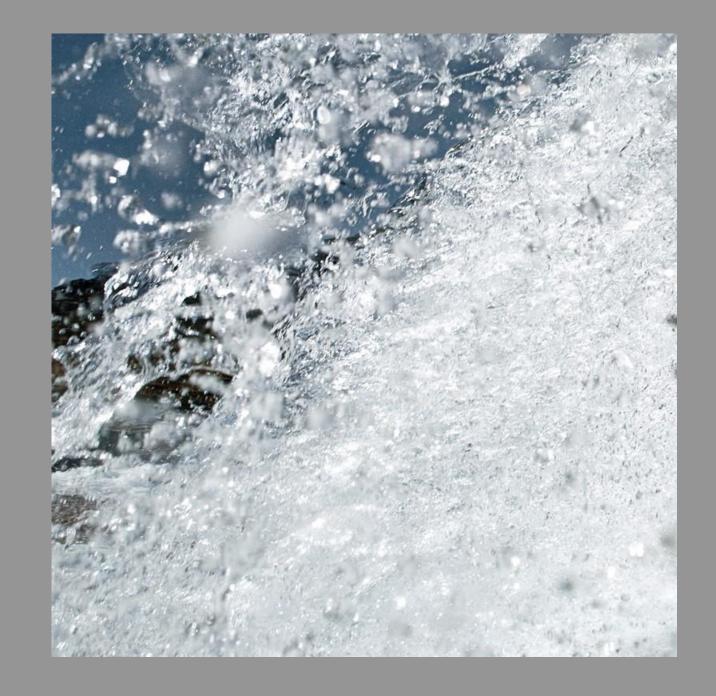


Second quarter 2022 Investor presentation



### Table of contents



Second quarter results 2022	3
Market	26
Sustainability	41
Business overview	51
Hydro - Group	52
Bauxite & Alumina	65
Energy	73
Aluminium Metal	85
Metal Markets	91
Extrusions	95
Additional information	104

#### Cautionary note

Certain statements included in this announcement contain forward-looking information, including, without limitation, information relating to (a) forecasts, projections and estimates, (b) statements of Hydro management concerning plans, objectives and strategies, such as planned expansions, investments, divestments, curtailments or other projects, (c) targeted production volumes and costs, capacities or rates, start-up costs, cost reductions and profit objectives, (d) various expectations about future developments in Hydro's markets, particularly prices, supply and demand and competition, (e) results of operations, (f) margins, (g) growth rates, (h) risk management, and (i) qualified statements such as "expected", "scheduled", "targeted", "planned", "proposed", "intended" or similar.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, these forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions and forecasts that, by their nature, involve risk and uncertainty. Various factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected in a forward-looking statement or affect the extent to which a particular projection is realized. Factors that could cause these differences include, but are not limited to: our continued ability to reposition and restructure our upstream and downstream businesses; changes in availability and cost of energy and raw materials; global supply and demand for aluminium and aluminium products; world economic growth, including rates of inflation and industrial production; changes in the relative value of currencies and the value of commodity contracts; trends in Hydro's key markets and competition; and legislative, regulatory and political factors.

No assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Hydro disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.





### Q2 2022 | Adjusted EBITDA NOK 11.6 billion



Free cash flow NOK 4.4 billion Adj. RoaCE 27%

Strong markets in Q2, increasing uncertainty going forward

Record results, improvement program according to plan

Strong momentum on sales of greener products and recycling growth projects

Significant contributions on decarbonization roadmap

Capital structure update, propose additional shareholder distribution



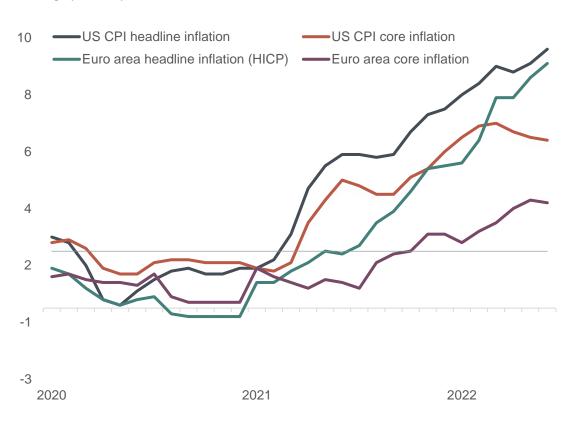
### Global economic climate is shifting



Energy prices driving inflation and recession outlook, especially in Europe

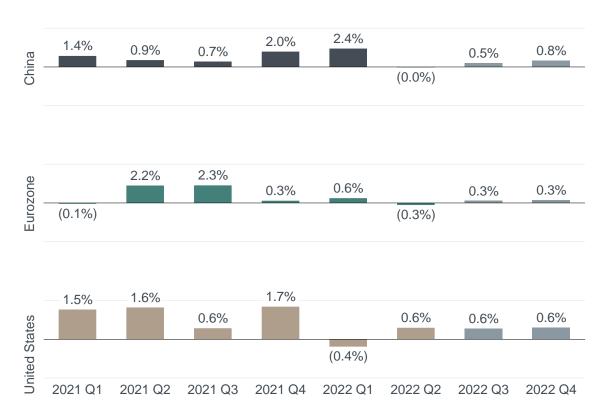
#### Inflation continues to increase

%-change year-on-year



### Europe GDP growth lagging in both China and US

Quarterly real GDP, change from previous quarter

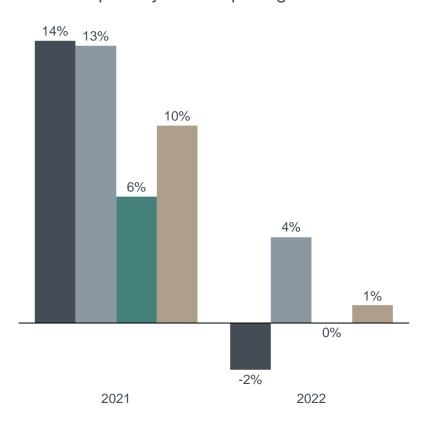


### Weaker aluminium demand and significant capacity at risk



900k tonnes European and US capacity curtailed, 1Mt tonnes at high risk

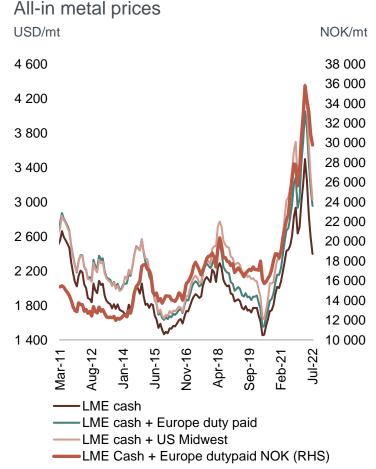
#### Annual primary consumption growth Y/Y



### Estimated global primary balance in 2022 ('000t) 400 200 0 -200 -400 -600 -800 -1 000 -1 200 -1 400 World ex. China China balance balance Balance all medium and high risk smelters curtailment

■ Balance all high risk smelters curtailment

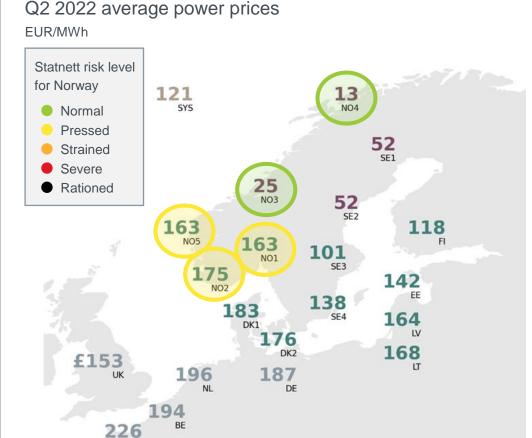
■ Base case balance



## Higher energy prices in South Norway from weaker hydrology and strong continental prices

- High European power prices due to tight gas and coal markets
- The continental energy system may be stressed this winter and will depend on availability of gas
- From May 24, Statnett considers the energy situation in Southern Norway to be pressed
  - The security of supply could be at risk this winter if there is significantly less rain than normal, and it is not possible to import power from Continental Europe.
  - The risk remain small, but non-negligible
- Low power prices in the north due to high precipitation





Source: Nordpool, EEX, Statnett

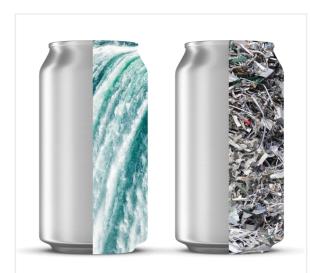
### Progress made on executing the 2025 strategy



Seizing opportunities where our capabilities match the megatrends

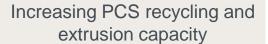
1 Strengthen position in low-carbon aluminium

2 Diversify and grow in new energy



Wir M Sp. U. St. U. St.







Rein projects decarbonizing
Alunorte



Commenced operations at Hydrovolt

### Significant progress on decarbonization of Alunorte

Climate

Net-zero products,

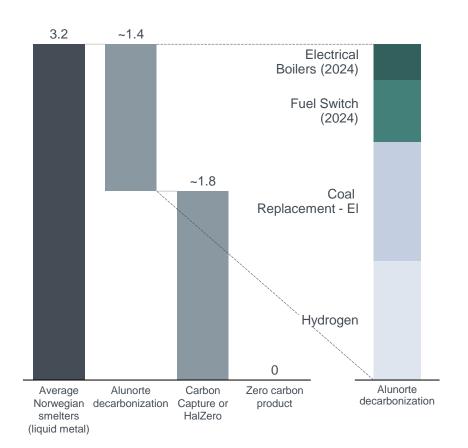
net-zero company,

net-zero society

Hydro aims to reduce own carbon emissions with 30% by 2030 and becoming net-zero by 2050 or earlier

#### Decarbonizing existing smelters

Tonnes CO2e / tonne aluminium, scope 1 and 2 emissions, liquid metal



### Fuel switch project



- Replacing heavy fuel oil with natural gas at Alunorte (six boilers and seven calciners)
- Reducing the refinery's annual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 700,000 tonnes
- The project is forecast to cost BRL1.3 billion (NOK 2 billion)
- First gas consumption is forecast in Q2 2023 with all oil assets converted to gas by 1H 2024

#### **Hydro Rein supports decarbonization**

Feijao – 586 MW combined wind and solar power project

- Joint venture with Macquarie Green Investment Group
- Supply renewable energy to both Alunorte and Paragominas
- Capex: USD ~USD 700 million (100% basis)
- Hydro Rein ownership: 49.9%

### Mendubim – 531 MW solar project

- Joint Venture with Scatec and Equinor
- Supply renewable energy to Alunorte
- Capex: USD 430 million (100% basis)
- Hydro Rein ownership: 33%

### Updated targeted capital structure

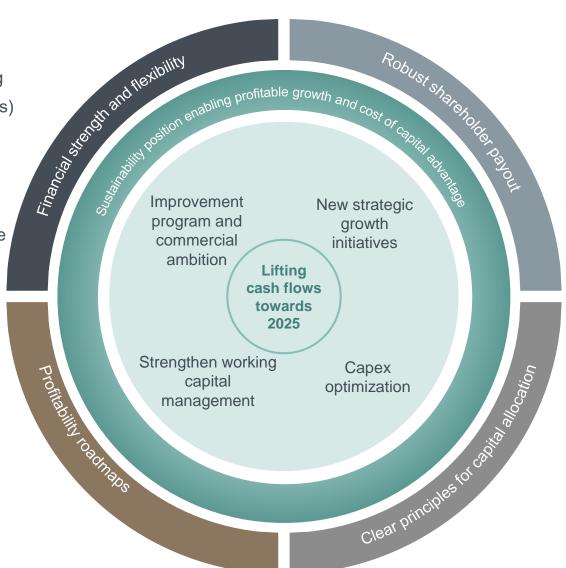


### Financial strength and flexibility

- Maintain investment grade credit rating
  - Currently BBB (S&P), Baa3 (Moody's)
- Targeted capital structure
  - Target to maintain adjusted net debt excl EAI / uEBITDA< 2x over the cycle 1)
  - Around NOK 25 billion over the cycle
  - Strong liquidity

### Roadmap to profitability targets

- URoaCE > 10% over the cycle for Hydro group
- URoaCE> CoC for business areas over the cycle
- Differentiated return requirements by and within business areas



### Robust shareholder payout

- Minimum 50% payout ratio of adjusted net income over the cycle
- Dividend floor of 1.25 NOK/share
- Supplementary share buybacks or extraordinary dividends

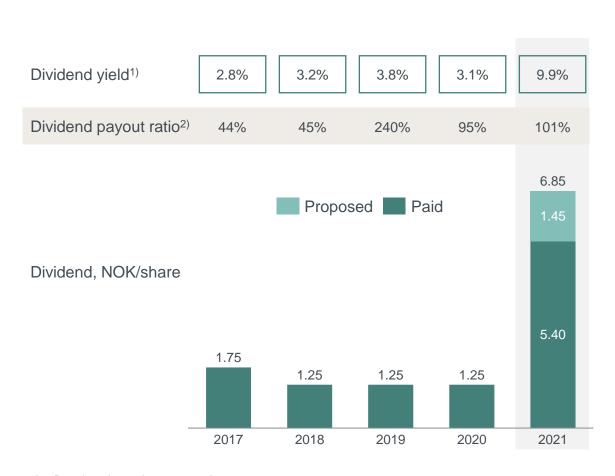
### Clear principles for capital allocation

- Capital allocation in line with strategic priorities and return requirements by business area
- Competitive and affordable sustaining capex
- Strict prioritization, review and reallocation

# Additional proposed 2021 distribution of NOK 5 billion from capital structure update



Proposed dividend of NOK 1.45 per share and share buyback program of NOK 2 billion



### Targeted capital structure

Adjusted net debt of around NOK 25 billion over the cycle

- Consolidated debt capacity relatively stable
- Liquidity requirements dependent on cycle
- Financial flexibility to act counter cyclical

### Additional shareholder distribution

Based on an assessment of current capital structure, the Board of Directors have proposed an additional shareholder distribution for 2021

- Additional cash dividend of NOK 3 billion
- Share buyback program up to NOK 2 billion over 12 months
- Proposal conditional upon Extraordinary General Meeting approval

<sup>1)</sup> Based on share price at year end

<sup>2)</sup> Average dividend per share divided by average adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations

## Sustainable Financing Framework launched to drive cost of capital advantage

- Sustainable Financing Framework published, incorporating both Green and Sustainability Linked Financing Frameworks
- CICERO Shades of Green provided a second party opinion of the framework
  - CICERO (Centre for International Climate and Environmental Research) has allocated an overall Medium Green shading to the framework
  - Hydro's overall governance structure and processes have been rated **Excellent**
- The framework can be used for future green/sustainability linked financing products
- The two KPIs that will be used in sustainability linked financing:
  - Absolute reduction of Scope 1&2 GHG emissions and
  - Increased capacity for recycling of aluminium post-consumer scrap

#### SHADES OF GREEN



### GOVERNANCE ASSESSMENT



### GREEN BOND AND LOAN PRINCIPLES

Based on this review, this Framework is found in alignment with the principles.

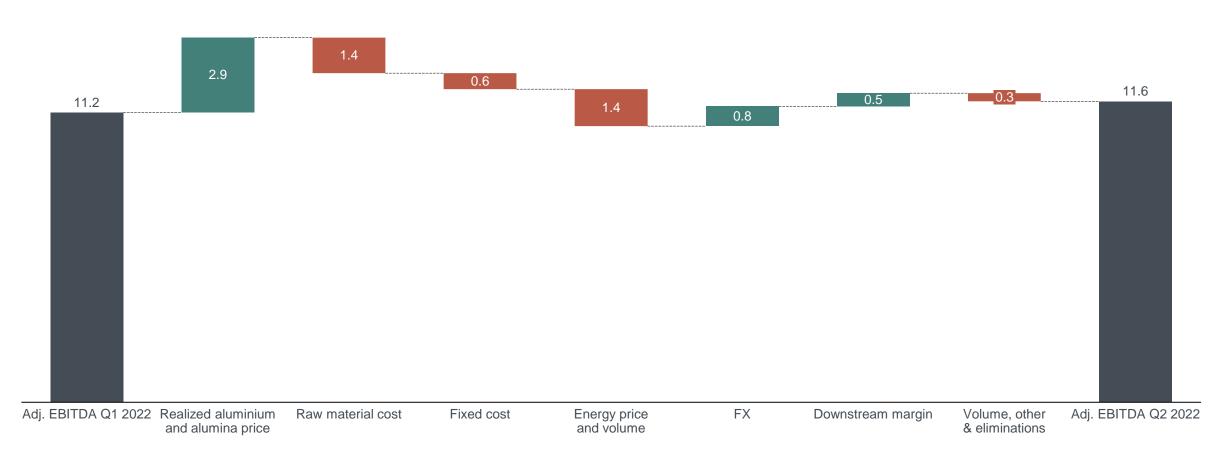
### SUSTAINABILITY LINKED BOND AND LOAN PRINCIPLES

Based on this review, this Framework is found in alignment with the principles.

# Adj. EBITDA up on higher prices and margins, partly offset by higher raw material cost and energy volume



Q2-2022 vs. Q1-2022



### Key financials



NOK million	Q2 2022	Q2 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2021
Revenue	64 793	34 559	46 616	149 654
Reported EBITDA	17 561	4 899	8 217	26 050
Adjustment to EBITDA	(5 966)	1 698	2 948	1 959
Adjusted EBITDA	11 594	6 598	11 165	28 010
Reported EBIT	15 418	3 034	6 222	17 887
Adjusted EBIT	9 452	4 891	9 170	20 786
Financial income (expense)	(1 311)	355	2 193	510
Reported Income (loss) before tax	14 108	3 389	8 416	18 397
Income taxes	(2 971)	(992)	(2 005)	(4 467)
Reported Net income (loss) from continuing operations	11 136	2 397	6 411	13 930
Adjusted net income (loss) from continuing operations	7 731	3 150	6 785	14 905
Earnings per share from continuing operations	5.49	1.06	2.80	5.92
Adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations	3.63	1.45	3.17	6.77
Income (loss) from discontinued operations 1)	-	407	-	12

<sup>1)</sup> Income and expenses in the business to be sold are excluded from such income and expenses in continuing operations and reported separately as Losses for discontinued operations. For further information and a specification of the result in the discontinued operations, see Note 4 Discontinued operations and assets held for sale to the interim financial statements

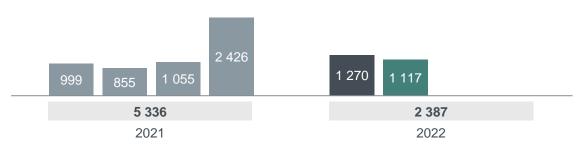
### Hydro Bauxite & Alumina

Results up on higher alumina prices, partly offset by higher raw material costs and currency

Key figures	Q2 2022	Q2 2021	Q1 2022
Alumina production, kmt	1 536	1 586	1 519
Total alumina sales, kmt	2 305	2 349	2 251
Realized alumina price, USD/mt	430	287	391
Implied alumina cost, USD/mt1)	378	244	327
Bauxite production, kmt	2 736	2 660	2 638
Adjusted EBITDA, NOK million	1 117	855	1 270
Adjusted EBIT, NOK million	484	383	718
Adjusted RoaCE, % LTM <sup>2)</sup>	11.6%	4.2%	11.8%

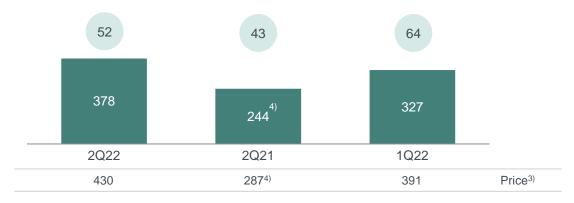
### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million



- 1) Realized alumina price minus Adjusted EBITDA for B&A, per mt alumina sales.
- 2) Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less 25% tax / Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.
- 3) Realized alumina price
- Restated realized alumina price, adjusting for volume correction

### Implied alumina cost and margin USD/mt<sup>1)</sup>



Implied EBITDA cost per mt1)



#### Results Q2 22 vs Q2 21

- Higher alumina prices
- Higher raw material costs
- Stronger BRL

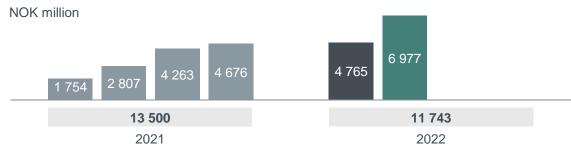
- · Alunorte production around nameplate capacity
- · Higher raw material costs

### Hydro Aluminium Metal

Record results on higher all-in metal prices and positive currency effects, partly offset by increased raw material and fixed costs

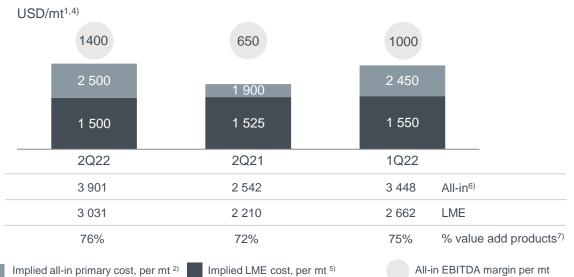
Key figures	Q2 2022	Q2 2021	Q1 2022
Primary aluminium production, kmt	532	561	540
Total sales, kmt	581	594	600
Realized LME price, USD/mt1)	3 031	2 210	2 662
Realized LME price, NOK/mt <sup>1)</sup>	28 461	18 528	23 542
Realized premium, USD/mt	870	332	786
Implied all-in primary cost, USD/mt 2)	2 500	1 900	2 450
Adjusted EBITDA, NOK million	6 977	2 807	4 765
Adjusted EBITDA including Qatalum 50% pro rata (NOK million)	7 706	3 229	5 261
Adjusted EBIT, NOK million	6 349	2 246	4 183
Adjusted RoaCE, % LTM <sup>3)</sup>	39.6%	10.1%	34.7%

#### Adjusted EBITDA



- 1) Includes pricing effects from LME strategic hedge program
- 2) Realized all-in aluminium price minus Adjusted EBITDA margin, including Qatalum, per mt aluminium sold
- Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less 25% tax / Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.
- 4) Implied primary costs and margin rounded to nearest USD 25

### All-in implied primary cost and margin



#### Results Q2 22 vs Q2 21

- · Higher all-in metal prices
- Positive currency effects
- Higher raw material and fixed costs

- ~69% of primary production for Q3 priced at USD 2 597 per mt 8)
- ~49% of premiums affecting Q3 booked at USD ~1 079 per mt
  - Q3 realized premium expected in the range of USD 800-850 per ton
- Lower raw material prices
- Realized LME aluminium price less Adjusted EBITDA margin, incl Qatalum, per mt primary aluminium produced
- Realized LME plus realized premiums, including Qatalum
- % of volumes extrusion ingot, foundry alloy, sheet ingot, wire rod of total sales volumes
  - Including pricing effects from LME strategic hedging program as per 30.06.2022

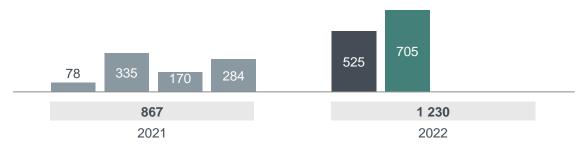
### Metal Markets

Results up on higher recycling results and inventory valuation and currency effects, partly offset by lower commercial results

Key figures	Q2 2022	Q2 2021	Q1 2022
Recycling production, kmt	158	154	151
Metal products sales, kmt 1)	710	735	731
Adjusted EBITDA Recycling (NOK million)	554	131	544
Adjusted EBITDA Commercial (NOK million)	151	204	(19)
Adjusted EBITDA Metal Markets (NOK million)	705	335	525
Adjusted EBITDA excl. currency and inventory valuation effects	434	326	630
Adjusted EBIT (NOK million)	666	301	487
Adjusted RoaCE, % LTM <sup>2)</sup>	39.9%	29.5%	36.0%

### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million



<sup>1)</sup> Includes external and internal sales from primary casthouse operations, remelters and third-party metal sources.



#### Results Q2 22 vs Q2 21

- Higher recycling results driven by higher premiums
- Lower commercial results
- Positive inventory valuation and currency effects

- Volatile trading and currency effects
- Summer maintenance at recyclers

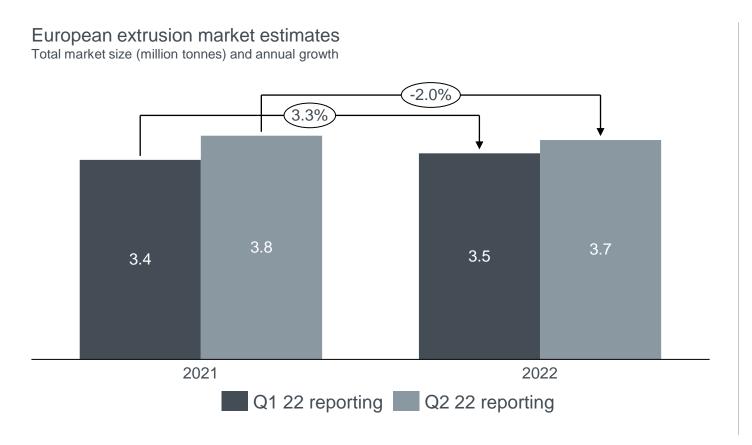
<sup>2)</sup> Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less 25% tax / Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.

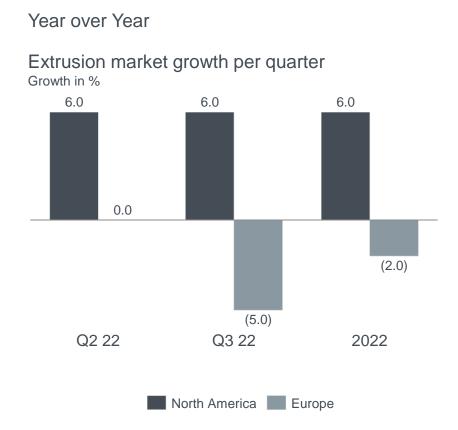
### Extrusions market estimates in Europe revised by CRU



European extrusion market impacting annual growth rates, North American estimates unchanged

### External market forecasts





Source. CRU 18

### Extrusions volumes stable in Q2

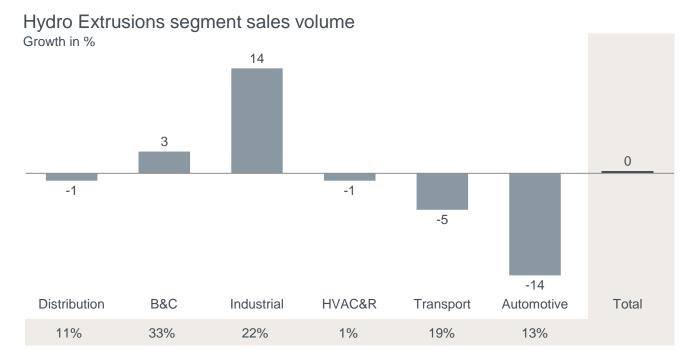


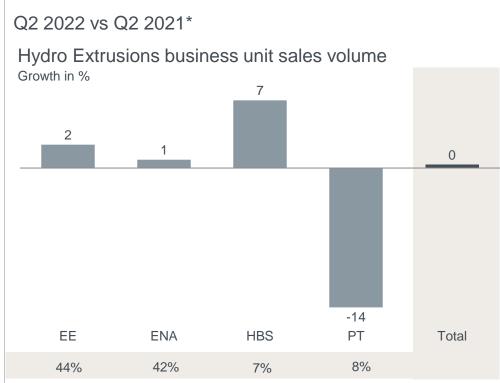
Automotive volumes still impacted by semiconductor shortage and global supply-chain issues

### Extrusion sales volumes

Excluding divested unit Lichtervelde welded tubes in Europe

Q2 2022 vs Q2 2021\*





19

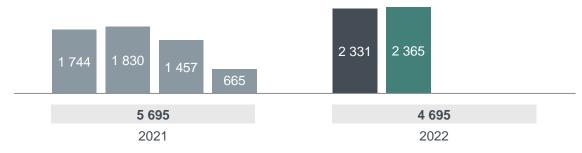
### Hydro Extrusions

Record results on higher recycling results and higher margins, partly offset by higher costs

Key figures	Q2 2022	Q2 2021	Q1 2022
External sales volumes, kmt	338	342	347
Adjusted EBITDA, NOK million	2 365	1 830	2 331
Adjusted EBIT, NOK million	1 600	1 266	1 587
Adjusted RoaCE, % LTM <sup>1)</sup>	12.0%	12.3%	11.3%

### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million



<sup>1)</sup> Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less 25% tax / Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.



#### Results Q2 22 vs Q2 21

- Higher recycling results driven by increase premiums
- Higher margins
- Increased variable and fixed costs, including ~NOK 200 million in extraordinary Covid bonus to employees

- Regular summer shutdowns in Europe
- Supply-chain volatility remains
- Increased market uncertainity

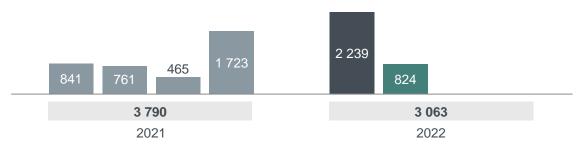
### Hydro Energy

Results up on record area price difference, largely offset by lower production

Key figures	Q2 2022	Q2 2021	Q1 2022
Power production, GWh	1 602	2 374	2 730
Net spot sales, GWh	(433)	334	986
Southwest Norway spot price (NO2), NOK/MWh	1 752	493	1 504
Adjusted EBITDA, NOK million	824	761	2 239
Adjusted EBIT, NOK million	777	713	2 192
Adjusted RoaCE, % LTM <sup>1),2)</sup>	36.9%	12.6%	35.0%

### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million



Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less tax/ Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.



#### Results Q2 22 vs Q2 21

- Record gain from large area price differences
- Lower production and net spot purchases

- Low production
- Average NO2 spot price 2 383 NOK/MWh in July<sup>3)</sup>
- Continued weak hydrology in Southern Norway
- Volume and price uncertainty, with continuing price area differences

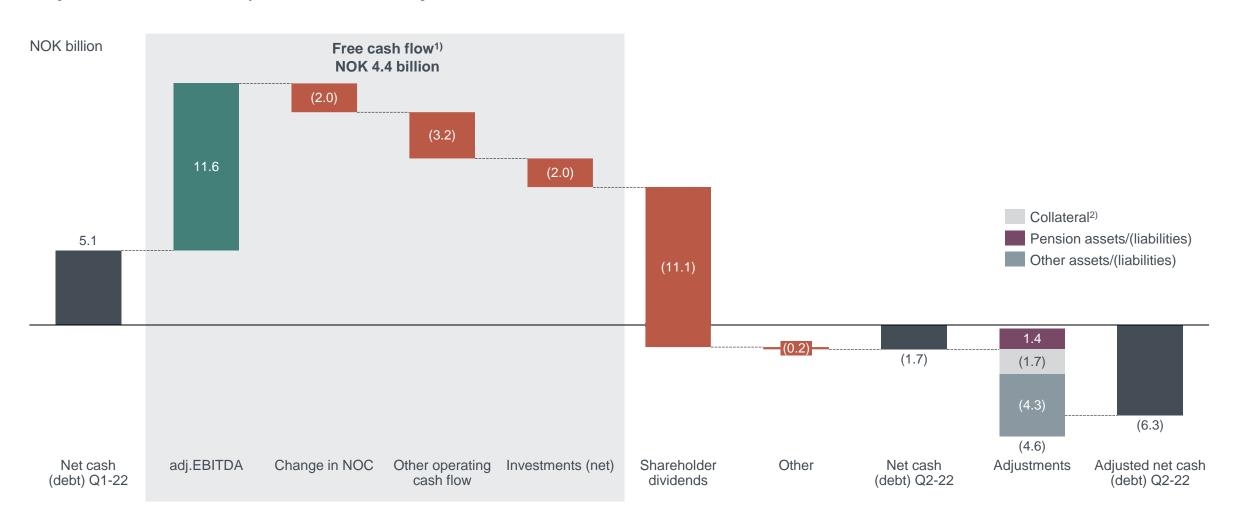
<sup>2) 40%</sup> tax rate applied for 2022 and 2021, 80% tax rate applied for 2019 and 2020

<sup>3) 01.07.2022 – 21.07.2022</sup> 

### From net cash to net debt driven by dividend payment



Adjusted net debt improved, driven by lower collateral

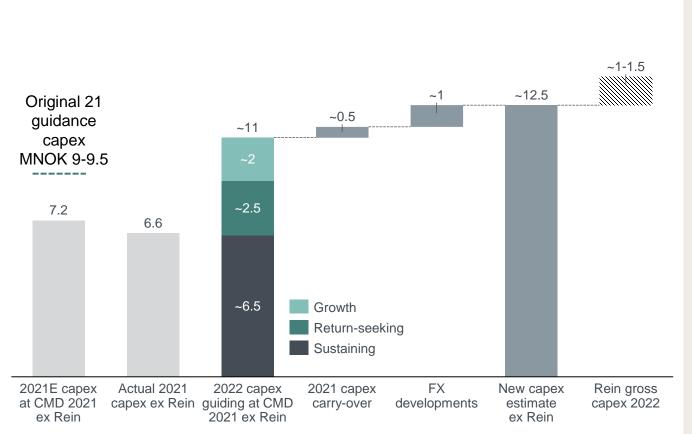


<sup>1)</sup> Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations, adjusted for changes in collateral and net purchases of money market funds, plus net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations, adjusted for purchases of / proceeds from sales of short-term investments
2) Collateral: Includes collateral for short-term and long-term liabilities, mainly related to strategic hedges and the operational hedging activity

### Updated capex guidance of ~NOK 12.5 billion for 2022



Potential acquisition of Alumetal will come on top of 2022 capex estimate



### **Updated capex guidance for 2022**

- 2022 FY guiding adjusted for 2021 carry over
- Weaker NOK lifts full-year estimate with NOK ~1 billion
- Gross REIN capex estimated at NOK 1-1.5 billion for 2022
  - Hydro Rein capital raise (IPO or alternative equity financing) expected in the second half of 2022
- In April, Hydro announced tender offer for the acquisition of 100% of Alumetal S.A
  - Equity purchase price of approximately 1.066 PLN million (approx. EUR 232 million)
  - The acquisition amount will come on top of the new 2022 capex estimate
  - Subscription period ends October 10, 2022

### 2024 hedge position increased during the quarter



### Aluminium hedges of 200-460 kt/yr 2022-24 in place

- 2022: 190 kt remaining at a price of ~2200 USD/t
  - H2-22 75 kt call-options as liquidity measure
- 2023: 460 kt hedged at a price of ~2200 USD/t
  - 75 kt call-options as liquidity measure
- 2024: 250 kt hedged at a price of ~2600 USD/t
- Pricing mainly in NOK, with USD hedges converted to NOK via USD/NOK derivatives
- Corresponding raw material exposure partially secured using financial derivatives or physical contracts

#### **B&A and AM BRL/USD Hedge**

- USD 1109 million sold forward for 2021-2024
  - USD 339 million 2022 at rate 5.53
  - USD 330 million 2023 at rate 6.03
  - USD 253 million 2024 at rate 6.23
- Aim to reduce volatility and uncertainty in Alunorte and Albras cash flows, as well as support robust cost curve positions



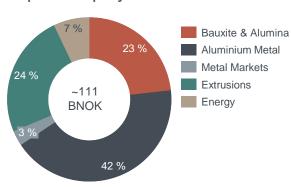
### Utilizing Hydro's hedging policy to deliver on strategic ambitions

- Flexibility to hedge in certain cases
  - Support strong cost position
  - Strong margins in historical perspective, e.g., supporting RoaCE target
  - Larger investments

### Capital return dashboard Q2 2022



#### Capital employed1)



Capital returns adj. RoaCE

26.5%2)

Balance sheet adj. ND/EBITDA

0.23

Free cash flow YTD 2022

6.2 BNOK<sup>4)</sup>

Improvement program

6.7 BNOK realized YTD 2022

Net operating capital

8.1 BNOK cash build YTD 2022

Capex

3.5 BNOK spent YTD 2022

2022 guidance of NOK ~12.5 billion

2021 Distribution

NOK 5.4 per share (paid) NOK 1.45 per share (proposed) NOK 2 billion buyback (proposed)

3.4 NOK/share ordinary dividend3.45 NOK/share extraordinary dividend

<sup>1)</sup> Graph excludes (4.5) BNOK in capital employed in Other & Eliminations

<sup>)</sup> Adj.RoaCE calculated as adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less underlying tax expense adjusted for 30% tax on financial items / average capital employed last 4 quarters

<sup>3)</sup> Average adjusted net debt last 4 quarters / total adjusted EBITDA last 4 quarters.

Free cash flow – operating cash flow excl. collateral and net purchases of money market funds, less investing cash flow excl. sales/purchases of short-term investments



## Market

## Macro trends and favorable properties drive aluminium demand



Hydro's strategic direction aims to realize full potential of aluminium's strong qualities and versatility



#### **Aluminium**

- ✓ Lightness and strength
- ✓ Durability and formability
- ✓ Corrosion resistance
- Conductivity
- Recyclability
- X Energy-intensity



#### **Steel**

- Strength and durability
- Recyclability
- ✓ Price
- X Weight
- **X** Corrosion
- X Energy-intensity



#### Copper

- Conductivity
- Corrosion resistance
- Recyclability
- X Price
- × Weight
- X Energy-intensity



#### **Composites**

- ✓ Lightness
- ✓ Strength
- X Price
- X Recyclability
- X Climate footprint
- X Energy-intensity



#### **PVC**

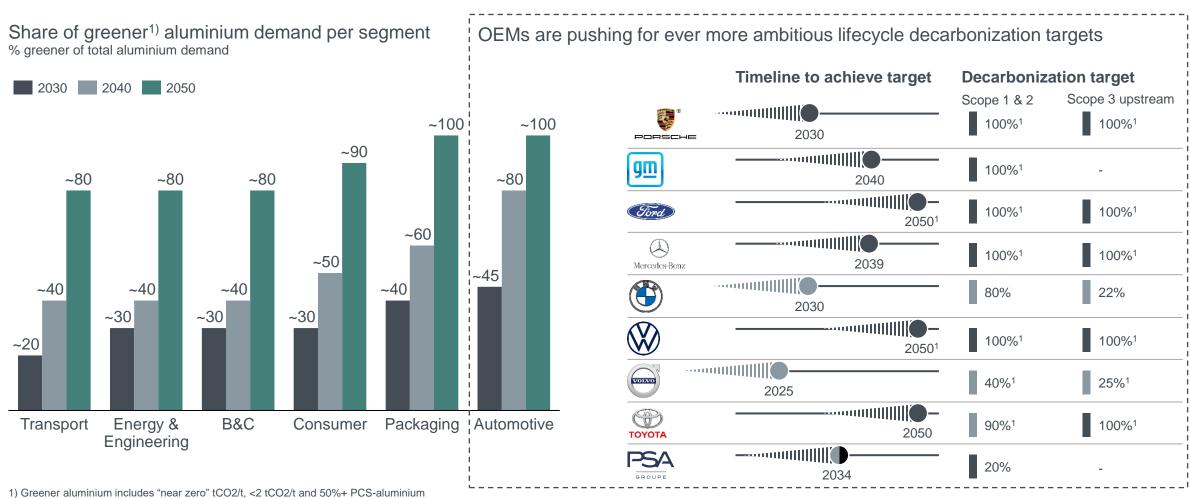
- ✓ Lightness and formability
- ✓ Corrosion resistance
- ✓ Price
- X Climate footprint
- X Recyclability
- **X** Durability

For illustrative purposes only

### Expecting strong demand for greener aluminium



Ambitious abatement targets driving demand in all sectors but especially Automotive OEMs

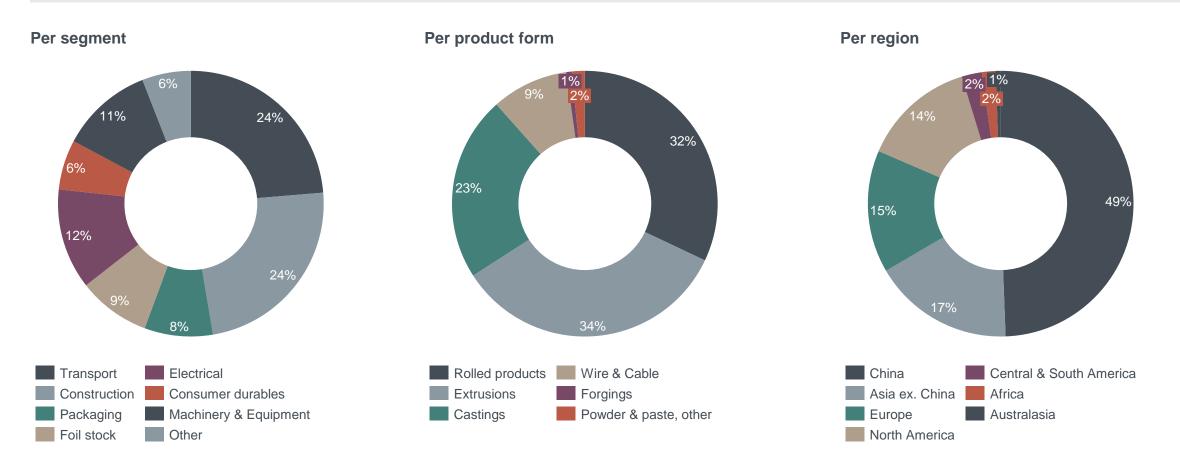


<sup>1)</sup> Greener aluminium includes "near zero" tCO2/t, <2 tCO2/t and 50%+ PCS-aluminium Source: McKinsey market analysis (high level estimate)

### Transport & construction key semis demand segments



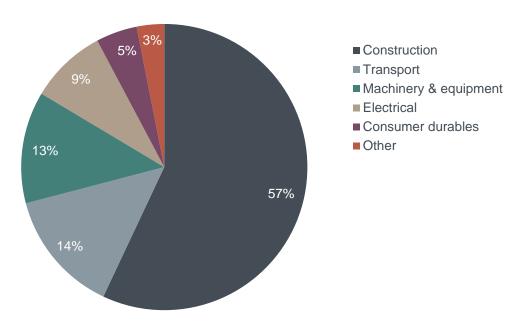
#### Global semis demand 2021: ~93 million tonnes



Source: CRU, Hydro Analysis

# Segment composition in extruded

Global segment composition, extrusions (2021)

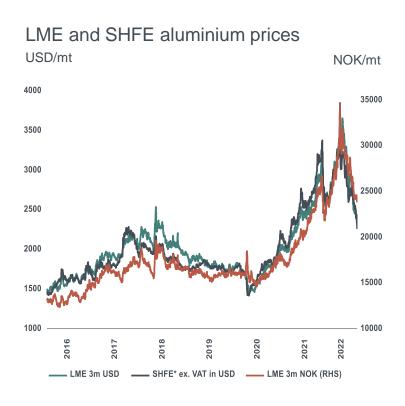


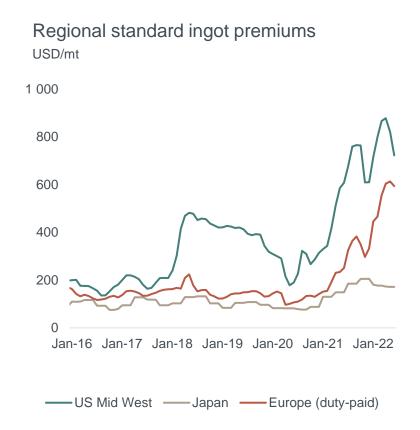


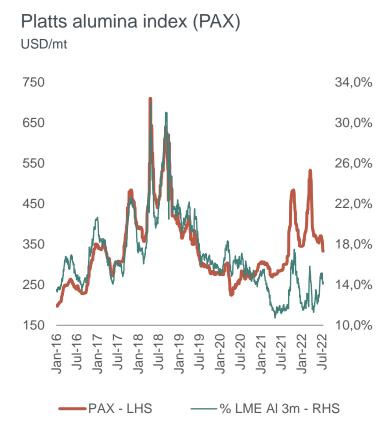
Source: CRU, Hydro Analysis

### Revenue drivers through Q2 2022







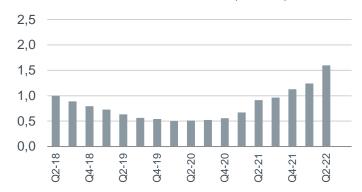


Source: Metal Bulletin, Platts, Reuters Ecowin, Hydro analysis

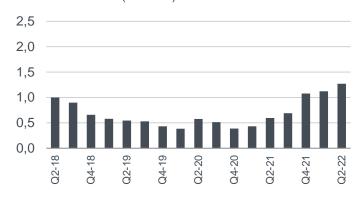
### Market raw material costs in Q2



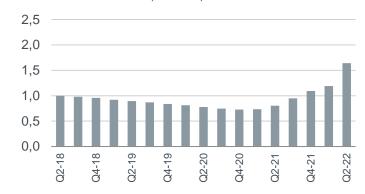
Petroleum coke FOB USG (indexed)



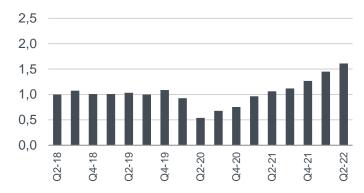
Caustic soda (indexed)



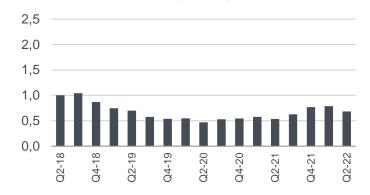
Pitch FOB USG (indexed)



Fuel oil A1 (Indexed)



Alumina PAX index (indexed)



Steam coal (indexed)

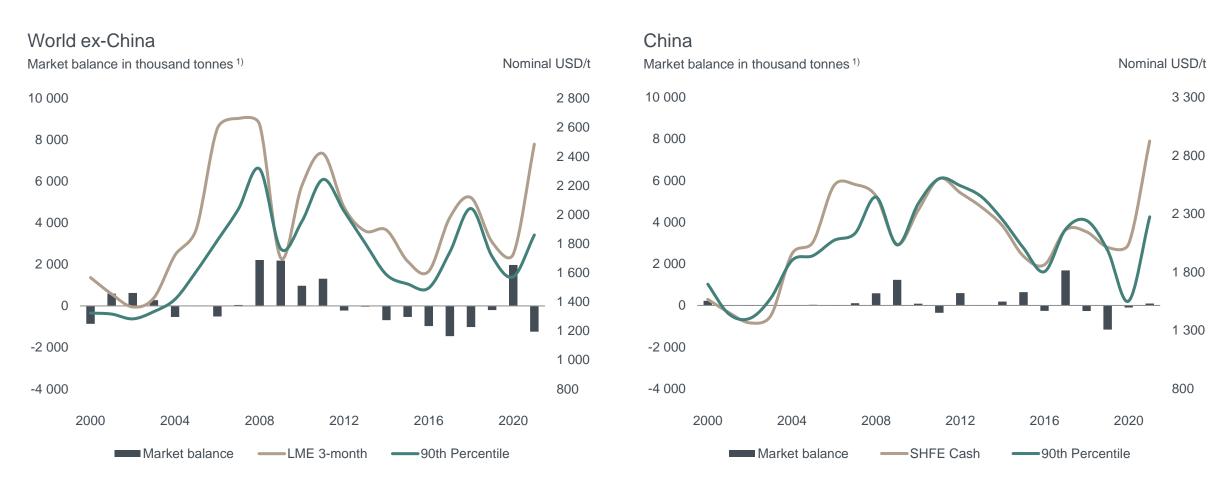


Source: Thomson Reuters, PACE, IHS Markit, Platts, ANP, CRU

## Large spread between LME and 90th percentile smelters



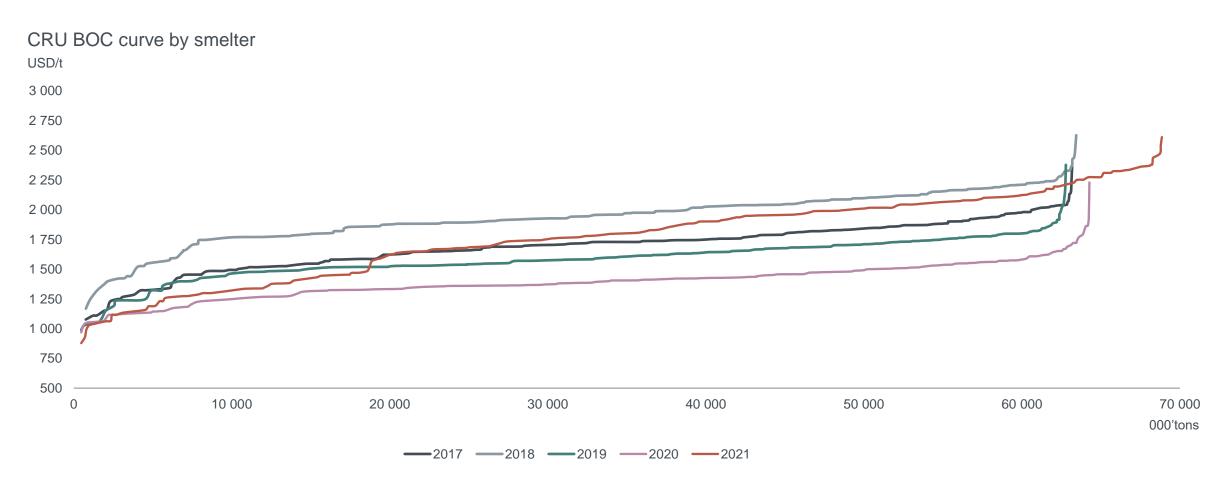
Primary metal market



## Global cost curve increases in 2021 on recovering raw material and energy prices



Primary metal market

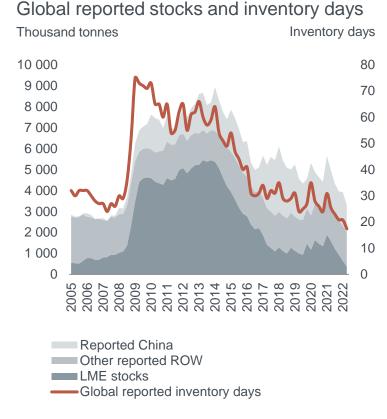


Source: Republished under license from CRU International Ltd

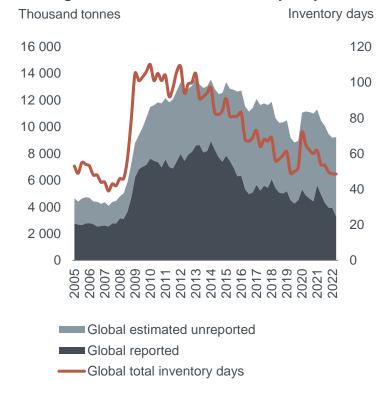
### Total global inventory days stabilized as demand weakens



### Primary metal market



#### Total global stocks and inventory days

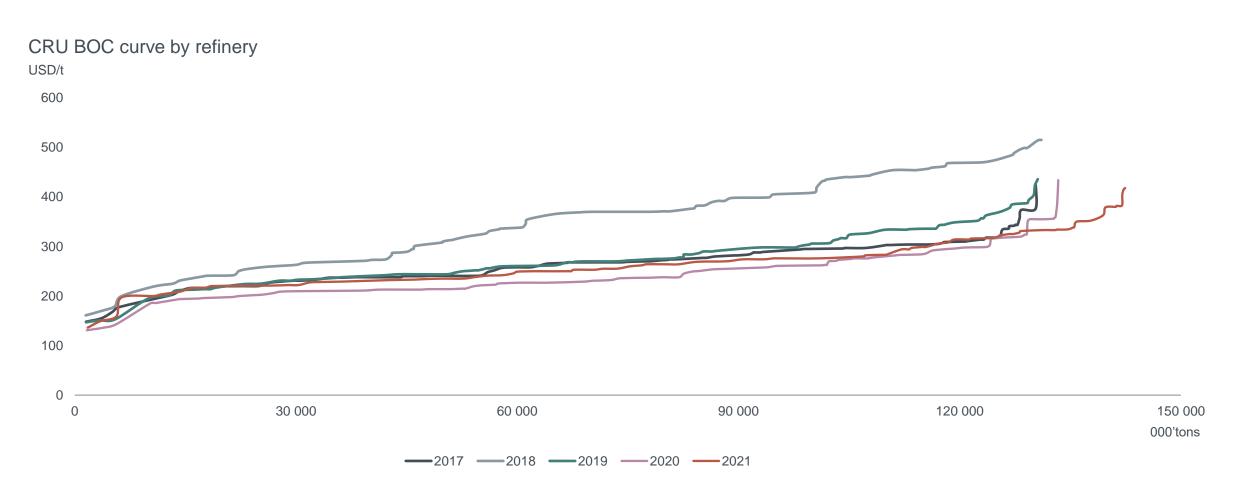


- Total stocks increased in Q2 2022
  - Unreported stocks increased as demand fades and supply in China remains strong
  - · Supply outside of China remains weak
- LME stocks decreased continuously since the beginning of 2021, on warrant stocks lowest level since start of data collection
- High uncertainty regarding absolute level of unreported volumes

Source: CRU, Hydro Analysis

## Global cost curve increases in 2021 on higher energy & raw material prices Alumina market



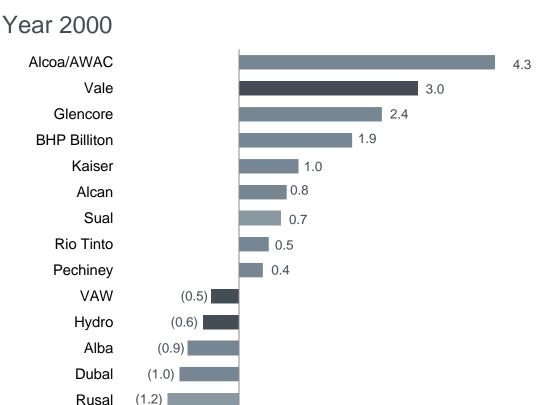


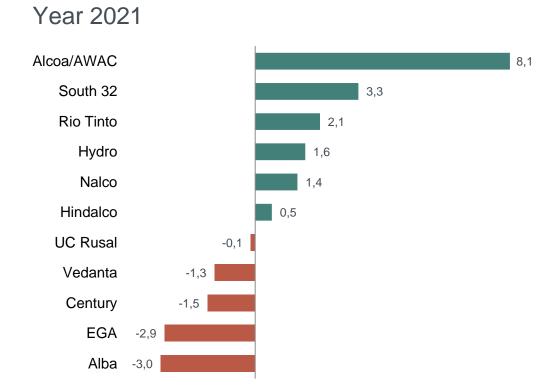
36 Source: Republished under license from CRU International Ltd

# Alumina market consolidating, becoming more integrated



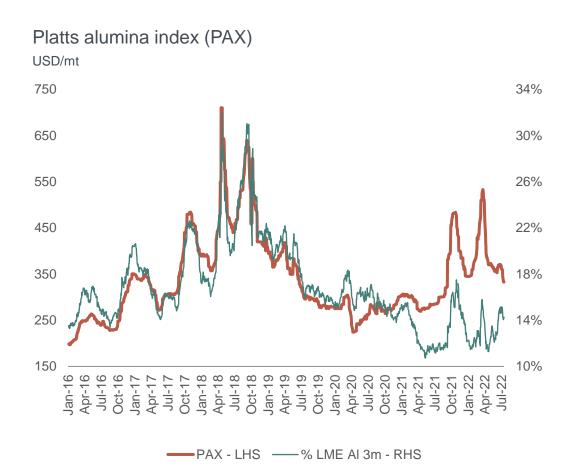
Estimated net equity alumina position, in million tonnes

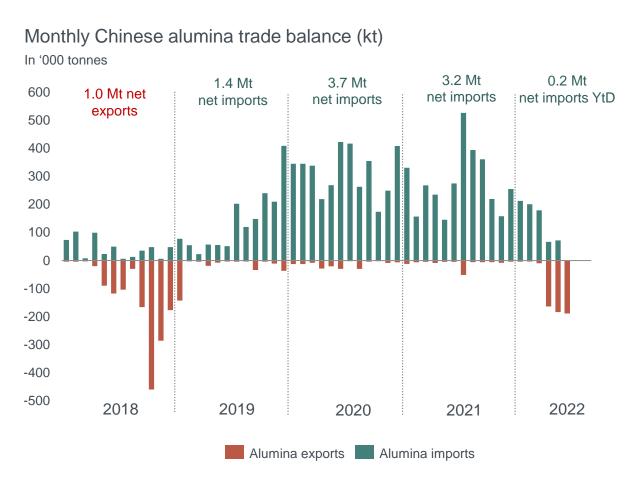




## Alumina prices volatile; China net alumina exports in O2'22





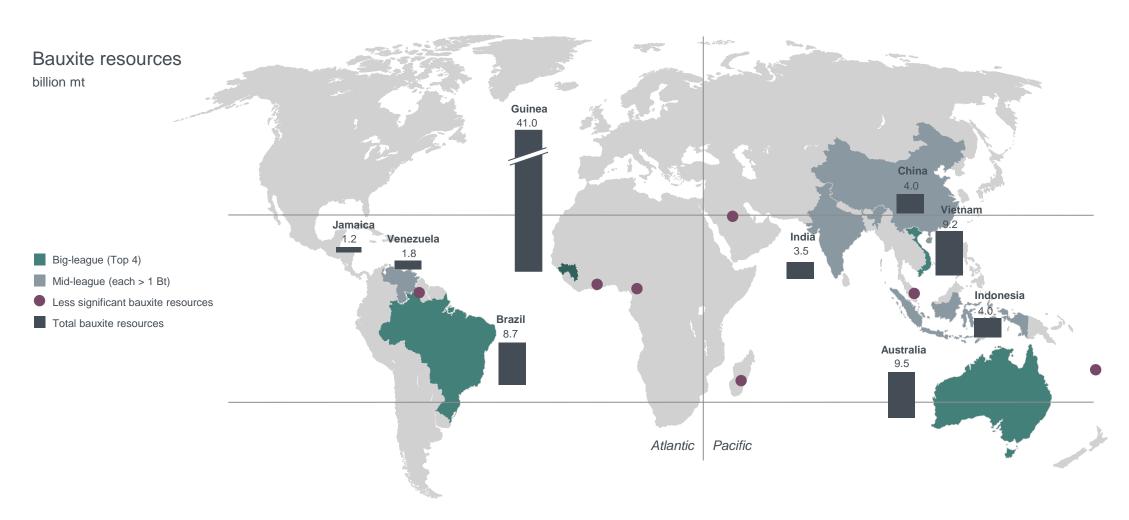


Source: Platts, Bloomberg, China customs, IHS Markit, Hydro analysis

### Large and concentrated bauxite resources



#### Guinea stands out as a long-term source



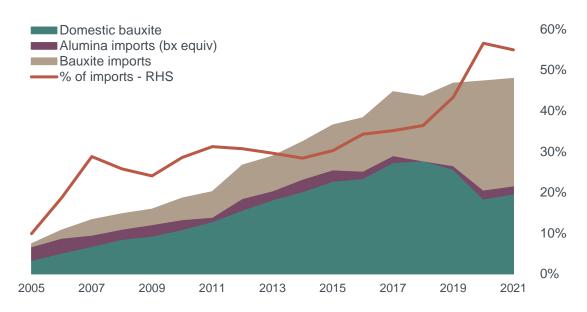
Source: Hydro analysis, CM Group

### China increasingly reliant on bauxite imports



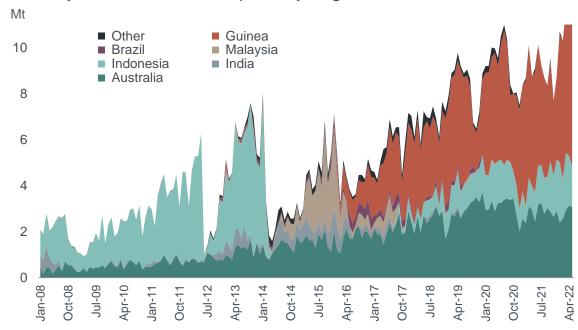
#### Guinea bauxite increasingly satisfying Chinese demand

#### Growing need for bauxite imports amid domestic depletion



- Decreasing Chinese bauxite availability and increasing costs triggering more bauxite imports
  - · Chinese bauxite quality deteriorating
  - Domestic bauxite supply risk increasing

#### Monthly Chinese bauxite imports by origin



- Guinea bauxite production has increased significantly
  - · Atlantic-sourced seaborne bauxite continues to grow, adding freight exposure



## Sustainability

### Sustainability: the basis for future position and profitability







Net zero products, net zero company, net zero society

Environment



Protect biodiversity and reduce our environmental footprint

Society



Improve the lives and livelihoods wherever we operate

# Climate: Solutions for eliminating emissions from our products, our operations and society



#### Net Zero Products



Deliver zero carbon aluminium products and solutions to customers

Circular and primary pathways

### Net Zero Hydro



Remove emissions from own operations

### Net Zero Society







Reduce and avoid emissions in society through climate-friendly solutions

Renewables – energy storage – green hydrogen

### Primary path: HalZero and CCS

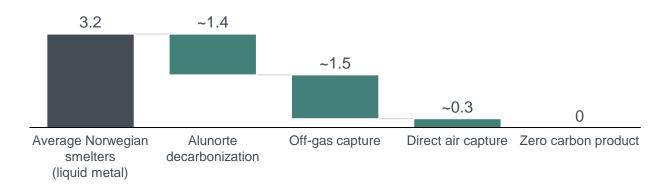


#### Technologies ready for pilot phase

#### Carbon capture and storage

decarbonizing existing smelters

Tonnes CO2e / tonne aluminium, scope 1 and 2 emissions, liquid metal

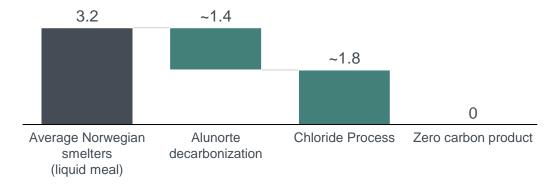


- Can reduce electrolysis emissions by 100% through a combination of off-gas capture and direct air capture
- Suited for decarbonization and securing value of existing smelters
- Access to infrastructure (transport and storage)
- Public/private partnership for industrialization

#### HalZero chloride process

technology for decarbonizing greenfield developments

Tonnes CO2e / tonne aluminium, scope 1 and 2 emissions, liquid metal



- Full decarbonization of smelting process
- Eliminating emissions for both electrolysis and anode baking
- Relevant application for new capacity post 2030
- Public/private partnership for industrialization

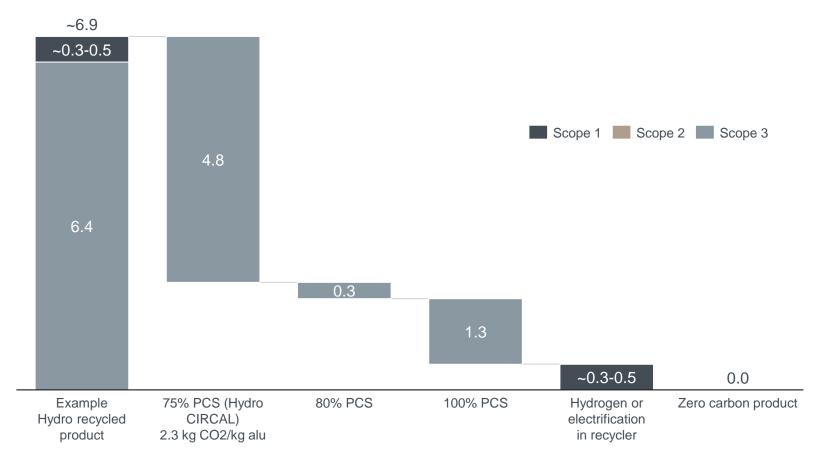
### Circular path producing near zero volumes by 2022



Post Consumer Scrap (PCS): scaling up volumes in line with market demand

#### **PCS** Decarbonization

Tonnes CO2e / tonne aluminium

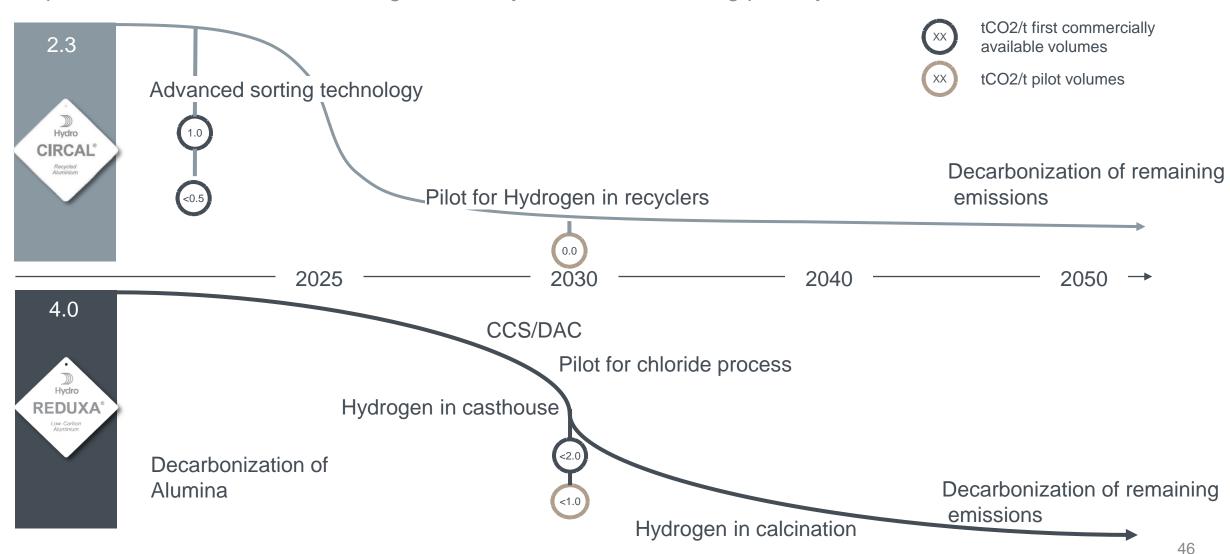


- Going deeper in the scrap pile to lift profitability
  - Laser-based sorting (LIBS)
  - Screw extruder
- Recycling friendly alloys
- Renewable fuel for scrap melting
- Scrap sourcing
- Customer collaboration

### Net zero products: Market-paced approach



Capitalize on market demand through circularity while decarbonizing primary value chain



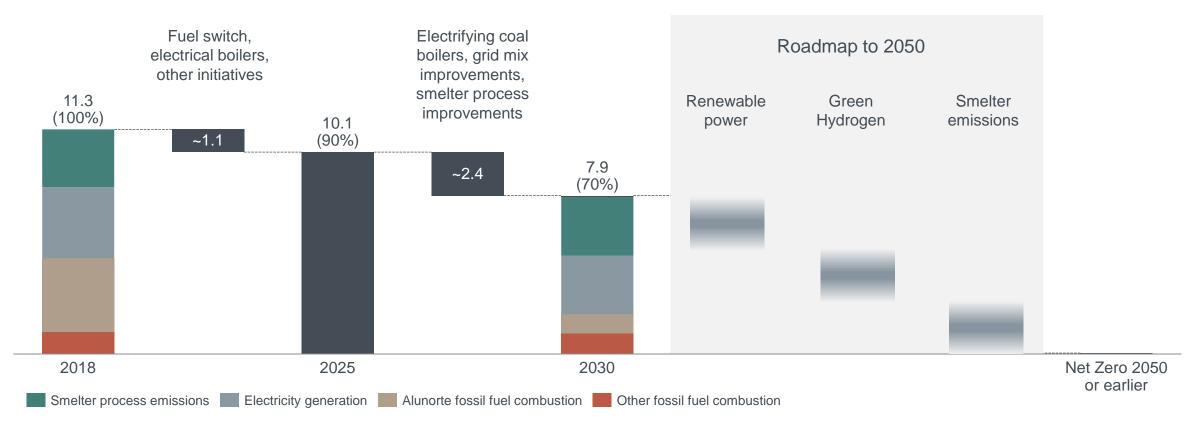
### Net zero Hydro: The roadmap



On track to achieve 30% carbon emissions reduction by 2030 and net zero by 2050 or earlier

#### GHG emissions – ownership equity

Million tonnes CO2 (% of 2018 baseline emissions)



### Well positioned to deliver on our climate ambition



Hydro's unique position to capture commercial value from decarbonization

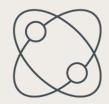


## Circular solutions

Fastest way to near-zero carbon products at scale

Profitable growth – Recycling RoACE above Hydro average

**EBITDA** uplift



## Technology leadership

PCS technology ready for industrialization

Solutions to remove process emissions ready for piloting



## **Customer** collaboration

Leading position in high growth market segments

Shaping demand for greener products

Co-developing lower carbon and circular solutions with customers



## Partnerships and funding

Strong track record of partnering

Credibility to seek public funding and partner for industrialization

Green finance

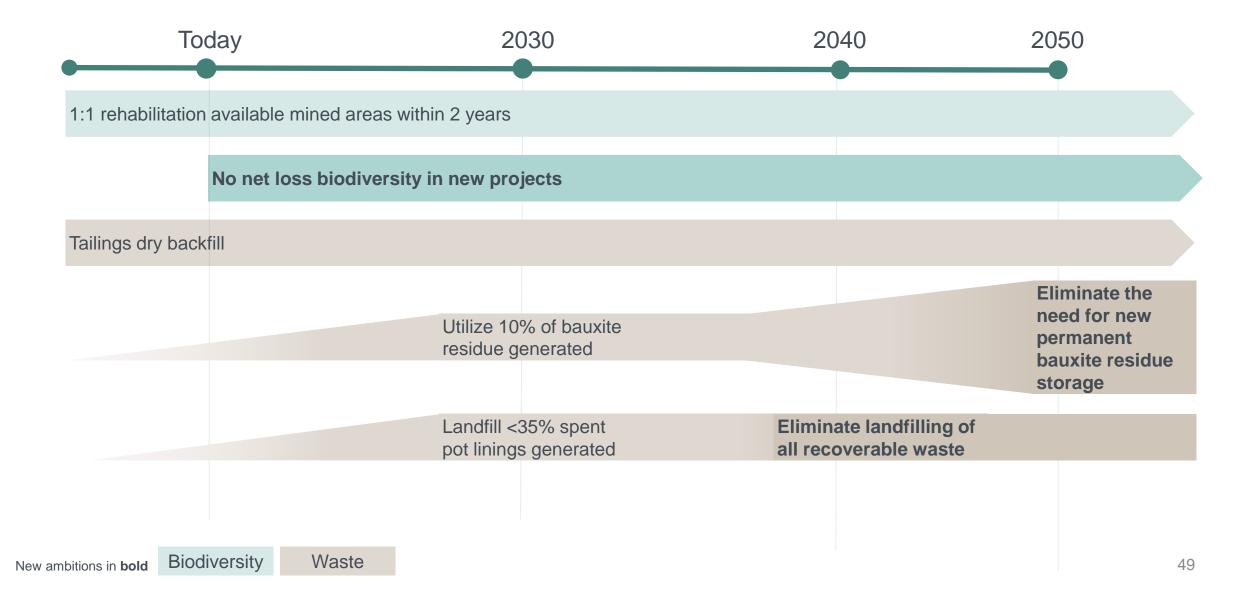


#### Policy and regulations

Create a global level playing field – Incentivize electrification and decarbonization of industries and markets

### Environment: Protect biodiversity and eliminate waste

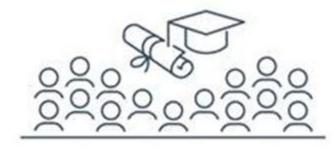




# Social: Improve lives and livelihoods wherever we operate



## Invest in education



Equip people with essential skills for future economy

Empower 500,000 people with education and skills development by 2030

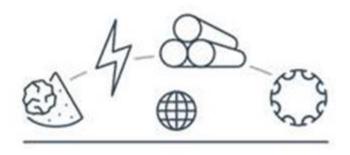
Support just transition



Contribute to economic and social development in communities where we operate

**Business-specific targets** 

## Responsible supply chain



Ensure transparency and responsible business practices in our supply chains



Transparency and traceability of key sustainability data for our products



## Business overview



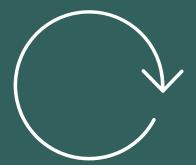
Hydro – Group





### **Profitability**

ROACE > 10%

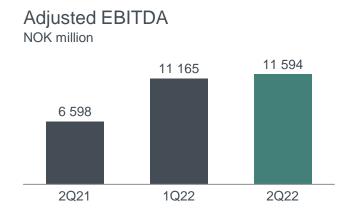


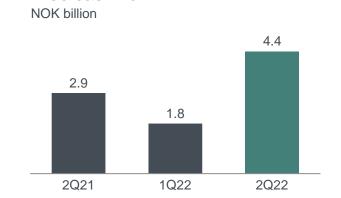
## Sustainability

CO<sub>2</sub> - 30%

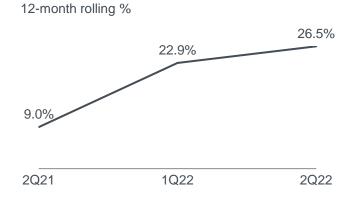
### Key performance metrics | Q2 2022





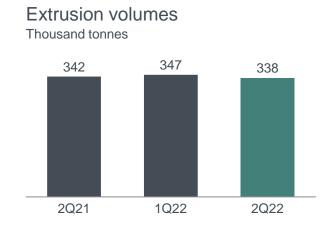


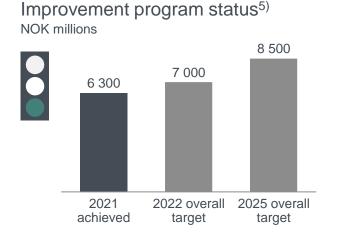
Free cash flow<sup>1)</sup>



Adjusted RoaCE<sup>2)</sup>







3) RoaCE 2020 includes Rolling

<sup>1) 2020</sup> restated as adjusted EBITDA

 <sup>2)</sup> Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations, adjusted for 5) changes in collateral and net purchases of money market funds, plus net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations, adjusted for purchases of / proceeds from sales of short-term investments
 6)

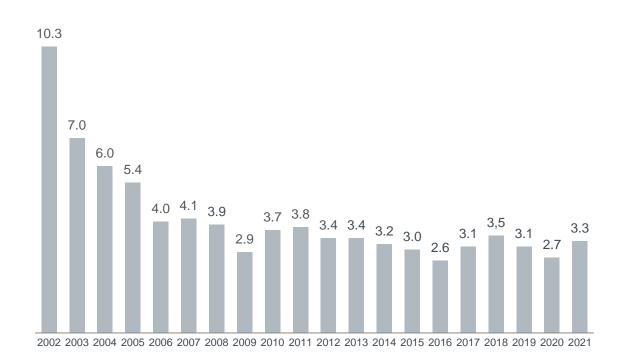
Realized alumina price minus adjusted EBITDA for B&A, per mt alumina sales
Realized all-in aluminium price (incl. strategic hedge program) less adjusted EBITDA margin, incl Qatalum, per mt
aluminium sold. Implied primary cost and margin rounded to nearest USD 25
Improvement program target and progress excluding Hydro Rolling

### Safe and responsible operations is a top priority



Leadership in HSE, CSR and compliance as a license to operate

#### TRI Rate<sup>1)</sup>



























# Hydro: a resource rich global aluminium company

Hydro adjusted EBITDA quarterly, NOK billion<sup>1)</sup>



- Amounts are as disclosed for the individual years reflecting the accounting policies applied for those years and Hydro's definition of APMs applied for the relevant years.
- 2) 2021 excluding Hydro Rolling (2014-2020 as reported)
- 3) As per Feb 21, 2022



### The aluminium value chain



World class assets, high-end products and leading market positions

### Raw materials processing and energy



#### **Bauxite & Alumina**

- High quality Gibsite bauxite
- Bauxite capacity 10.8 million tonnes (100% Paragominas and 5% MRN)
- World's largest alumina refinery outside China with capacity of 6.3 million tonnes
- Long-term sourcing contracts for bauxite and alumina



#### **Energy**

- Long-term power supply secured in Norway
- Norway's third largest operator of hydropower with 12.9 TWh
- Norway's fifth largest hydropower producer –
  - ~9.4 TWh normal renewable energy production
- Ownership in Lyse Kraft DA, the third largest hydro power producer
- New business opportunities within renewable and batteries/storage solutions

### Primary aluminium production, marketing and recycling



#### **Aluminium Metal**

- · 2.3 million tonnes primary capacity
- Karmøy Technology Pilot testing world's most climate and energy efficient aluminium production
- · High LME and USD sensitivity
- Improving cost position
- Leading in technology



#### **Metal Markets**

- ~3.3 million tonnes (primary, remelt, recycling and cold metal)
- · Expertise in materials
- Flexible system
- Strengthening recycling position
- High share value-add products
- Strong marketing organization
- Risk management
- Strong market positions in Europe, Asia and the US

#### Aluminium in products



#### **Extrusions**

- 1.3 million tonnes
- No. 1 position in North America and Europe
- Solid foothold in emerging markets

### Strong global presence throughout the aluminium value chain



Bauxite & Alumina

Built on market understanding, customer closeness and competence

#### The complete aluminium company

- · High-quality bauxite and alumina production in Brazil
- · Primary production in Norway, Germany, Qatar, Slovakia, Brazil, Canada, Australia
- 9.4 TWh captive hydropower production
- World leader in aluminium extruded profiles
- Remelting in the US, European recycling network
- Unparalleled technology and R&D organization



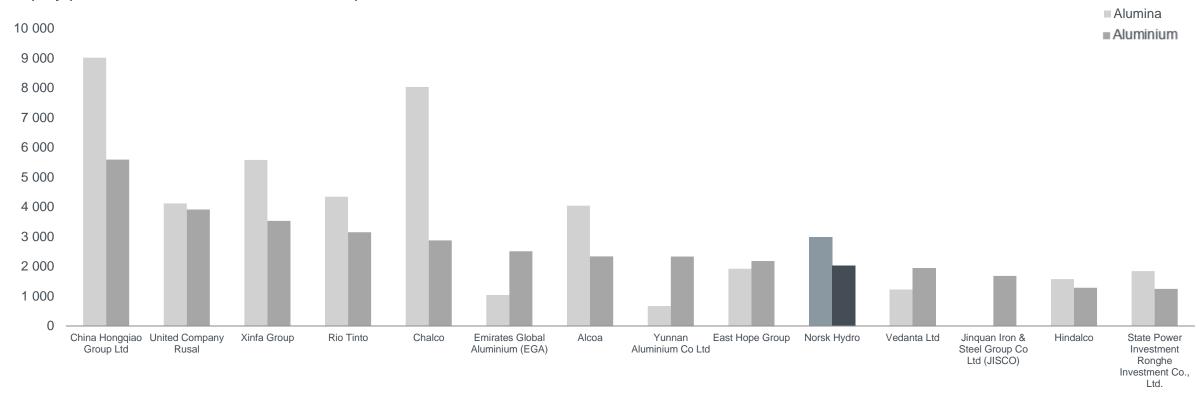
3) Primary Foundry Alloys

<sup>2)</sup> Extrusion ingot, sheet ingot, primary foundry alloys and wire rod

# Hydro - the fifth largest aluminium producer outside China



Equity production in 2021 in aluminium equivalents, thousand tonnes



Source: CRU Hydro with Alunorte at 6.3 million mt Ala to Al conversion factor: 1.925

### Progress made on the 2025 strategy



Seizing opportunities where our capabilities match the megatrends

1 Strengthen position in low-carbon aluminium



2 Diversify and grow in new energy



### Strengthen position in low-carbon aluminium



Improvement program, commercial ambition and recycling investments key strategic levers

#### Cost-competitive asset base



- Safety and operational excellence
- 1st quartile cost positions upstream
- Continuous improvement and optimization of portfolio

#### Commercial uplift



- · New products, including greener brands
- · Market share in attractive segments
- Margin expansion in customer projects
- Substitution potential

#### Recycling growth



- Double post-consumer scrap use by 2025
- Develop recycling value chain from sourcing to products and customers
- Strong market position across value chain



# Hydro Energy aims to be the renewable energy leader enabling decarbonization of industry



1 With renewables, energy efficiency and electrification we can tackle 70% of global emissions

2 Green hydrogen to address 30% from 'hard to abate' sectors

World-class energy competence center



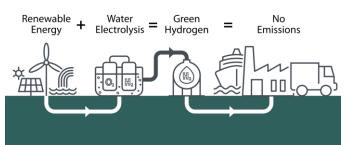
REIN Hydro



**Batteries** 



HAVRAND D



The renewable energy leader enabling the decarbonization and energy transition for industries

### Capital allocated according to strategic modes



Strategic modes reflect global megatrends and high-return opportunities

### Safe, compliant and efficient operations - The Hydro Way



Businesses

Strategic mode

**Towards 2025** 



B&A

Sustain and improve

Reduce risk, improve sustainability footprint, improve on cost position



**Aluminium Metal** 

Sustain and improve

Robust and greener, increase product flexibility, improve cost position



Recycling

Selective growth

Substantial shift in conversion of postconsumer scrap



**Energy** 

Selective growth

Grow in batteries and renewables



Extrusions

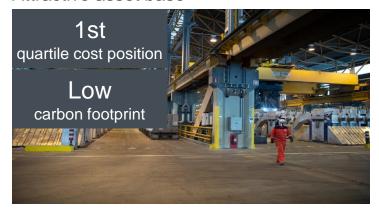
Selective growth

Platform strategy executed, selective growth

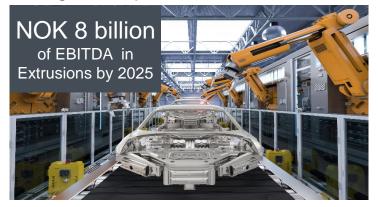
### Why invest in Hydro?



#### Attractive asset base



#### Strong market position



#### Leadership in greener aluminium



#### Profitable growth journey

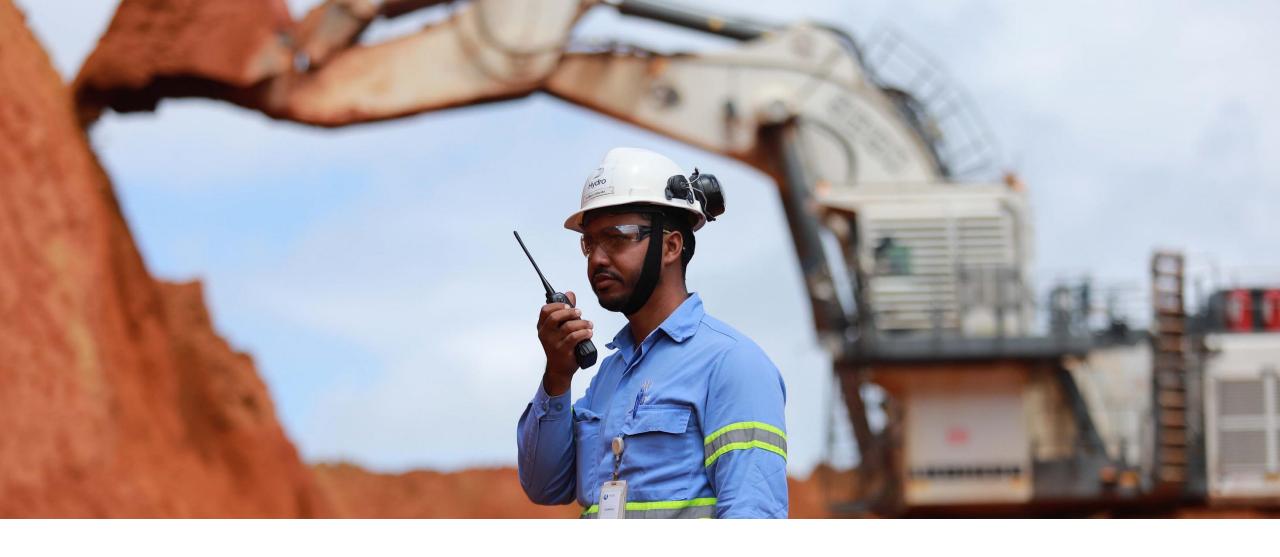


#### Strong balance sheet and shareholder focus



#### Sustainability position





Bauxite & Alumina

### Bauxite and alumina cluster in Para, Brazil



#### MRN bauxite mine



- · Top 3 bauxite mine in the world
- 5% ownership
- Volume off-take agreement for Vale's 40% stake
- 2020 production 12.9 mill tonnes

#### Paragominas bauxite mine



- 100% ownership
- Nameplate capacity of 9.9 million tonnes
- 2017 production 11.4 million tonnes
- 2018 production 6.2 million tonnes\*
- 2019 production 7.4 million tonnes\*
- 2020 production 8.6 million tonnes
- · Long-life resource

#### **Alunorte alumina refinery**



- 92% ownership
- World's largest alumina refinery outside China
- Nameplate capacity of 6.3 million tonnes
- 2017 production
   6.4 million tonnes
- 2018 production
   3.7 million tonnes\*
- 2019 production
   4.5 million tonnes\*
- 2020 production 5.5 million tonnes

- Bauxite supplied from Paragominas and MRN
- World-class conversion cost position
- Utilizing state-of-the-art press filter technology to process bauxite residue
- Enhancing plant robustness to prepare for extreme weather events

Bauxite licenses

Refining and mining competencies

External supply contracts

Sales contract portfolio

<sup>\*</sup> Alunorte and Paragominas produced at 50% capacity from March 2018 to May 2019 due to a 50% production embargo on the Alunorte refinery. The production embargo was lifted in May 2019.

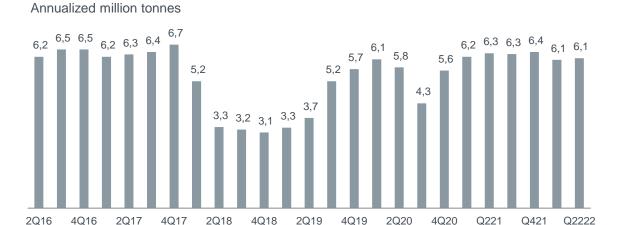
# Improved production after extended pipeline maintenance in Q3 2020



#### Bauxite production in Paragominas



#### Alumina production at Alunorte



#### Paragominas bauxite mine

- Production affected by Alunorte embargo from March 2018 May 2019
- Production affected by extended pipeline maintenance from August to October 2020

#### Alunorte alumina refinery

- Production affected by 50% Alunorte embargo from March 2018 May 2019
- Production affected by extended pipeline maintenance from August to October 2020

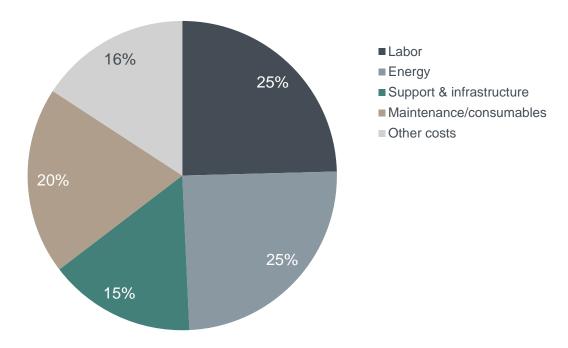
<sup>\*</sup> Extended maintenance period in March / April 2015 resulted in lower bauxite production

### Bauxite operational mining costs in Paragominas



- Energy cost Power and fuel
- Large fixed cost base
- Labor cost
  - Influenced by Brazilian wage level
- Maintenance and consumables
  - Mainly influenced by Brazilian inflation

#### Indicative Paragominas bauxite mining costs

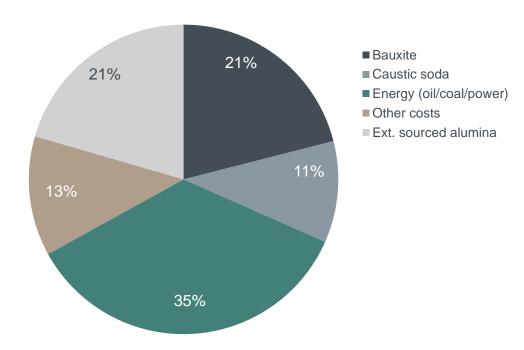


### Favorable integrated alumina cost position



- Implied alumina cost 2021 USD 249 per mt<sup>1)</sup>
  - · Alunorte, Paragominas and external alumina sourcing for resale
- Bauxite
  - Internal bauxite from Paragominas at cost, sourced bauxite from MRN
  - External bauxite sales
- Energy
  - · Energy mix of heavy fuel oil, coal and electric power
- Caustic soda
  - Competitive caustic soda consumption due to bauxite quality
  - · Competitive caustic soda sourcing contracts
- Other costs
  - · Maintenance, labor and services

#### Indicative implied alumina cost composition



## Strong commercial organization maximizing the value of B&A assets



#### **External alumina sourcing**

- 2.0-2.5 million mt of external alumina sourced annually
- Long term off-take agreement with Rio Tinto
  - ~900 000 mt annually from Yarwun refinery
- Short and medium-term contracts
  - To balance and optimize position geographically
  - · Various pricing mechanisms
    - Older contracts linked to LME
    - · New medium to long term contracts mostly index
    - · Fixed USD per mt for spot contracts on index

#### Long positions in bauxite and alumina

- Pricing should reflect bauxite and alumina market fundamentals
- Selling surplus MRN bauxite externally
  - · Premium for high bauxite product quality
  - Majority sold to customers in the Atlantic basin
  - Mostly term contracts based on % of PAX and/or fixed USD/mt element
- Selling 3-4 million mt/yr of alumina externally
  - Index pricing and short to medium-term contracts
  - New contracts: 100% sold on index, except Hydrate and short-term contracts, normal terms 1-5 years
  - Legacy LME-linked contracts: priced at ~14% of LME 3M

# Shift of alumina sales to index-based pricing continues at full speed



Index pricing the new norm for the industry

Sales exposure to index and short term pricing<sup>1)</sup>



<sup>1)</sup> Rounded figures. Indicating volumes available for index pricing. Includes minority sales priced at % of LME with floor. Based on annual sourced volumes of around 2.5 mill t, assuming normal production at Alunorte.

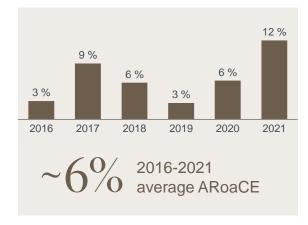
### Capital return dashboard for Bauxite & Alumina



Returns below the cost of capital reflecting challenging markets, embargo and operational issues during the early years

#### Capital employed in B&A





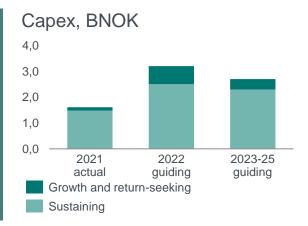




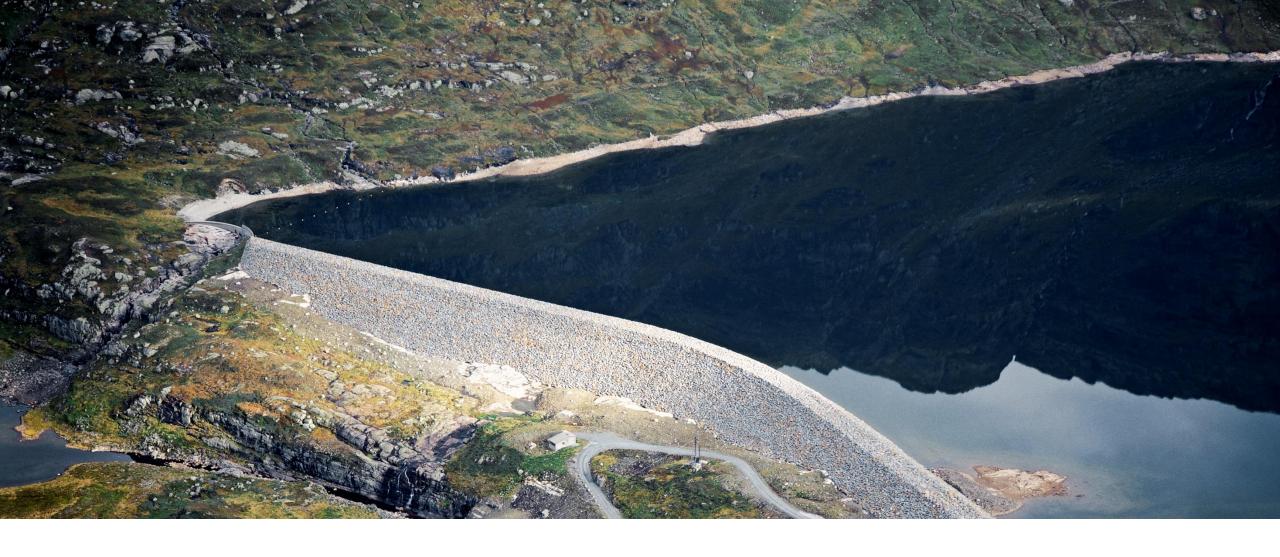
3.0 + 0.2 BNOK

on EBITDA by 2025 in improvement potential

Fuel switch
project improving
Alunorte's
competitiveness and
sustainability





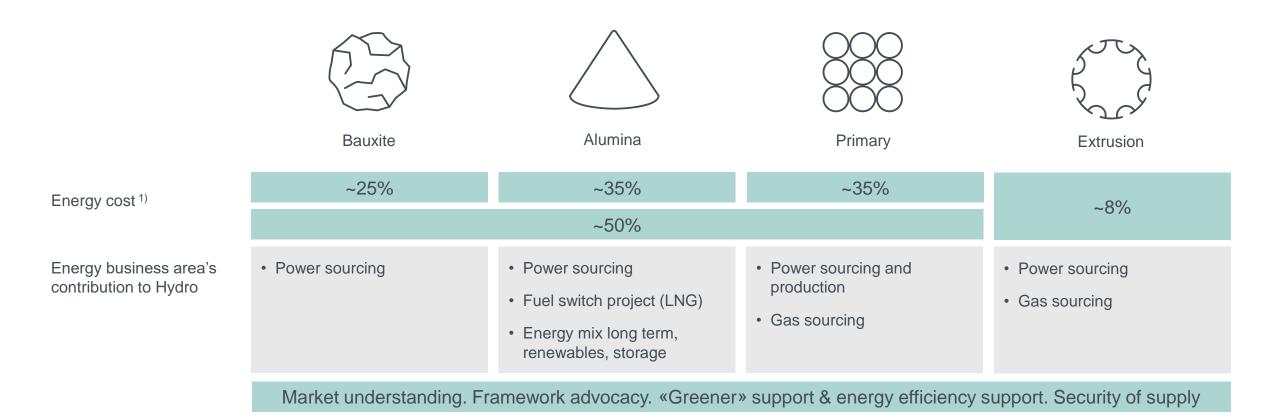


## Energy

## Energy is a key differentiator in the aluminium industry



Center of energy excellence in Hydro



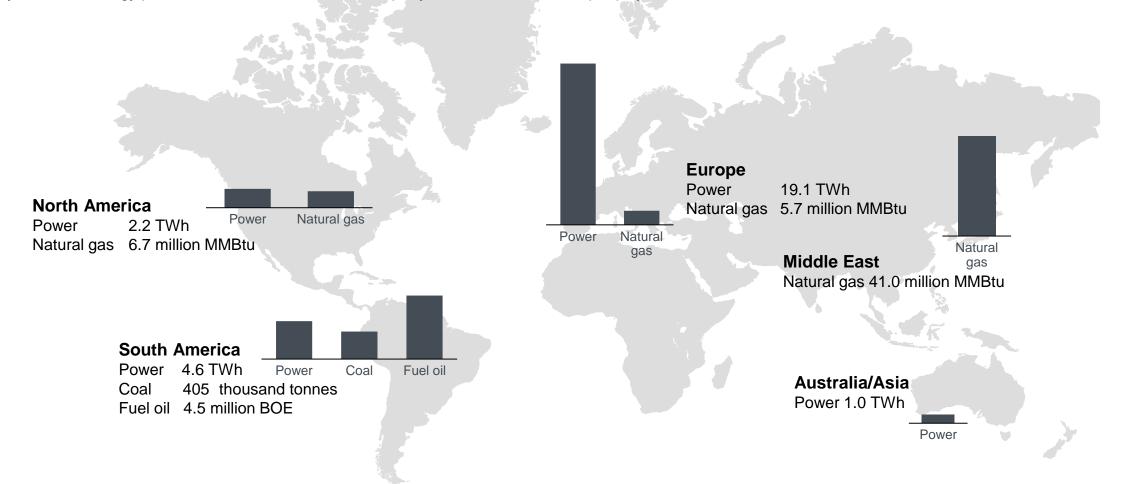
1) Share of Business Operating Cash Cost

### Hydro's global primary energy demand



Spanning the entire aluminium value chain, all global regions and energy carriers

Hydro's total energy portfolio amounts to 214 million GJ per year based on ownership equity



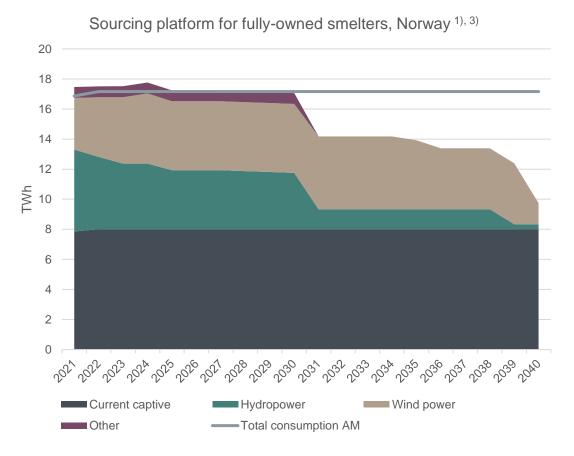
Primary energy is defined as energy production plus energy imports, minus energy exports.

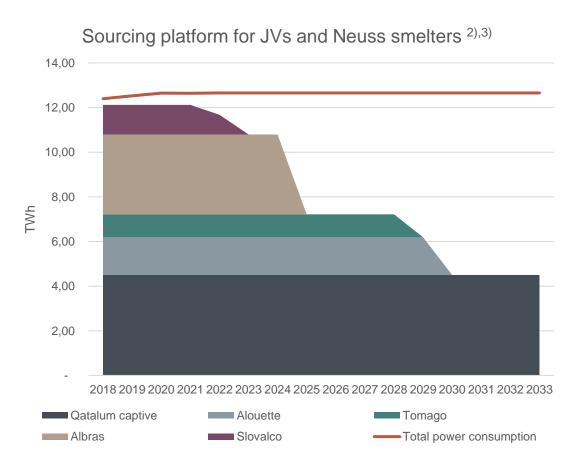
Values are listed in its conventional trading unit. Electrical energy: 1 MWh = 3.6 GJ, MMBtu = Million British thermal units = 1.06 GJ, ton=metric ton thermal coal = 28 GJ, BOE= Barrel of Oil Equivalent = 6.12 GJ. Bar charts are represented in the equivalent primary energy size for each category.

## Securing long-term competitive power sourcing for smelters



Unique combination of hydro and wind power





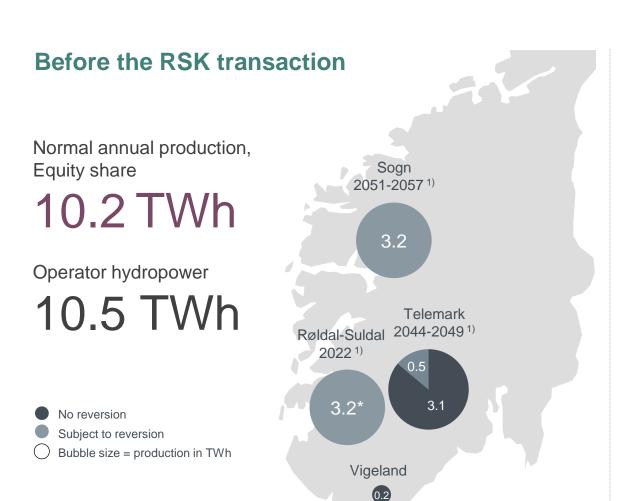
3) Adjusted for sale of rolled products

<sup>1)</sup> Net ~8 TWh captive assumed available for smelters

<sup>2)</sup> Hydro Share: Qatalum captive(50%), Alouette(20%), Tomago (12.4%), Albras(51%), Slovalco(55%)

## Overview of Hydro's hydropower portfolio

Lower captive volume and higher operator volume post transaction



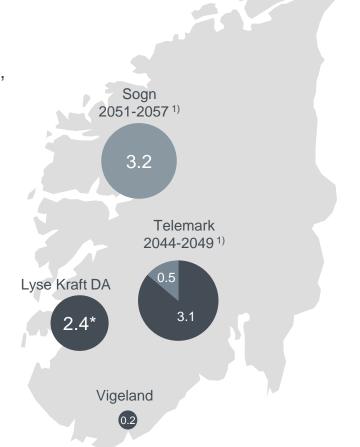
# After the RSK transaction Normal annual production,

Equity share
9.4 TWh

Operator hydropower

13.0 TWh

- No reversion
- Subject to reversion
- Bubble size = production in TWh



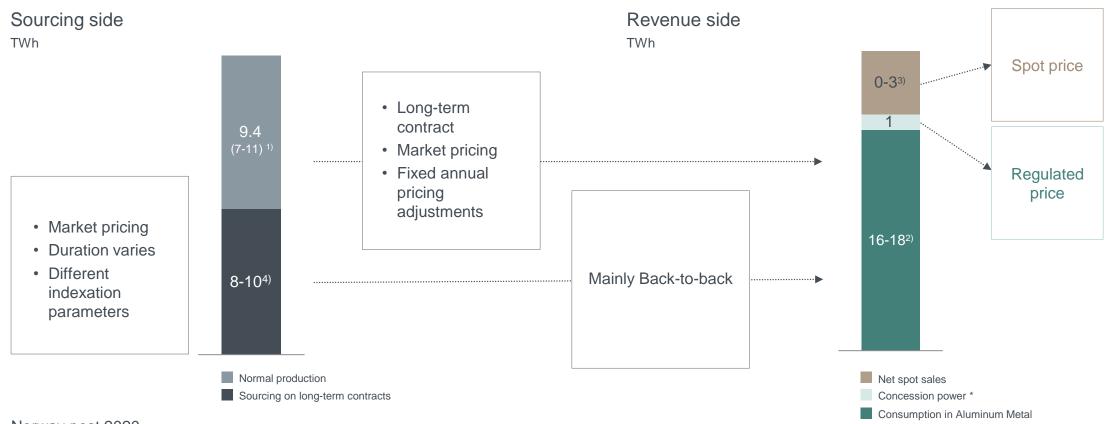
1) Reversion year

\* Production figures for RSK and Lyse Kraft DA are based on a historical average reference as assumed in the transaction. Figures for Sogn and Telemark reflect estimated middle production

## Market pricing principle applied to internal contracts



Based on external price references



### Norway post 2020

2) Consumption in AM at current production levels and at full installed capacity

<sup>1)</sup> Depending on the precipitation level, hydropower production may vary from 7 TWh in a dry year to 11 TWh in a wet year

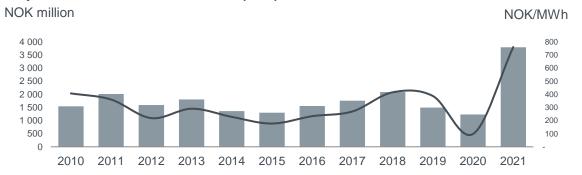
<sup>3)</sup> Net spot sales vary depending on the power production level and internal consumption in AM

<sup>4)</sup> Depending on status of sourcing

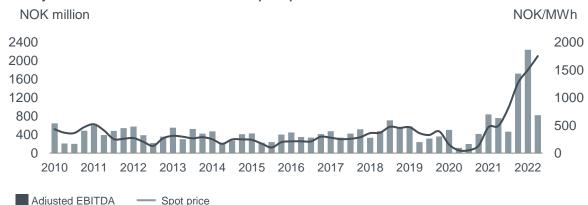
### Energy earnings drivers



### Adjusted EBITDA and NO2 spot price



### Adjusted EBITDA and NO2 spot price



- Production and market prices strongly linked to hydrological conditions
- Lift in annual EBITDA contribution from 2021
  - Positive impact from expiry of legacy supply contract from 2021
  - 8 TWh internal contract for power sales to Aluminium Metal in Norway effective from 2021-30
- Seasonal market variations in demand and supply. Gains or losses may occur from delink between area prices arising due to transmission capacity limitations in the Nordic area
- Power portfolio optimized versus market
- Stable and competitive cost base:
  - · Mainly fixed costs
  - Volume-related transmission costs

1) Adjusted EBIT 2006 based on USGAAP 2) Compared to 2020

### Building complementary businesses, creating value



A platform for growth, scaling and new ideas



Wind and solar

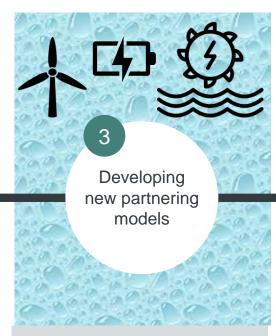
Battery value chain

Attractively positioned for ESGdriven financial sector



Extensive experience in liberalized and connected power markets, deep operational, commercial, regulatory and project competence

Trusted industrial partner



Extracting value from existing assets, competencies, positions

Well-positioned to access thirdparty project finance resources and ESG funding support



Responsible operations and more climate friendly solutions for the low-carbon, circular economy

Sustainability across the value chain

# Growing and diversifying our portfolio where capabilities match trends: Renewable Growth





- Capturing existing value in Hydro's power demand and industrial footprint
  - Approx. 10 TWh repowering required by 2025
  - 100+ sites globally
- Leveraging Hydro's unique position in value chain
  - Power sourcing and trading, source optimization
  - Asset operations (hydro, wind)
  - Project management; commercial expertise
  - Industrial energy management
- Solidifying position in high growth renewables industry
- Supporting Hydro's low carbon and sustainability agenda

### Hydro well placed for growth in battery industry



### Battery industry

Batteries are needed for electrification and decarbonization

Industrial and political push for a European sustainable battery value chain Long value chain with optimization of high-value materials

Partnerships needed to succeed

Industry driven by automotive OEM customers











115 years of solving global challenges by industrial development based on green energy

Strong European operational footprint and focus on sustainability

Industrial experience from integrated value chain

Experienced and trusted partner in Europe and Norway

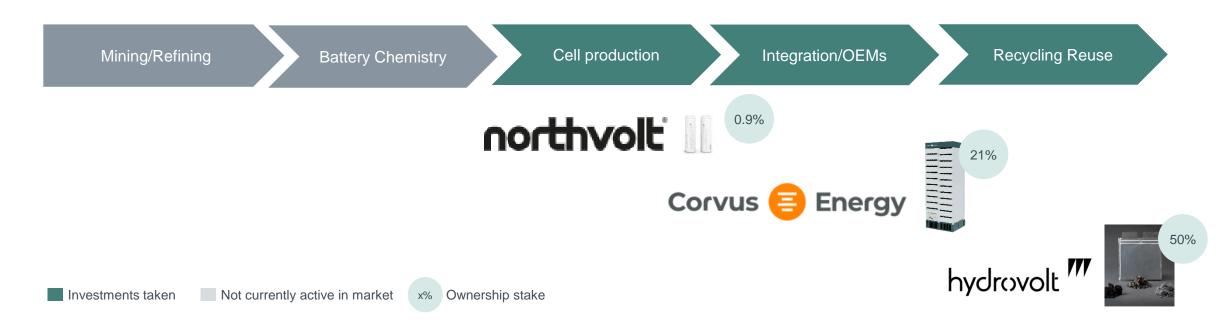
Experienced solutions provider for automotive OEMs with multiple touch-points relevant for battery sector



## Strategy of stepwise engagement in the battery value chain, leveraging Hydro's strengths



- Aim: to build a new sustainable and profitable business that will diversify and strengthen Hydro's overall portfolio
- New business unit "Hydro Batteries" to perform active industrial ownership of current assets and develop new opportunities
- Expanding battery footprint with selective positions and partnerships across value chain
- Successful strategic investments already made with strong pipeline of opportunities

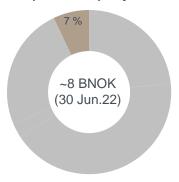


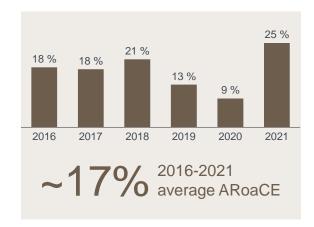
### Capital return dashboard for Energy



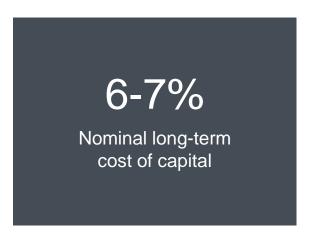
Returns above the cost of capital reflecting the depreciated asset base

Capital employed in Energy

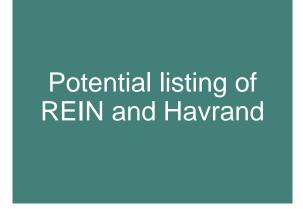


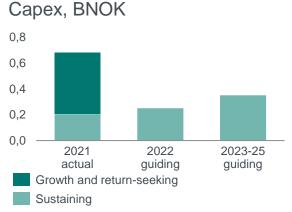






Lower realized unit costs over time following Lyse Kraft DA transaction synergies







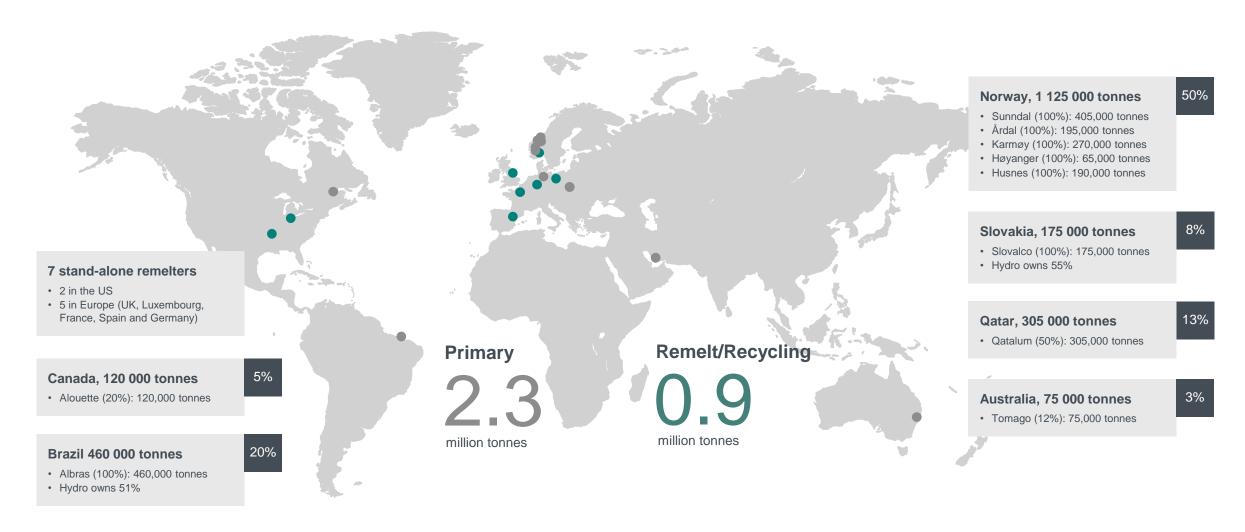


Aluminium Metal

## World-wide primary aluminium production network



### Aluminium Metal and Metal Markets



## Unlocking new improvements through Industry 4.0 initiatives



40 ongoing projects



Robotics & Automation projects



Mobile Maintenance Worker



Trusted Data Layer Casthouse



Trusted Data Layer Carbon + Analytics workbench improvements



Soft Sensor incl. Trusted Data Layer



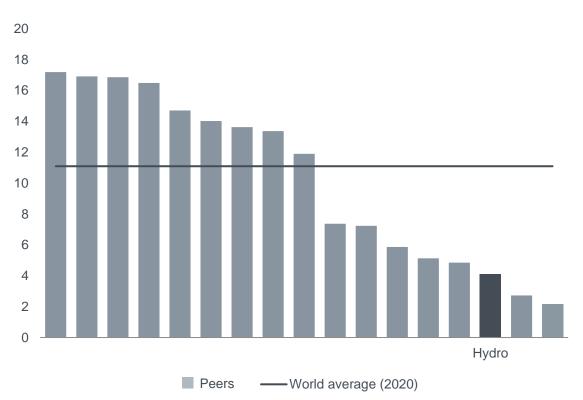
Bring Your Own Device

Digital Foundation including Cyber Security

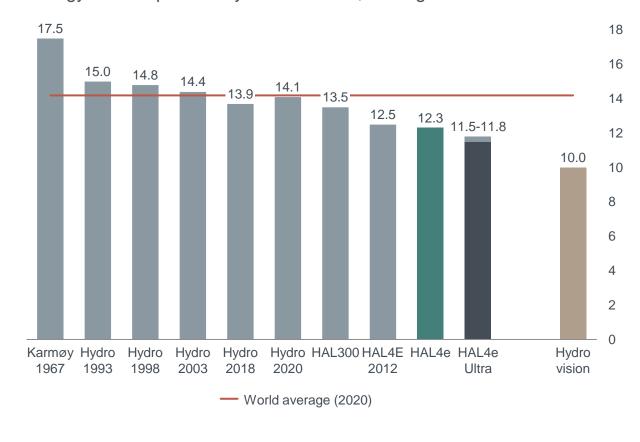
# Low carbon footprint due to renewable energy base and industry lowest energy consumption







### Energy consumption in Hydro smelters<sup>1)</sup>, kwh/kg al



### Competitive primary aluminium cash cost



### Primary aluminium cash cost 2021

- All-in implied primary aluminium cash cost<sup>1)</sup> USD 1 950 per mt
- LME implied primary aluminium cash cost<sup>2)</sup> USD 1 500 per mt

#### Alumina

- Purchases based on alumina index ~85%
- Purchased based on LME link ~15% (only for Qatalum)

#### Power

- Long-term contracts
- 2/3 of power need from renewable power
- · Contracts with a mix of indexations; inflation, LME, coal, fixed

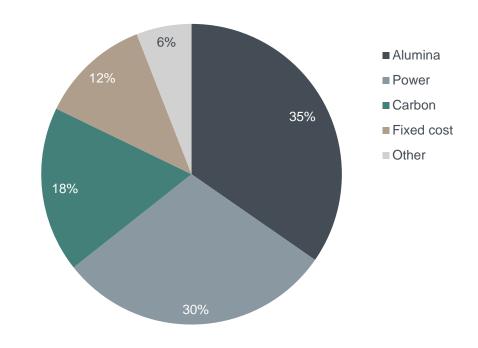
#### Carbon

- 2-3 year contracts for petroleum coke and pitch, quarterly pricing
- Fixed costs
  - · Maintenance, labor, services and other

#### Other

· Other direct costs and relining

### Liquid aluminium cash cost 2021 3)



<sup>1)</sup> Realized LME aluminium price (incl.strategic hedges) plus premiums minus adjusted EBITDA margin, including Qatalum, per mt primary aluminium sold

<sup>2)</sup> Realized LME aluminium price (incl.strategic hedges) minus adjusted EBITDA margin, including Qatalum, per mt primary aluminium produced

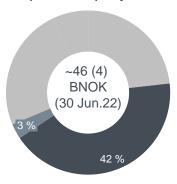
<sup>3)</sup> Pie chart based on cost of producing liquid aluminium, not directly comparable to the LME or All-in implied primary aluminium cash cost

## Capital return dashboard for Aluminium Metal & Metal Markets



Investments in recycling capacity to support growth

### Capital employed in AM (MM)



ARoaCE > CoC

10%-11%
(7-8%)

Nominal long-term cost of capital

3.0 + 0.2 BNOK

on EBITDA by 2025 in improvement potential and commercial ambitions

Investments in recycling capacity to support growth



Sustain and improve<sup>1)</sup>
Strategic theme

Creep and recycling with high profitability

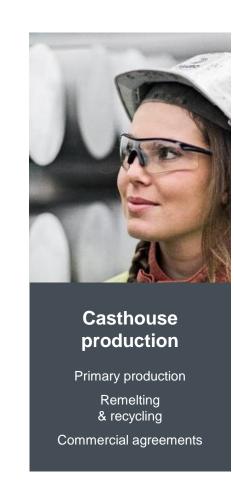


Metal Markets

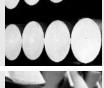
### Strong position in value-added casthouse products



- Capitalizing on value-added casthouse products portfolio
- Extensive multi-sourcing system including fully- and part-owned primary casthouses and stand-alone remelters
- Flexible sourcing system enabling rapid and cost effective volume adjustments
- Value creation from margin management based on commercial expertise and risk management competence
- Strong market positions in Europe, US and Asia



### Extrusion ingot 1.4 million mt



Leading global position
Unique primary and recycling capacity network

Leading global position



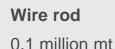


Strong capabilities in all automotive segments





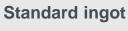
Leading European position
Well positioned to capture
automotive growth





Leading European position

Market attractively supported by copper substitution



0.4 million mt



Leading global position

Global flow optimization through key positions

## Pricing of value-added products



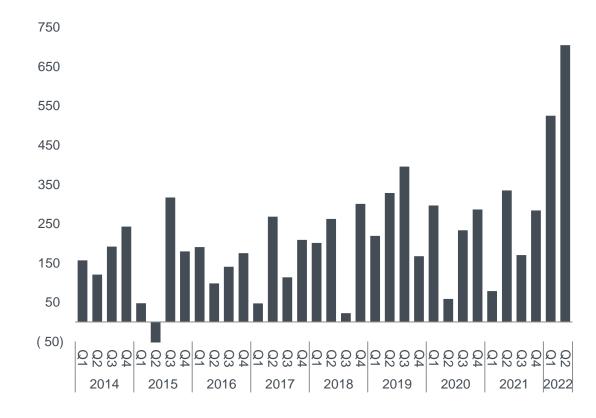
	Smelter	Intermediate product	Casthouse
	Aluminium	Standard ingot	Value added products
			Extrusion ingot Foundry alloy Sheet ingot Wire rod
SN	Traded on LME	US Midwest - 1020     (in cent per pound)	<ul> <li>Extrusion Ingot – Priced above standard ingot</li> <li>Foundry Alloy – Priced above standard ingot</li> <li>Sheet ingot – Priced above standard ingot</li> <li>Wire rod - Priced above standard ingot</li> </ul>
Europe	Traded on LME	Duty paid IW Rotterdam     Duty unpaid IW Rotterdam	<ul> <li>Extrusion ingot – Priced above LME</li> <li>Foundry Alloy – Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> <li>Sheet ingot – Priced above standard ingot</li> <li>Wire rod - Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> </ul>
Asia	Traded on LME & SHFE	<ul><li>CIF Japan Premium (MJP)</li><li>Singapore In Warehouse</li><li>CIF South Korea</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Extrusion ingot – Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> <li>Foundry Alloy – Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> <li>Sheet ingot – Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> </ul>

### Metal Markets earnings drivers



- Remelters
  - Revenue impact volume and product premiums above LME
  - Cost impact
    - Scrap and standard ingot premiums above LME
    - Raw material mix
    - Freight cost proximity to market
    - · Energy consumption and prices
- Other main businesses
  - · Physical and LME trading
  - Third-party products
- Results influenced by currency fluctuations and inventory valuation effects
- Adjusted EBITDA at around 300-400 MNOK per quarter, with seasonally higher Q1 and Q2

Adjusted EBITDA excluding currency effects and inventory valuation effect, NOK million<sup>1)</sup>

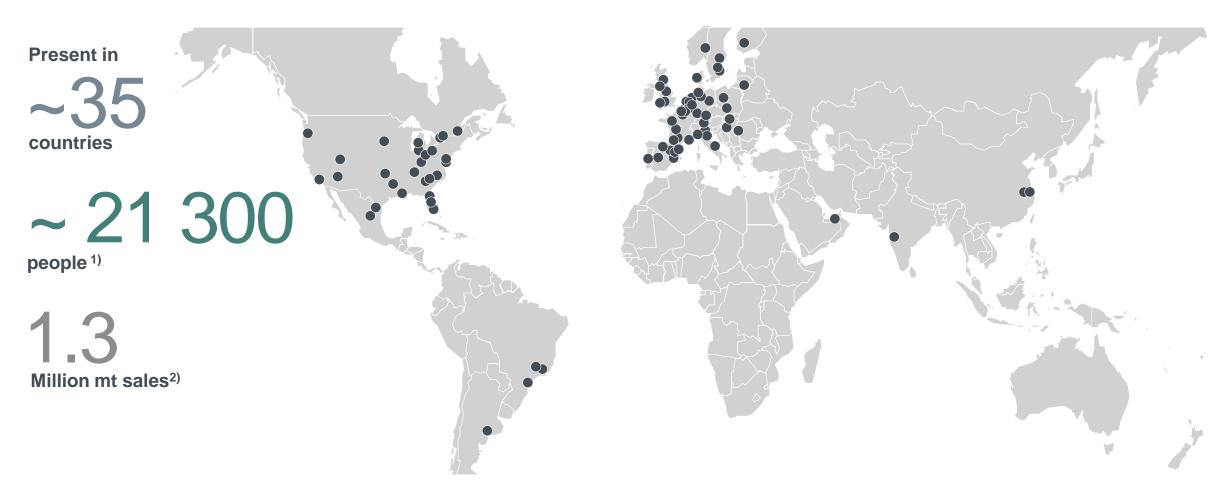




## Hydro Extrusions

## Extrusions - #1 in the global aluminium extrusion industry





<sup>1)</sup> Permanent employees as of end-2021

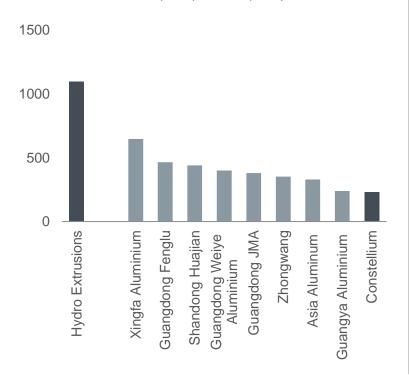
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# Extrusions with unrivalled position as largest extruder globally with a strong and diversified segment footprint

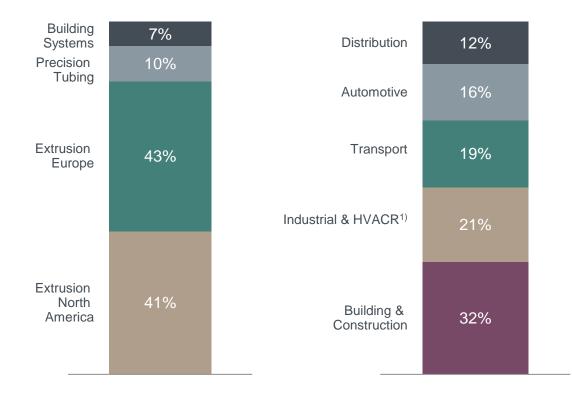


### Unrivalled position as #1 extrusions provider globally

Extrusion sales volume (2020), tonnes (000s)



Four distinct Business Units, all with strong segment presence Total volume 2021: 1.3 million tonnes<sup>1)</sup>



## Organized in four business units to maximize synergies across



21,100 highly competent people across the world, total turnover of BNOK 70

### **Extrusion Europe**



- Market leader focusing on value-added products
- 17% market share
- 32 locations, 9,200 people

Revenue UEBITDA BNOK 27.8 BNOK 2.5

#### **Extrusion North America**



- Uniquely positioned as the only coast-to-coast supplier
- 21% market share
- 21 locations, 6,100 people

Revenue UEBITDA BNOK 26.7 BNOK 2.0

### **Precision Tubing**



- Global Technology market leader in Precision Tubing segment
- 35% market share Europe & the US
- 10 locations, 2,700 people

Revenue UEBITDA BNOK 7.0 BNOK 0.6

### **Building Systems**



- Leading European player with multi-brand portfolio
- 17% market share in Europe
- Presence in 26 countries, 3,100 people

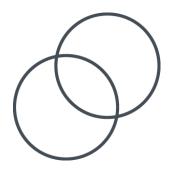
Revenue UEBITDA BNOK 9.5 BNOK 0.9

Financial figures for 2021, employee data as of end-2021

## Successful value-over-volume strategy



Targeting the high-tech, high-competence segments of extrusion



Simplify and collaborate

Simplification drive to increase focus, reduce complexity and cost



Deliver value-added to our customers at a reasonable cost

Higher share of value-added solutions to customers through commercial excellence and innovation

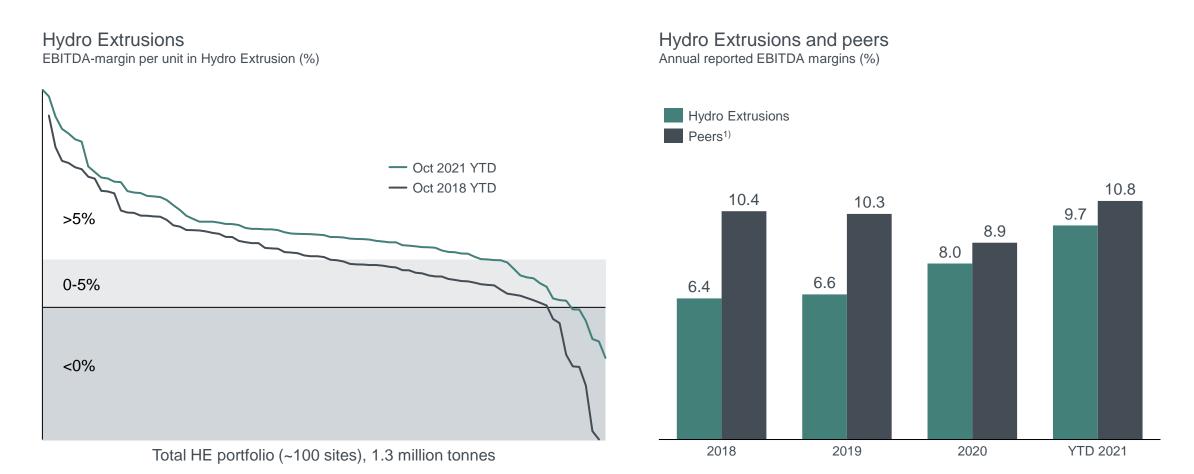


Grow to lift margins and profitability

Lifting margins and creating more customer value through selective growth

## In Extrusions, improvements and restructuring have increased profitability, closing gap to peers



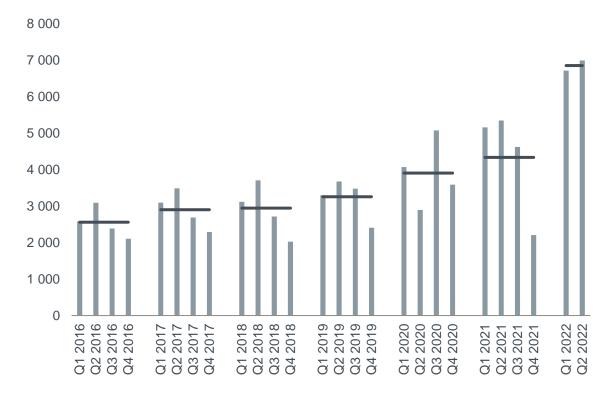


<sup>1)</sup> Non-weighted average EBITDA-margin of Constellium AS&I, Bonnell, and Profilgruppen Source: Company filings

### Extrusions earnings drivers



### Adjusted EBITDA per tonne<sup>1)</sup>, NOK

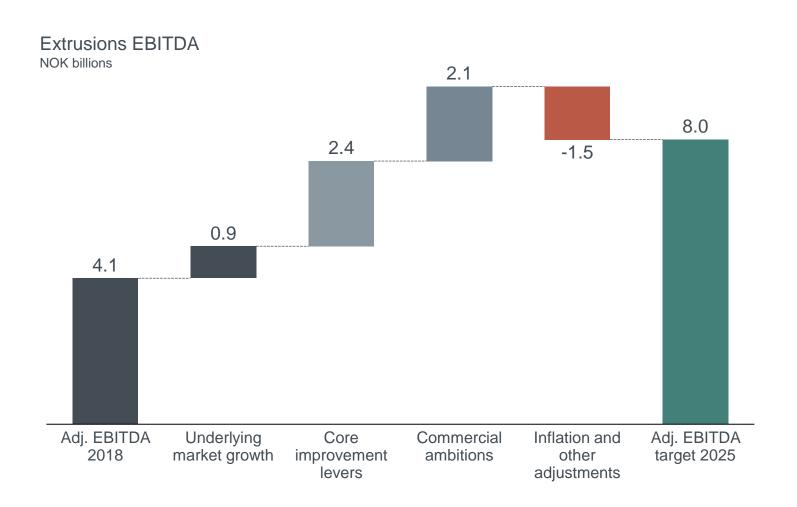


- Contract structure
  - Margin business based on conversion price
    - · LME element passed on to customers
  - Mostly short-term contract, typically ranging from spot to 12 months, few longer term contracts with floating price or hedging in place
- High share of variable costs high level of flexibility
- Annual seasonality driven by maintenance and customer activity
  - Stronger Q1 and Q2, weaker Q3 and Q4
- Strong focus on increasing value add to customers
- Preferred supplier market position in high-end products

1) Pro-forma figures

# Further improvements and growth agenda providing attractive uplift toward 2025





### Key improvement levers towards 2025

### Underlying market growth

 Capitalize on underlying growth in extrusion demand in key regions and segments

### Dedicated cost reduction programs

- Procurement
- SG&A cost
- Restructuring
- Operational improvements through our way of working, Extrusion Business System (EBS)

#### Commercial ambitions

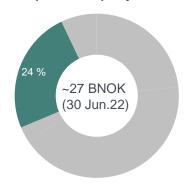
- Market share growth
- Margin uplift through commercial excellence and dedicated segment focus
- Stronger market positions through greener products offering

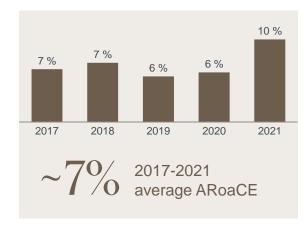
### Capital return dashboard for Extrusions



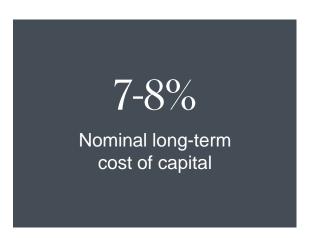
Returns in line with the cost of capital reflecting leading market positions in high value segments and portfolio optimization

### Capital employed in Extrusions





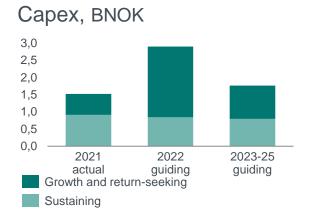




2.4 + 2.1 BNOK

on EBITDA by 2025 in improvement potential and commercial ambitions

Investments in new presses and recycling projects to support growth



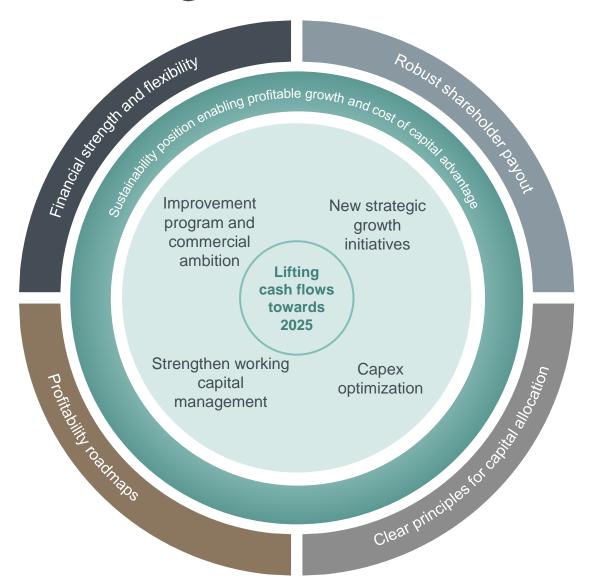




## Additional information

### Solid framework for lifting returns and cash flow





### Clear principles for capital allocation



Evaluate funds available for allocation Review Strategy Projected funds from operations in several market scenarios Strong balance sheet Dividend commitments to shareholders **Sustaining capex** License to operate (HSE, CSR, compliance) External and internal benchmarking Affordability **Excess cash flow** Key considerations affecting growth capital availability Extraordinary dividends Portfolio review and Net operating capital Share buybacks divestments Organic and inorganic growth Aligned with strategic priorities for each business area Execution Planning Stringent return requirements by and within business area Other criteria - risk, market outlook, historical profitability, sustainability impact

## Shareholder and financial policy

### Hedging policy



- Aiming for competitive shareholder returns and dividend yield compared to alternative investments in peers
- Dividend policy
  - Average ordinary payout ratio: 50% of adjusted net income over the cycle
  - 1.25 NOK/share to be considered as a floor
  - Share buybacks and extraordinary dividends as supplement in periods with strong financials and outlook
  - Five-year average ordinary pay-out ratio 2017-2021 of ~71%
- Maintain investment-grade credit rating
  - Currently: BBB stable (S&P) & Baa3 stable (Moody's)
  - Competitive access to capital is important for Hydro's business model (counterparty risk and partnerships)
- Financial ratio target over the business cycle
  - Adjusted net debt to adjusted EBITDA < 2x</li>

#### Hedging strategy

- Fluctuating with the market: primarily exposed to LME and USD
- · Volatility mitigated by strong balance sheet
- Strengthening relative position to ensure competitiveness

#### Diversified business

- · Upstream cyclicality balanced with more stable earnings downstream
- · Exposed to different markets and cycles

#### Bauxite & Alumina

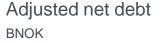
- Currency exposure, mainly USD and BRL
- Exposed to LME and Platts alumina index prices

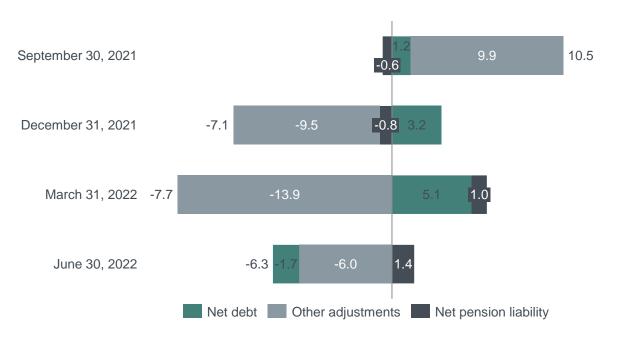
#### Aluminium Metal

- Operational LME hedging one-month forward sales
- · Currency exposure, mainly USD, NOK and BRL
- Metal Markets Operational LME and currency hedging to secure margin
- Flexibility to hedge LME or currency in certain cases

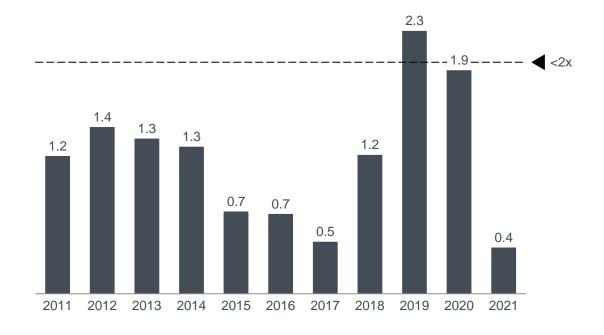
# Maintaining a solid balance sheet and investment-grade credit rating







### Adjusted net debt to adjusted EBITDA1)

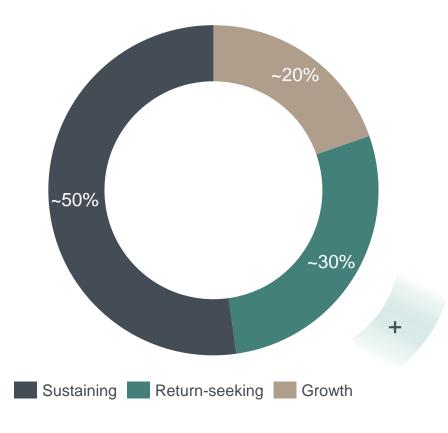


### Investments based on strategic priorities



~50% of capex 2022-25 is related to return seeking and growth capex

2022-25e CAPEX outlook



#### **Growth & Return-seeking**

- Capacity investments in Extrusions with new presses in USA, Europe and China
- Recycling investments including greenfield investments in Michigan (USA) and Hungary, capacity increases in Sweden, Spain and Germany
- Investments in batteries
- Alunorte Fuel Switch project
- CO2 reduction technology in AM

#### Sustaining investments

- Opening of the new M5 mine in Paragominas
- Maintenance of the bauxite pipeline between Paragominas and Alunorte
- Operational robustness investments at Alunorte (incl. water management)
- Lifetime extension of the SU3 line at Sunndal

#### **REIN & Havrand**

- Not included in CAPEX guidance
- Limited Hydro cash spend; investments based on external equity injection in respective companies
- Debt financing using special purpose vehicles (SPVs)

# Significant exposure to commodity and currency fluctuations

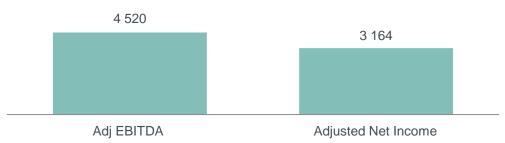


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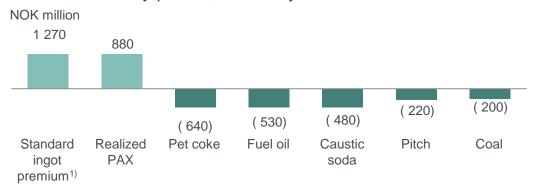
### Aluminium price sensitivity +10%

NOK million

1) Europe duty paid



### Other commodity prices, sensitivity +10%



### Currency sensitivities +10%

Sustainable effect:

NOK million	USD	BRL	EUR
Adj. EBITDA	4 640	(640)	(240)

#### One-off reevaluation effect:

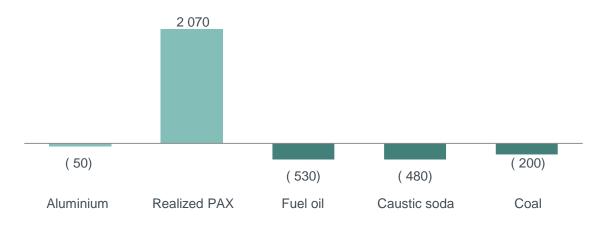
Financial items (470) 620 (4 190)
-----------------------------------

- Annual adjusted sensitivities based on normal annual business volumes. LME USD 3 030 per mt, standard ingot premium 605 USD/mt, PAX 415 USD/mt, fuel oil USD 1 040 per mt, petroleum coke USD 750 per mt, pitch 1 275 EUR/t, caustic soda USD 800 per mt, coal USD 325 per mt, USD/NOK 9.39, BRL/NOK 1.92, EUR/NOK 10.04
- Aluminium price sensitivity is net of aluminium price indexed costs and excluding unrealized effects related to operational hedging
- BRL sensitivity calculated on a long-term basis with fuel oil assumed in USD. In the short-term, fuel oil
  is BRL-denominated
- Excludes effects of priced contracts in currencies different from adjusted currency exposure (transaction exposure)
- · Currency sensitivity on financial items includes effects from intercompany positions
- 2022 Platts alumina index (PAX) exposure used
- U NI sensitivity calculated as UEBITDA sensitivity after 30% tax
- Sensitivities include strategic hedges for 2022 (remaining volumes for 2022, annualized)

### Bauxite & Alumina sensitivities



### Annual sensitivities on adjusted EBITDA if +10% in price NOK million



### Currency sensitivities +10%

NOK million	USD	BRL	EUR
Adj. EBITDA	850	(470)	-

#### Revenue impact

· Realized alumina price lags PAX by one month

### Cost impact

#### Bauxite

- ~2.45 tonnes bauxite per tonne alumina
- · Pricing partly LME-linked

#### Caustic soda

- ~0.1 tonnes per tonne alumina
- · Prices based on IHS Chemical, pricing mainly monthly per shipment

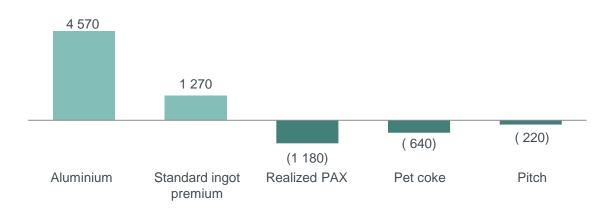
#### Energy

- ~0.12 tonnes coal per tonne alumina, Platts prices, one year volume contracts, weekly per shipment pricing
- ~0.11 tonnes heavy fuel oil per tonne alumina, prices set by ANP/Petrobras in Brazil, weekly pricing (ANP) or anytime (Petrobras)

### Alumimum Metal sensitivities



### Annual sensitivities on adjusted EBITDA if +10% in price NOK million



### Currency sensitivities +10%

NOK million	USD	BRL	EUR
Adj. EBITDA	3 720	(170)	(800)

### Revenue impact

- Realized price lags LME spot by ~1-2 months
- Realized premium lags market premium by ~2-3 months

### Cost impact

#### Alumina

- ~1.9 tonnes per tonne aluminium
- ~ 2-3 months lag
- · Mainly priced on Platts index

#### Carbon

- ~0.40 tonnes petroleum coke per tonne aluminium, Pace Jacobs Consultancy, 2-3 year volume contracts, quarterly or half yearly pricing
- ~0.08 tonnes pitch per tonne aluminium, CRU, 2-3 year volume contracts, quarterly pricing

#### Power

- 14.0 MWh per tonne aluminium
- · Long-term power contracts with indexations

# Adjusting items to EBITDA, EBIT and net income



NOK million (+=loss/()=gain)		Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2021
Unrealized derivative effects on raw material contracts	Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	(27)	(84)	(143)	113	(376)	(173)	(141)
Community contributions Brazil	Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	-	-	202	15	-	-	217
Other effects	Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	-	-	-	(46)	-	-	(46)
Total impact	Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	(27)	(84)	59	82	(376)	(173)	30
Unrealized derivative effects on LME related contracts	Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 256	1 740	2 764	(849)	4 715	(6 374)	4 912
Unrealized effects on power contracts	Hydro Aluminium Metal	34	104	(122)	(2 779)	(766)	1 056	(2 763)
Significant rationalization charges and closure costs	Hydro Aluminium Metal	-	184	13	66	-	(18)	263
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	Hydro Aluminium Metal	(35)	(26)	(35)	(23)	(19)	(23)	(120)
Other effects	Hydro Aluminium Metal	-	(232)	-	-	-	(69)	(232)
Total impact	Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 254	1 770	2 621	(3 585)	3 929	(5 428)	2 060
Unrealized derivative effects on LME related contracts	Hydro Metal Markets	24	1	226	(210)	190	(850)	42
Other effects	Hydro Metal Markets	-	-	-	(46)	-	-	(46)
Total impact	Hydro Metal Markets	24	1	226	(256)	190	(850)	(4)
Unrealized derivative effects on LME related contracts	Hydro Extrusions	(98)	(106)	20	306	(442)	543	122
Unrealized derivative effects on power contracts	Hydro Extrusions	-	-	(52)	(20)	(39)	58	(72)
Significant rationalization charges and closure costs	Hydro Extrusions	-	95	17	2	2	13	114
(Gains) / losses on divestments	Hydro Extrusions	-	-	(23)	(4)	(49)	1	(27)
Other effects	Hydro Extrusions	-	-	-	-	-	(74)	-
Total impact	Hydro Extrusions	(98)	(10)	(38)	283	(527)	541	137
Unrealized derivative effects on power contracts	Hydro Energy	(19)	(9)	(22)	(57)	(236)	46	(107)
(Gains) / losses on divestments	Hydro Energy	(45)	-	-	-	-	(65)	(45)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	Hydro Energy	4	6	5	6	4	2	21
Total impact	Hydro Energy	(59)	(3)	(18)	(51)	(232)	(16)	(131)
Unrealized derivative effects on LME related contracts	Other and eliminations	1	10	(6)	9	(15)	(15)	13
(Gains) / losses on divestments	Other and eliminations	-	-	(231)	-	-	-	(231)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	Other and eliminations	9	16	(5)	-	(21)	(26)	20
Other effects	Other and eliminations	-	-	-	66	-	-	66
Total impact	Other and eliminations	10	25	(242)	74	(36)	(41)	(132)
Adjusting items to EBITDA	Hydro	1 103	1 698	2 608	(3 451)	2 948	(5 966)	1 959
Impairment charges	Hydro Aluminium Metal	-	-	-	276	-	-	276
Impairment charges	Hydro Extrusions	122	7	14	7	-	-	150
Depreciation	Hydro Aluminium Metal	101	151	154	108	-	-	513
Adjusting items to EBIT	Hydro	1 326	1 857	2 776	(3 060)	2 948	(5 966)	2 899
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	Hydro	(653)	(550)	622	(823)	(2 392)	1 129	(1 404)
Adjusting items to income (loss) before tax	Hydro	673	1 307	3 398	(3 883)	556	(4 838)	1 495
Calculated income tax effect	Hydro	(106)	(555)	(1 027)	1 168	(181)	1 432	(520)
Adjusting items to net income (loss)	Hydro	567	752	2 371	(2 715)	374	(3 406)	976



### Adjusted EBIT

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	535	1 047	108	116	556	383	466	1 913	718	484	1 806	3 318
Hydro Aluminium Metal	573	(37)	(156)	844	1 185	2 246	3 684	4 111	4 183	6 349	1 225	11 225
Hydro Metal Markets	261	21	198	248	43	301	133	245	487	666	728	721
Hydro Extrusions	702	89	894	511	1 244	1 266	828	(122)	1 587	1 600	2 196	3 217
Hydro Energy	437	53	132	352	792	713	417	1 674	2 192	777	974	3 596
Other and Eliminations	(565)	(173)	242	(393)	(261)	(17)	(219)	(793)	3	(425)	(889)	(1 291)
Total	1 943	1 000	1 419	1 678	3 559	4 891	5 309	7 026	9 170	9 452	6 040	20 786

### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	1 102	1 550	578	587	999	855	1 055	2 426	1 270	1 117	3 817	5 336
Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 197	560	404	1 432	1 754	2 807	4 263	4 676	4 765	6 977	3 593	13 500
Hydro Metal Markets	296	58	233	287	78	335	170	284	525	705	875	867
Hydro Extrusions	1 242	649	1 412	1 044	1 744	1 830	1 457	665	2 331	2 365	4 348	5 695
Hydro Energy	505	122	200	419	841	761	465	1 723	2 239	824	1 245	3 790
Other and Eliminations	(532)	(144)	272	(366)	(234)	10	(192)	(762)	35	(395)	(771)	(1 178)
Total	3 810	2 794	3 100	3 403	5 182	6 598	7 219	9 011	11 165	11 594	13 106	28 010



### **EBIT**

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	406	1 047	108	111	583	467	407	1 830	1 094	657	1 672	3 288
Hydro Aluminium Metal	784	(777)	(93)	880	(171)	325	909	7 311	254	11 777	794	8 376
Hydro Metal Markets	485	(319)	385	216	19	299	(93)	500	297	1 516	766	725
Hydro Extrusions	628	(1 548)	1 038	331	1 220	1 269	852	(412)	2 114	1 059	449	2 929
Hydro Energy	454	20	118	5 665	851	716	435	1 724	2 424	793	6 258	3 727
Other and Eliminations	(530)	(11)	337	(379)	(271)	(43)	23	(868)	39	(385)	(582)	(1 158)
Total	2 228	(1 588)	1 893	6 824	2 233	3 034	2 533	10 086	6 222	15 418	9 356	17 887

### **EBITDA**

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	973	1 550	578	582	1 026	940	996	2 344	1 647	1 290	3 683	5 306
Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 408	324	467	1 468	500	1 037	1 642	8 260	836	12 405	3 667	11 440
Hydro Metal Markets	521	(282)	420	254	55	333	(56)	540	335	1 556	913	872
Hydro Extrusions	1 181	496	1 633	915	1 842	1 840	1 495	381	2 858	1 824	4 225	5 558
Hydro Energy	523	88	186	5 732	900	764	483	1 774	2 471	840	6 529	3 921
Other and Eliminations	(497)	(144)	367	(351)	(244)	(15)	50	(837)	71	(354)	(625)	(1 046)
Total	4 107	2 032	3 651	8 601	4 079	4 899	4 610	12 462	8 217	17 561	18 390	26 050



### Total revenue

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	6 029	6 173	5 334	5 503	6 026	5 976	6 984	8 713	7 901	9 413	23 039	27 699
Hydro Aluminium Metal	9 753	7 720	8 228	8 702	8 953	9 467	9 964	14 164	11 094	24 583	34 404	42 548
Hydro Metal Markets	12 912	10 485	11 290	12 178	13 624	15 275	16 447	19 715	22 674	27 698	46 865	65 061
Hydro Extrusions	15 140	11 593	13 372	14 390	16 334	17 470	17 984	18 509	23 468	25 269	54 496	70 296
Hydro Energy	2 115	1 423	1 539	1 890	2 343	2 213	2 116	3 477	4 268	2 456	6 967	10 149
Other and Eliminations	(14 340)	(12 051)	(12 247)	(12 842)	(15 327)	(15 843)	(16 784)	(18 146)	(22 788)	(24 626)	(51 479)	(66 099)
Total	31 609	25 343	27 516	29 823	31 951	34 559	36 710	46 433	46 616	64 793	114 291	149 654

#### External revenue

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	3 249	3 792	3 167	3 173	3 546	3 538	4 533	5 471	5 052	5 864	13 381	17 088
Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 968	1 393	1 632	2 046	762	621	310	3 681	(2 518)	8 640	7 039	5 373
Hydro Metal Markets	10 353	8 510	9 242	9 788	10 789	12 552	13 831	16 993	18 472	24 420	37 893	54 165
Hydro Extrusions	15 215	11 581	13 344	14 401	16 203	17 346	17 829	18 505	23 199	25 228	54 542	69 883
Hydro Energy	633	47	137	443	787	486	204	1 780	2 415	646	1 261	3 257
Other and Eliminations	191	20	(7)	(29)	(136)	16	4	2	(5)	(6)	175	(113)
Total	31 609	25 343	27 516	29 823	31 951	34 559	36 710	46 433	46 616	64 793	114 291	149 654



### Internal revenue

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	2 780	2 380	2 168	2 330	2 479	2 438	2 452	3 242	2 848	3 549	9 658	10 610
Hydro Aluminium Metal	7 785	6 328	6 596	6 656	8 191	8 846	9 654	10 484	13 611	15 943	27 365	37 175
Hydro Metal Markets	2 559	1 975	2 047	2 390	2 835	2 723	2 616	2 722	4 201	3 277	8 972	10 896
Hydro Extrusions	(76)	12	28	(11)	131	125	154	3	269	41	(47)	413
Hydro Energy	1 482	1 376	1 402	1 447	1 556	1 727	1 912	1 697	1 853	1 810	5 706	6 891
Other and Eliminations	(14 530)	(12 070)	(12 241)	(12 813)	(15 191)	(15 858)	(16 788)	(18 148)	(22 783)	(24 620)	(51 654)	(65 986)
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

### Share of profit /(loss) in equity accounted investments

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hydro Aluminium Metal	40	26	6	185	147	513	336	513	383	626	256	1 509
Hydro Metal Markets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hydro Extrusions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hydro Energy	(12)	(5)	(16)	(6)	(23)	(32)	(25)	(25)	(28)	(39)	(39)	(104)
Other and Eliminations	(31)	28	34	(24)	1	(20)	(31)	(15)	22	(184)	7	(65)
Total	(4)	48	24	155	125	462	280	473	377	403	223	1 340

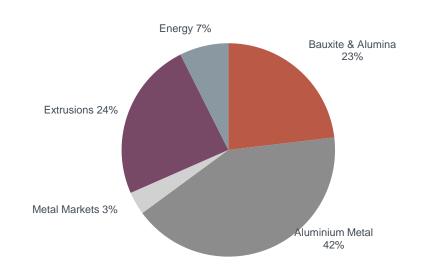


Return on average capital employed 1) (RoaCE)

			Rep	orted RoaCE			Adjusted RoaCE								
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	11.9%	5.4%	1.9%	4.6%	8.5%	2.7%	5.3%	12.0%	5.9%	2.5%	6.0%	8.5%	2.8%	5.3%	
Hydro Aluminium Metal	21.6%	1.9%	(3.9%)	5.6%	11.8%	5.2%	10.7%	28.3%	2.9%	(2.6%)	4.7%	12.6%	5.2%	11.0%	
Hydro Metal Markets	24.0%	22.8%	20.7%	25.1%	18.6%	19.6%	5.4%	23.9%	21.6%	27.3%	19.4%	20.9%	15.9%	11.4%	
Hydro Extrusions 2)	9.4%	1.3%	3.8%	5.3%	13.4%			10.3%	6.2%	5.7%	7.2%	6.6%			
Hydro Energy 3)	26.5%	249.5%	13.4%	18.8%	17.5%	18.1%	17.2%	25.4%	8.7%	12.9%	18.8%	17.5%	18.1%	17.3%	
Hydro Group	16.3%	5.4%	(0.9%)	6.0%	11.2%	6.5%	7.5%	18.6%	3.7%	1.3%	6.6%	9.6%	5.1%	9.2%	

### Capital employed – upstream focus

NOK million	Jun 30, 2022
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	25 712
Hydro Aluminium Metal	46 485
Hydro Metal Markets	3 881
Hydro Extrusions	26 891
Hydro Energy	8 240
Other and Eliminations	(4 480)
Total	106 728



Graph excludes BNOK (4.5) in capital employed in Other and Eliminations

<sup>1)</sup> RoaCE at business area level is calculated using 25% tax rate (30% tax rate applied for years prior to 2017). For Hydro Energy, 40% tax rate is used for 2021, 80% for 2020 and 2019, 70% for 2018, 65% for 2017, 60% for 2016 and 55% for 2015.

<sup>2)</sup> Hydro Extrusions reflected as 50% equity accounted investment Q1-Q3 2017 and fully consolidated from Q4 2017

<sup>3)</sup> Hydro Energy reported RoaCE for 2020 higher than previous years due to the Lyse transaction



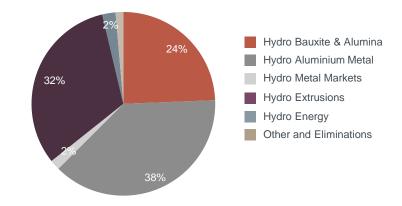
### Depreciation, amortization and impairment

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	567	503	470	472	443	472	589	514	553	633	2 011	2 018
Hydro Aluminium Metal	655	1 130	589	618	694	736	756	972	605	651	2 992	3 158
Hydro Metal Markets	36	37	35	40	36	35	37	41	38	39	149	149
Hydro Extrusions	554	2 046	597	587	628	573	645	804	746	767	3 785	2 649
Hydro Energy	65	65	64	66	49	48	48	49	47	47	260	194
Other and Eliminations	32	(133)	30	27	27	28	27	31	32	31	(43)	113
Total	1 909	3 649	1 786	1 810	1 876	1 892	2 102	2 411	2 020	2 168	9 153	8 281

### Indicative depreciation currency exposure by business area

Percent	USD	EUR	BRL	NOK & Other
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina			100%	
Hydro Aluminium Metal	20%	20%	10%	50%
Hydro Metal Markets	30%	55%		15%
Hydro Extrusions	35%	40%		25%
Hydro Energy				100%
Other and Eliminations	5%	30%	5%	60%

### Depreciation by business area 2021, 8.3 BNOK



### Income statements

Earnings per share from continuing operations

Earnings per share attributable to Hydro shareholders

Adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations

(0.75)

(0.88)

0.39

(0.62)

(0.61)

0.17

(0.05)

(0.11)

0.28



												Hyard
NOK million				Q2 2022		Q2 2021	Q1 20	22 Fir	st half 2022	First half	2021	Year 2021
Revenue				64 793		34 559	46 6	16	111 409	6	6 510	149 654
Share of the profit (loss) in equity accounted investments				403		462	3	77	781		587	1 340
Other income, net				877		322	4	43	1 319		699	2 219
Total revenue and income				66 072		35 342	47 4	36	113 509	6	7 796	153 212
Raw material and energy expense				37 031		21 213	29 1	60	66 191	4	0 338	88 843
Employee benefit expense				5 976		5 206	5 5	21	11 497	1	0 218	20 287
Depreciation and amortization expense				2 167		1 885	2 0	20	4 187		3 639	7 844
Impairment of non-current assets				0		7		0	0		129	437
Other expenses				5 480		3 997	4 5	14	9 993		8 204	17 914
Earnings before financial items and tax (EBIT)				15 418		3 034	6 2	22	21 640		5 267	17 887
Finance income				86		62		85	171		101	263
Finance expense				(1 397)		294	2 1	08	712		678	248
Income (loss) before tax				14 108		3 389	8 4	16	22 523		6 046	18 397
Income taxes				(2 971)		(992)	(2 00	05)	(4 976)	(	1 768)	(4 467)
Income (loss) from continuing operations				11 136		2 397	6 4	11	17 547		4 278	13 930
Income (loss) from discontinued operations				0		407		0	0		27	12
Net income (loss)				11 136		2 805	6 4	11	17 547		4 305	13 942
Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests				(141)		220	6	71	531		279	1 782
Net income (loss) attributable to Hydro shareholders				11 277		2 585	5 7	39	17 016		4 026	12 160
Earnings per share from continuing operations				5.49		1.06	2.	80	8.29		1.95	5.92
Earnings per share from discontinued operations				0.00		0.20	0.	00	0.00		0.01	0.01
Earnings per share attributable to Hydro shareholders				5.49		1.26	2.	80	8.29		1.96	5.93
NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(1 743)	(1 487)	(111)	7 226	1 880	2 397	1 127	8 525	6 411	11 136	3 886	13 930
Net income (loss)	(2 025)	(1 471)	(221)	5 377	1 500	2 805	1 108	8 529	6 411	11 136	1 660	13 942
Adjusted net income (loss) from continuing operations	834	318	607	1 089	2 448	3 150	3 498	5 810	6 785	7 731	2 848	14 905

3.40

2.50

0.47

0.89

0.70

1.15

1.06

1.26

1.45

0.50

0.49

1.60

3.47

3.47

2.57

2.80

2.80

3.17

5.49

5.49

3.63

1.99

0.90

1.32

5.92

5.93

6.77 20

### Balance sheet



NOK million	Jun 30, 2022	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021	Sep 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2021	Mar 31, 2021
Cash and cash equivalents	24 507	21 161	22 923	18 792	20 147	15 011
Short-term investments	1 882	8 588	6 763	7 020	3 607	4 348
Trade and other receivables	29 164	25 955	20 579	19 869	19 838	16 795
Inventories	29 415	25 237	21 791	18 966	16 454	14 316
Other current financial assets	6 543	4 719	3 656	854	659	328
Assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	17 069
Property, plant and equipment	58 920	56 599	54 605	54 642	56 353	53 890
Intangible assets	9 374	8 986	8 725	8 852	9 174	8 796
Investments accounted for using the equity method	20 055	18 257	17 942	17 661	17 426	17 227
Prepaid pension	9 814	9 837	8 894	8 268	7 976	7 812
Other non-current assets	8 400	12 398	8 633	10 010	8 793	6 634
Total assets	198 074	191 737	174 512	164 934	160 427	162 228
Bank loans and other interest-bearing short-term debt	7 796	7 072	6 428	4 186	4 183	4 701
Trade and other payables	29 156	25 130	22 710	20 219	20 302	17 462
Other current liabilities	10 724	12 536	10 430	7 058	5 191	4 036
Liabilities included in disposal group	-	-	-	-	-	12 266
Long-term debt	21 054	21 073	21 989	25 495	24 562	23 658
Provisions	5 539	5 164	4 772	4 270	4 475	4 132
Pension liabilities	7 882	8 409	9 621	9 489	9 550	9 341
Deferred tax liabilities	5 304	5 281	3 665	4 560	4 343	3 535
Other non-current liabilities	5 585	7 564	6 516	8 701	6 276	5 393
Equity attributable to Hydro shareholders	99 347	93 906	84 064	77 535	77 908	74 745
Non-controlling interests	5 688	5 603	4 316	3 421	3 637	2 958
Total liabilities and equity	198 074	191 737	174 512	164 934	160 427	162 228

### Operational data



Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Alumina production (kmt)	1 531	1 442	1 074	1 410	1 540	1 586	1 579	1 600	1 519	1 536	5 457	6 305
Sourced alumina (kmt)	664	667	940	783	698	737	806	765	741	758	3 053	3 006
Total alumina sales (kmt)	2 140	2 243	1 990	2 122	2 269	2 349	2 355	2 655	2 251	2 305	8 495	9 628
Realized alumina price (USD) 1)	278	261	260	272	287	287	284	393	391	430	268	313
Implied alumina cost (USD) <sup>2)</sup>	226	192	228	241	235	244	233	289	327	378	221	249
Bauxite production (kmt) 3)	2 585	2 332	1 167	2 556	2 813	2 660	2 756	2 696	2 638	2 736	8 640	10 926
Sourced bauxite (kmt) 4)	1 514	1 315	2 051	1 351	1 103	1 676	1 472	1 427	856	1 674	6 231	5 677
Adjusted EBITDA margin <sup>11)</sup>	18.3%	25.1%	10.8%	10.7%	16.6%	14.3%	15.1%	27.8%	16.1%	11.9%	16.6%	19.3%
Hydro Aluminium Metal <sup>5)</sup>	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Realized aluminium price LME, USD/mt	1 758	1 579	1 596	1 792	1 994	2 210	2 419	2 675	2 662	3 031	1 685	2 317
Realized aluminium price LME, NOK/mt <sup>7)</sup>	16 658	15 689	14 712	16 364	17 008	18 528	20 910	23 087	23 542	28 461	15 870	19 819
Realized premium above LME, USD/mt <sup>6)</sup>	234	212	211	224	264	332	449	565	786	870	220	400
Realized premium above LME, NOK/mt <sup>6)7)</sup>	2 212	2 106	1 946	2 042	2 253	2 780	3 878	4 873	6 954	8 167	2 077	3 420
Realized NOK/USD exchange rate 7)	9.47	9.93	9.22	9.13	8.53	8.38	8.64	8.63	8.84	9.39	9.42	8.55
Implied primary cost (USD) 8)	1 450	1 400	1 450	1 425	1 500	1 525	1 450	1 600	1 550	1 500	1 425	1 500
Implied all-in primary cost (USD) 9)	1 700	1 600	1 650	1 650	1 825	1 900	1 925	2 175	2 450	2 500	1 650	1 950
Hydro Aluminium Metal production, kmt	528	509	522	532	539	561	573	571	540	532	2 091	2 244
Casthouse production, kmt	504	478	508	523	534	553	560	568	555	542	2 013	2 214
Total sales, kmt <sup>10)</sup>	577	510	548	547	599	594	583	572	600	581	2 182	2 347
Adjusted EBITDA margin 11)	12.3%	7.2%	4.9%	16.4%	19.6%	29.6%	42.8%	33.0%	43.0%	28.4%	10.4%	31.7%

Weighted average of own production and third party contracts, excluding hedge results. The majority of the alumina is sold linked to either the LME prices or alumina index with a one month delay. Sourced alumina volumes have been re-calculated, with Q1 2018 being adjusted accordingly

<sup>2)</sup> Implied alumina cost (based on EBITDA and sales volume) replaces previous apparent alumina cash cost

<sup>3)</sup> Paragominas production, on wet basis

<sup>4) 40</sup> percent MRN offtake from Vale and 5 percent Hydro share on wet basis

<sup>5)</sup> Operating and financial information includes Hydro's proportionate share of production and sales volumes in equity accounted investments. Realized prices, premiums and exchange rates exclude equity accounted investments

<sup>6)</sup> Average realized premium above LME for casthouse sales from Hydro Aluminium Metal

<sup>7)</sup> Including strategic hedges /hedge accounting applied

<sup>8)</sup> Realized LME price minus Adjusted EBITDA margin (incl. Qatalum) per mt primary aluminium produced. Includes net earnings from primary casthouses.

Realized all-in price minus Adjusted EBITDA margin (incl. Qatalum) per mt primary aluminium sold. Includes net earnings from primary casthouses

<sup>10)</sup> Total sales replaces previous casthouse sales due to change of definition

<sup>11)</sup> Adjusted EBITDA divided by total revenues

# Operational data



Hydro Metal Markets	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Remelt production (1 000 mt)	137	88	124	140	143	154	132	144	151	158	488	572
Third-party sales (1 000 mt)	79	85	85	77	77	78	72	85	72	74	326	311
Hydro Metal Markets sales excl. ingot trading (1 000 mt) 1)	675	606	668	672	742	735	675	681	731	710	2 621	2 833
Hereof external sales excl. ingot trading (1 000 mt)	554	459	526	549	588	607	573	574	610	607	2 088	2 342
External revenue (NOK million)	10 353	8 510	9 242	9 788	10 789	12 552	13 831	16 993	18 472	24 420	37 893	54 165
Hydro Extrusions	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Extrusions external shipments (1 000 mt)	305	224	278	291	338	342	315	301	347	338	1 099	1 296
Hydro Extrusions – Pro-forma adjusted EBIT per mt, NOK	2 301	398	3 214	1 755	3 680	3 706	2 629	(404)	4 568	4 740	1 999	2 482
Adjusted EBITDA margin <sup>2)</sup>	8.2%	5.6%	10.6%	7.2%	10.7%	10.5%	8.1%	3.6%	9.9%	9.4%	8.0%	8.1%
Hydro Energy	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Power production, GWh	2 868	2 097	3 161	3 396	2 857	2 374	1 688	2 136	2 730	1 602	11 522	9 055
Net spot sales, GWh	1 169	444	1 401	1 595	1 126	334	(401)	305	986	(433)	4 609	1 364
Nordic spot electricity price, NOK/MWh	158	62	95	148	435	423	704	969	1 090	1 211	116	634
Southern Norway spot electricity price (NO2), NOK/MWh	154	50	52	137	469	493	807	1 271	1 504	1 752	98	762
Adjusted EBITDA margin 2)	23.9%	8.5%	13.0%	22.2%	35.9%	34.4%	22.0%	49.5%	52.5%	33.6%	17.9%	37.5%

<sup>1)</sup> Includes external and internal sales from primary casthouse operations, remelters and third party Metal sources 2) Adjusted EBITDA divided by total revenues

# Hydro Extrusions, information by business area



Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Year 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022
29	17	28	33	108	35	33	30	29	127	31	28
1 487	931	1 360	1 583	5 361	1 718	1 742	1 715	1 822	6 997	2 091	2 038
118	139	167	178	602	210	173	184	56	622	184	95
57	74	113	115	359	157	103	115	(38)	337	82	(3)
Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Year 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022
19	17	19	20	74	21	22	20	22	85	24	24
2 199	1 991	2 032	2 211	8 432	2 315	2 434	2 268	2 448	9 465	2 854	3 168
156	206	260	171	792	245	299	212	161	918	264	287
52	101	155	63	371	149	196	108	44	497	156	179
Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Year 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022
(79)	(48)	(58)	(71)	(256)	(73)	(27)	(71)	(91)	(262)	(59)	(67)
(82)	(52)	(61)	(74)	(269)	(77)	(31)	(74)	(95)	(276)	(62)	(71)
	2020 29 1 487 118 57 2020 19 2 199 156 52 Q1 2020 (79)	2020 2020 29 17 1 487 931 118 139 57 74  21	2020         2020         2020           29         17         28           1 487         931         1 360           118         139         167           57         74         113           Q1         Q2         Q3           2020         2020         2020           19         17         19           2 199         1 991         2 032           52         101         155           Q1         Q2         Q3           2020         2020         2020           (79)         (48)         (58)	2020         2020         2020         2020           29         17         28         33           1 487         931         1 360         1 583           118         139         167         178           57         74         113         115           4         22         23         24           2020         2020         2020         2020           19         17         19         20           2 199         1 991         2 032         2 211           156         206         260         171           52         101         155         63           4         2020         2020         2020           202         2020         2020         2020	2020         2020         2020         2020         2020           29         17         28         33         108           1 487         931         1 360         1 583         5 361           118         139         167         178         602           57         74         113         115         359           Q1         Q2         Q3         Q4         Year           2020         2020         2020         2020         2020           19         17         19         20         74           2 199         1 991         2 032         2 211         8 432           156         206         260         171         792           52         101         155         63         371           Q1         Q2         Q3         Q4         Year           2020         2020         2020         2020         2020           (79)         (48)         (58)         (71)         (256)	2020         2020         2020         2020         2020         2020         2021           29         17         28         33         108         35           1 487         931         1 360         1 583         5 361         1 718           118         139         167         178         602         210           57         74         113         115         359         157           4         12         2020         2020         2020         2020         2021           19         17         19         20         74         21           2199         1991         2 032         2 211         8 432         2 315           156         206         260         171         792         245           52         101         155         63         371         149           401         202         2020         2020         2020         2020           201         2020         2020         2020         2020         2020           202         2020         2020         2020         2020         2020	2020         2020         2020         2020         2020         2021         2021           29         17         28         33         108         35         33           1 487         931         1 360         1 583         5 361         1 718         1 742           118         139         167         178         602         210         173           57         74         113         115         359         157         103           Q1         Q2         Q3         Q4         Year         Q1         Q2           2020         2020         2020         2020         2021         2021           19         17         19         20         74         21         22           2 199         1 991         2 032         2 211         8 432         2 315         2 434           156         206         260         171         792         245         299           52         101         155         63         371         149         196           Q1         Q2         Q3         Q4         Year         Q1         Q2         2021         2021	2020         2020         2020         2020         2020         2021 <th< td=""><td>2020         2020         2020         2020         2020         2021         <th< td=""><td>2020         2020         2020         2020         2020         2021         <th< td=""><td>2020         2020         2020         2020         2021         2022         85         24      &lt;</td></th<></td></th<></td></th<>	2020         2020         2020         2020         2020         2021 <th< td=""><td>2020         2020         2020         2020         2020         2021         <th< td=""><td>2020         2020         2020         2020         2021         2022         85         24      &lt;</td></th<></td></th<>	2020         2020         2020         2020         2020         2021 <th< td=""><td>2020         2020         2020         2020         2021         2022         85         24      &lt;</td></th<>	2020         2020         2020         2020         2021         2022         85         24      <

Extrusion Europe	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Year 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022
Volume (kmt)	127	94	113	118	451	144	147	129	130	550	151	144
Operating revenues (NOKm)	5 804	4 440	5 068	5 531	20 843	6 529	6 916	6 827	7 527	27 799	9 532	10 147
Adjusted EBITDA (NOKm)	436	142	478	466	1 523	705	716	563	471	2 456	1 035	1 025
Adjusted EBIT (NOKm)	228	(75)	283	266	703	501	502	318	203	1 525	782	767
Extrusion North America	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Year 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022
Volume (kmt)	130	96	119	121	465	137	140	136	120	534	142	141
Operating revenues (NOKm)	5 885	4 554	5 067	5 288	20 794	5 904	6 501	7 319	7 002	26 726	9 096	10 263
Adjusted EBITDA (NOKm)	599	220	563	310	1 691	663	689	562	67	1 980	895	1 042
Adjusted EBIT (NOKm)	435	49	402	151	1 036	518	517	355	(238)	1 152	618	743

### Next event

### Third quarter results October 25, 2022

For more information see www.hydro.com/ir

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Industries that matter