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1.	Business and Financial Performance		_
	for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024	• • •	$\preceq$

1. Business and Financial Performance for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024

## Consolidated Financial Results for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024

	2023 1H				2024 1H	vs PY (%)	
	Results	1Q	vs PY (%)	2Q	vs PY (%)	Results	V3 F T (70)
Revenue (*1)	2,101.7	1,064.1	+2	1,112.7	+5	2,176.8	+4
Adjusted Operating Profit	238.3	120.2	+3	109.0	(10)	229.2	(4)
Margin	11.3%	11.3%	+ 0.1pp	9.8%	(1.7) pp	10.5%	(0.8) pp
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent (*2)	182.6	86.6	(4)	112.5	+22	199.1	+9
- Continuing Operations	183.3	86.6	(4)	112.5	+21	199.1	+9
-Discontinued Operations	(0.7)	(0)	-	(0)	-	(0)	-

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Revenue and Adjusted Operating Profit show figures for continuing operations and exclude revenue and expenses of the discontinued operations.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Note that 63 billion yen of gain on sales of fixed asset is included in "Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent" as of Fiscal 2024 Q2 closing.

### Overview of the Performance for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024

### **Executive Summary for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024**

- Revenue achieved a year-on-year growth. Favorable impact of sales mix improvement through expand sales of PSR REP premium tires (18"+ tires, profitable premium tire brands in each regions, etc.) as well as maintaining flat sales YoY for Ultra-Large Mining tires and FX tailwind wiped out the negative impact of sales volume decline due to global demand decrease of OE and demand decrease in Japan caused by pre-buy of price increase in PY, as well as the deterioration of L. America business situation.
- Adjusted Operating Profit (AOP) decreased YoY due to deterioration of L. America business and impact of volume decline, despite
  spread improvement between Raw materials impact and Price/Mix impact including the FX tailwind of JPY depreciation.
- Continuous sales mix improvement through strengthening focus to premium segment with utilizing Dan-totsu products and accelerating reduction/discontinuation of loss-making and unprofitable business. While sales volume decline is driving negative conversion costs/ other fixed costs, the following Business cost down items contributed positively to the financial performance;
   Decrease of ocean freight rate, Global procurement promoted in 24MBP, Global SCM logistics transformation, BCMA,
   Shift to Green & Smart and Improvements of Genba operation at production sites
- The worsening trend from 2H 2023 in Americas business has bottomed out in 1H 2024 and overcame the worst phase.
  - In N. America, while 1H fell short from February Guidance (Feb 16, 2024 Announcement), sales of HRD for PSR REP and BS brand of TBR REP has continued to increase YoY based on the strong business foundation, despite the increased low-end imports. TB business including TBR OE and Retread, which performance continued to deteriorate from 2H 2023 overcame the worst phase in 1H 2024.
  - In L. America, deteriorating business in Argentina and Brazil had a huge negative impact on the company's overall performance. Although damage control was reinforced and overcame the worst period in 1H 2024.
- Profit attributable to Owners of Parent increased YoY due to the gains from sales of fixed assets (appx. 63.0 billion yen) in Q2.
- We will promote business quality reinforcement in global and accelerate "reinforce earning power".



# Business Environment Surrounding Bridgestone Group for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024



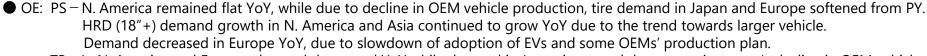
Currency Exchange

● Both USD and EUR appreciated against JPY compared with PY / 1USD=¥152,1EUR=¥165 (c.f.) 1H'23: 1USD=¥135,1EUR=¥146



Raw Material

- The 1H feedstock price of natural rubber increased YoY, while crude oil remained flat. Due to time lag of 3~6 months between the price being reflected in COGS, natural rubber increased slightly, while price of other Raw materials including crude oil declined YoY.
- For Japan, the depreciation of JPY against USD etc. had a negative impact on raw materials.





Tire Demand (PSR/TBR)

TB – In N. America and Europe, demand decreased YoY while demand in Japan increased due to previous year's decline in OEM vehicle production which was effected from parts supply shortage.

- REP: PS Demand in Japan declined YoY due to pre-buy of price increase in PY, while demand in N. America remained at the same level as PY\* and demand in Europe increased YoY.
   \*Total demand including non-members increased YoY, partly due to increase in low-end imports resulting from tariff reductions.
   Demand for PSR-HRD (18"+) continued to grow YoY, mainly in N. America and Europe.
  - TB In N. America, demand recovered steadily from Q2, bottomed out in 1H and increased YoY. Total demand including Non-member demand increased significantly YoY, partly due to increase in low-end imports in preparation for the tariff hike. In Europe, demand remained flat YoY. In Japan, demand fell sharply YoY, partly due to pre-buy of price increase in PY.

### Market trend of natural rubber and crude oil (Average)

		2022		20	23		20	24
	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
Natural Rubber ⟨TSR20⟩(*1) (¢/kg)	146	130	137	135	134	145	157	168
Natural Rubber (RSS#3)(*1) ( ¢ /kg)	163	150	161	155	151	166	214	230
Crude Oil (\$/bbl)	91	83	76	74	82	79	77	78

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Source: Singapore Commodity Exchange Limited

#### Tire Demand (unit base% vs. PY)

Estimated by Bridgestone PSR/LTR			TE	BR
	OE	REP	OE	REP
Japan	90%	90%	105%	80%
N. America	101%	98% (*2)	93%	103% <sup>(*2)</sup>
Europe	94%	102%	79%	99%

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Member demand: Tire Brands (excl. imports) which participates in U.S. / Canadian Tire Manufacturers Association(\*3) Total demand including non-members is as follows. PSR/LTR REP: 105%, TBR REP: 128%

<sup>(\*3)</sup> USTMA (U.S. Tire Manufacturers Association)+TRAC (Tire Rubber Association of Canada)



### Tire Sales Growth for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024 (vs. PY) – PSR/LTR

PSR/LTR		
,	vs. PY	
Global (OE+REP)	91%	
	OE	REP
Global	90%	92%
Japan	83%	84%
Asia, Pacific, India, China	84%	100%
N. America	100%	97%
Europe	90%	93%

6	PSR/LTR HRD (18"+)	vs. PY
Glok	oal (OE+REP)	99%
	REP	104%

### **Overview of the Performance by Product**

PSR/LTR (for passenger car & light truck)

- Premium tires (HRD: 18"+) has solidly grown mainly in the replacement market of N. America and Europe.
  - OE sales in N. America expanded sales and gained share by thorough focus on premium and improvement of vehicle model mix, while sales in Europe decreased reflecting premium focus, deterioration in vehicle model mix(incl. EVs), reduced production and demand planned by OEMs.
- OE: Enforce premium focus strategy-Seeking value, not volume. While N. America sales volume grew YoY based on the solid demand growth, lowered vehicle production drove demand and sales decrease YoY in Japan, Asia and Europe.
- REP: In N. America, HRD sales increased as a result of promoting development of new products and channels.
  - Optimizing the balance between the volume and value by reinforcing the utilization of FS brand in response to the increase of low-end imports, market share slightly decreased YoY, while Member (\*) share was flat. Sales in Japan declined significantly due to the pre-buy of price hike in PY. In Asia, sales stayed flat YoY and in Europe, the company selectively reduced loss-making and unprofitable business which resulted significant decrease in sales volume.



## Tire Sales Growth for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024 (vs. PY) – TBR and ORR

TBR	vs. PY	(*) As for TBR, figures of	
Global (OE+REP)	93%	from previous year and the current year.	
	OE	REP	
Global	89%	94%	
Japan	105%	75%	
Asia, Pacific, India	82%	100%	
N. America	87%	100%	BS brands: 108% FS brands: 88%
Europe	80%	95%	(Q1:72%, Q2:107%)

(A)	ORR	vs. PY
Ultra-La	rge (REP)	99%
Ĺ	_arge	96%
	OE	65%
	REP	112%
Small	& Medium	99%
	OE	104%
	REP	95%

### **Overview of the Performance by Product**

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{TBR} \\ (\text{for truck \& bus}) \end{array}$ 

Thorough focus on premium strategy- Focus on the balance between the volume and value. While sales in Japan increased YoY due to the vehicle production decrease in PY effected by the parts supply shortage, sales in Asia, N. America, and Europe decreased YoY.

In N. America, distribution inventories normalized in Q1. Demand steadily recovered from Q2 and flat sales YoY in 1H.

BS brand for fleets steadily expanded sales YoY based on the solid business foundation. Sales of FS brand products for dealers improved in Q2 as a result of optimizing the balance between volume and value. In Japan, sales declined significantly YoY due to the impact of demand decrease caused by pre-buy of price increase in PY, as well as the impact of selective reduction of loss-making and unprofitable products.

ORR

(for mining & construction)

Ultra-Large:

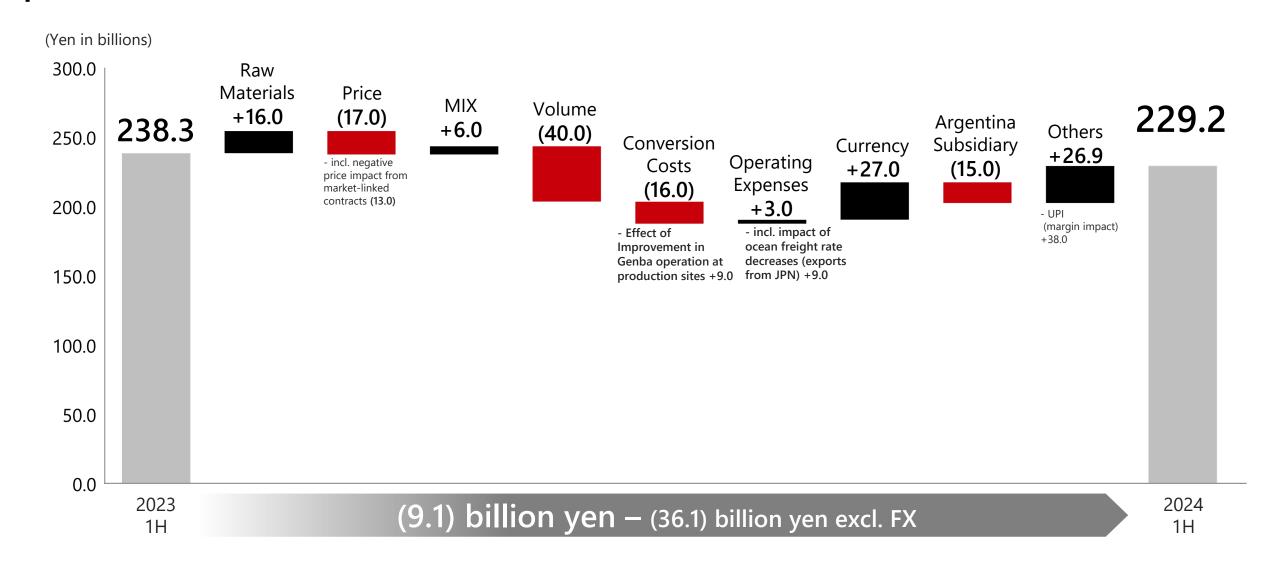
While minerals demand stays stable, Ultra-Large Mining tire sales maintained flat YoY linked with expanding solutions with MASTERCORE as Dan-Totsu product at the core.

- Large: Despite huge impact of OEM production reduction mainly in Asia, sales in REP expanded YoY, resulting in a slight decrease from PY in total.
- Small & Medium: REP sales slightly declined due to demand drop of port/construction in Europe.

OE sales expanded due to increase of US construction tire demand and total sales resulted flat YoY.



## Analysis of Adjusted Operating Profit for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024 (vs. PY)



## Consolidated Financial Results by Segment for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024

		2023 1H Results	2024 1H Results	vs. PY (%)
	Revenue	607.6	586.7	(3)
Japan	Adjusted OP	89.1	94.1	+6
	Margin	14.7%	16.0%	+1.4 pp
A : D :C: L !: L	Revenue	273.7	260.5	(5)
Asia, Pacific, India and China (*)	Adjusted OP	23.1	27.8	+20
	Margin	8.5%	10.7%	+2.2 pp
	Revenue	1,013.1	1,093.0	+8
Americas	Adjusted OP	118.7	88.3	(26)
	Margin	11.7%	8.1%	(3.6) pp
Francis Middle Feet seed	Revenue	407.4	411.1	+1
Europe, Middle East and Africa (*)	Adjusted OP	9.2	7.4	(20)
	Margin	2.3%	1.8%	(0.5) pp

<sup>(\*)</sup> Segmentation is changed from Fiscal 2024 as follows. Figures of 2023 have been recalculated for y/y comparison purpose.

<sup>&</sup>quot;China, Asia-Pacific" is changed to "Asia, Pacific, India, and China"

<sup>&</sup>quot;Europe, Russia, Middle East, India and Africa" is changed to "Europe, Middle East, and Africa"

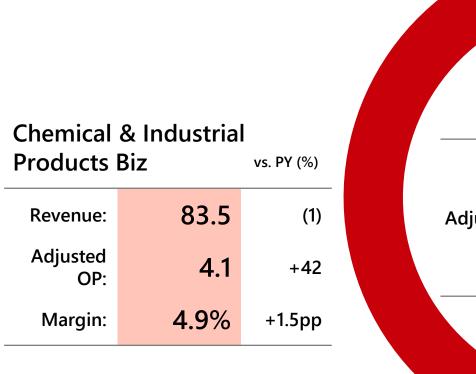
## Consolidated Financial Results by Product for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024

(Yen in billions) 2023 1H 2024 1H vs. PY (%) Results (\*) Results 1,136.4 1,211.5 +7 Revenue Adjusted OP 117.9 128.3 +9 PS/LT + 0.2pp 10.4% 10.6% (incl. retail & credit card business) Margin (2)Revenue 497.9 489.8 Adjusted OP 47.3 24.6 (48)(4.5)pp9.5% 5.0% Margin (incl. retread business) 318.3 319.7 +0Revenue Adjusted OP 67.5 72.1 +7 **Specialties** +1.3pp (OR/AC/AG/MC) 21.2% 22.6% Margin 149.2 155.8 Revenue +4 5.6 Adjusted OP 4.2 (25)**Diversified Products Business** 3.8% 2.7% (1.1)ppMargin



<sup>(\*)</sup> Calculation method for P&L by product has been partially changed. Figures of 2023 have been recalculated for y/y comparison purpose.

# Consolidated Financial Results by Business for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024 (Diversified Products Business)



	versified ucts Busin	ness vs. PY (%)	
Revenue:	155.8	+4	
Adjusted OP:	4.2	(25)	
Margin:	2.7%	(1.1)pp	

Sports & C	vs. PY (%)	
Revenue:	32.5	+1
Adjusted OP:	(0)	-
Margin:	(0.1)%	(4.3)pp

Diversified Products Biz in Americas			
(Air Springs)		vs. PY (%)	
Revenue:	36.9	+23	
Adjusted OP:	0.1	(92)	
Margin:	0.3%	(4.6)pp	

# B/S and C/F Highlights for 1st Half of Fiscal 2024

	2023 Results	2024 1H Results	(Yen in billions)
	(as of Dec 31, 2023)	(as of Jun 30, 2024)	vs. Dec 31, 2023
Total Assets	5,427.8	5,865.7	+437.9
Total Equity	3,405.4	3,852.5	+447.1
Equity Ratio (%)	61.8%	64.8%	+3.0pp
Interest-Bearing Debt 〈Net〉	105.6	102.5	(3.0)
Exchange rate USD/JPY	¥142	¥161	+ ¥19
at the end of reporting period EUR/JPY	¥157	¥172	+ ¥15
	2023 1H Results	2024 1H Results	vs. PY
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	236.4	211.5	(24.9)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(128.5)	(102.7)	+25.9
Free Cash Flow	107.9	108.9	+1.0
Capital Expenditure	138.4	151.1	+12.8
Depreciation and Amortization	146.7	172.7	+26.0

2. Consolidated Guidance for 2024

### **Consolidated Guidance for Fiscal 2024 (Revised)**

(Yen		

	2023 Results	2024 Guidance ('Feb 16, 2024 Announcement)	2024 Guidance (Revised)	vs. February Guidance (%)	vs. PY (%)
Revenue	4,313.8	4,430.0	4,410.0	(0)	+2
Adjusted Operating Profit	480.6	530.0	490.0	(8)	+2
Margin	11.1%	12.0%	11.1%	(0.9)pp	(0.0)pp
Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent	331.3	359.0	336.0	(6)	+1
- Continuing Operations	326.9	359.0	336.0	(6)	+3
- Discontinued Operations	4.4	-	-	-	-
ROIC	8.7%	9.4%	8.9%	(0.5)pp	+0.2pp
ROE	10.4%	10.6%	9.8%	(0.8)pp	(0.5)pp
Dividend per share	¥200	¥210	¥210		

<sup>(\*)</sup> Revenue, Adjusted Operating Profit, ROIC and ROE show figures for continuing operations.

#### Revise downwards from the February guidance

- Deteriorate L. America business beyond assumptions (lower than worst scenario assumed in February)
  - ⇒Strengthen damage control as there are huge negative impacts for the year despite the improvement in the 2H
- Growth of N. America business fallen short of the February guidance
  - Strong foundation of premium tires (TB BS brands, PS-HRD, etc.), retail and retread business remain resilient
    - ⇒Increased risks such as expanding low-end imports in markets despite the plan to recovery planned in the 2H
  - Deteriorate business environment for diversified products business beyond assumptions

Not covering the deterioration of L. America business particularly in the 1H, regardless of offsetting the deterioration of Latin and North America vs. the February guidance with global diverse improvement activities and improvements in other business areas.

# Fiscal 2024 guidance Secured increased revenue & AOP vs. PY No change for dividend per share

- Get through the worst phase in L. America business and N. America TB business with the 1H 2024 being the lowest point ⇒ Improve from 2H 2024 to 2025
- Be sure to reinforce initiatives for global business cost reduction continuously to accelerate contribution to financial performance
- Stay attentive and lean globally:

Identify demand & sales trend and risks by market to reflect the sales & production plan.

Ensure to optimize the balance of sales & production, and reduce inventory and fixed cost (for sales & production)
Reduce resources by reviewing the production investment after

2H 2024, mainly in N. America and Europe to build lean structure ⇒will be the base of 2025 plan

- Begin the 2<sup>nd</sup> stage of business rebuilding in 2H 2024 and 2025
   ⇒ Further reinforcement is required in 2025
- Implement the multi-brand strategy such as reinforcing the utilization of FS brand mainly in N. America to optimize the balance of volume and value, while ensuring a focus on BS premium and reinforcing Dan-Totsu product power



## **Business Environment Assumptions for Fiscal 2024 (Revised)**

### **Forecast of Business Environment**



**Currency Exchange** 

● 2H: 1USD=¥140 (Full-year basis: 1USD=¥146)

● 2H: 1EUR=¥151 (Full-year basis: 1EUR=¥157)

(c.f.) FY2023: 1USD=¥141, 1EUR=¥152 Feb guidance: 1USD=¥135, 1EUR=¥149



**Raw Material** 

Feedstock price is expected to increase YoY.

• For Japan, the depreciation of JPY against USD etc. is expected to have negative impact on raw materials.



Tire Demand (PSR/TBR)

- OE: Excluding some regions, demand growth is expected to soften due to vehicle production decline.
- REP: In N. America TBR, demand which bottomed out in 1H is expected to recover continuously in 2H. PSR-HRD(18"+inch) tire demand is expected to keep its increase mainly in N. America and Europe.

### **Currency Exchange Rate Assumptions**

	2023	2024			
	FY	1H	2H	FY	
USD/JPY	141	152	140	146	
EUR/JPY	152	165	151	157	

### Tire Demand Assumptions (unit base% vs. PY)

Estimated by Bric	lgestone PSF	R/LTR	TBR
	OE	REP	OE
Japan	90~94%	101~105%	100%
Asia <sup>(*1)</sup>	100%	101~105%	90~94%
N. America	100%	95~99% <sup>(*2)</sup>	90~94%
Europe	90~94%	101~105%	85~89%

(\*1) PSR/LTR: Total of Thailand, Indonesia, India and China TBR: Total of Thailand, Indonesia, India (\*2) USTMA+TRAC demand



REP

101~105%

101~105%

106~110%

100%

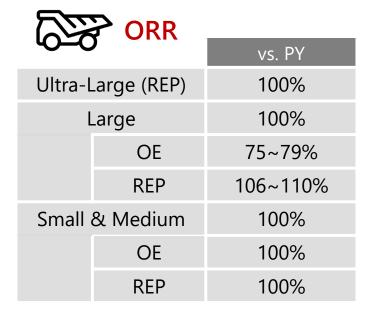
## Tire Sales Growth Guidance for Fiscal 2024 (vs. PY)

PSR/LTR				
<b>5</b> 1 51 4 2 1 1 1	vs. PY			
Global	95~99%			
OE				
Global	85~89%			
Japan	80~84%			
Asia, Pacific, India, China	85~89%			
N. America	95~99%			
Europe	90~94%			
REP				
Global	100%			
Japan	106~110%			
Asia, Pacific, India, China	101~105%			
N. America	100%			

Europe

vs. PY	
100%	
90~94%	
95~99%	
75~79%	
95~99%	
80~84%	

REP	
Global	101~105%
Japan	100%
Asia, Pacific, India <sup>(*)</sup>	106~110%
N. America	106~110%
Europe	101~105%



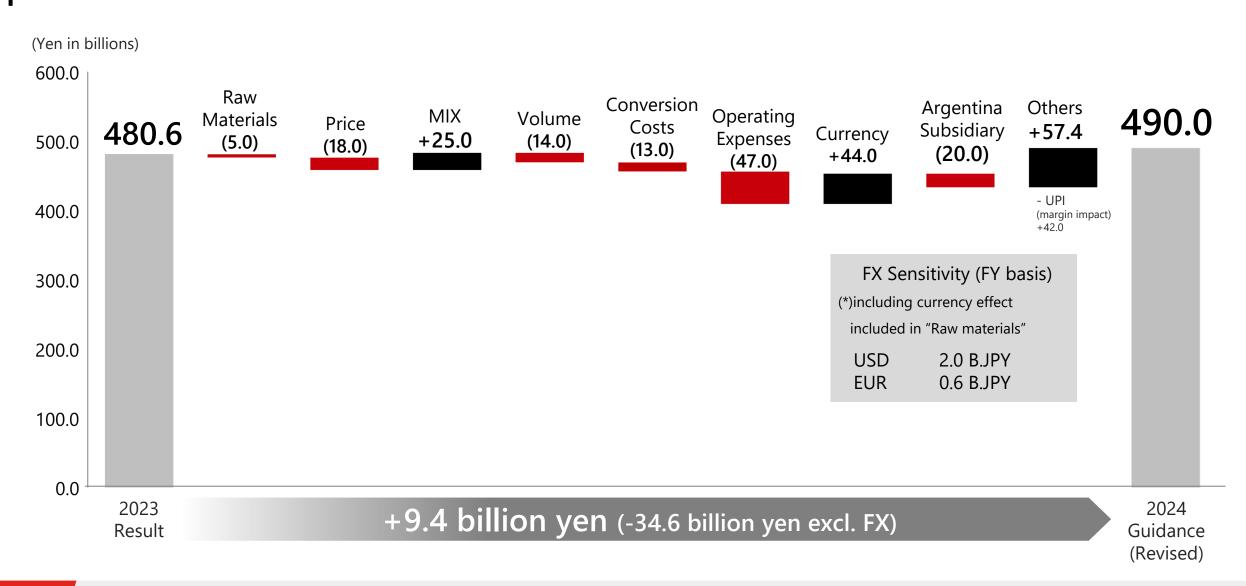


100%



<sup>(\*)</sup> As for TBR, figures of China is excluded from previous year and the current year.

## Analysis of Adjusted Operating Profit for Fiscal 2024 (vs. PY)



## Consolidated Guidance by Segment for Fiscal 2024: vs PY (Revised)

		2023 Results	2024 Guidance ('Feb 16, 2024 Announcement)	2024 Guidance (Revised)	vs. February Guidance (%)	vs. PY (%)
	Revenue	1,242.4	1,265.0	1,255.0	(1)	+1
Japan	Adjusted OP	206.5	182.0	190.0	+4	(8)
	Margin	16.6%	14.4%	15.1%	+0.8pp	(1.5)pp
	Revenue	551.5	570.0	540.0	(5)	(2)
Asia, Pacific, India and China (*)	Adjusted OP	55.2	63.0	61.0	(3)	+11
Cillia	Margin	10.0%	11.1%	11.3%	+ 0.2pp	+ 1.3pp
	Revenue	2,080.0	2,165.0	2,165.0	-	+4
Americas	Adjusted OP	212.0	250.0	196.0	(22)	(8)
	Margin	10.2%	11.5%	9.1%	(2.5)pp	(1.1)pp
Europe, Middle East and Africa (*)	Revenue	819.2	820.0	810.0	(1)	(1)
	Adjusted OP	11.7	27.0	25.0	(7)	+ 114
	Margin	1.4%	3.3%	3.1%	(0.2)pp	+ 1.7pp

<sup>(\*)</sup> Segmentation is changed from Fiscal 2024 as follows.



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