

SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT



This presentation may contain projections or other forward-looking statements within the meaning Section 27A of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "should," "will" and variations of these terms or the negative of these terms and similar expressions are intended to identify these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this presentation may include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our expectations for profitability and subscription growth; and overall consumer demand for our products. These statements involve risks and uncertainties, and actual events or results may differ materially. Among the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include the inability to achieve our revenue growth or profitability in the future, and if revenue growth or profitability is achieved, we may not be able to sustain it; the fact that an economic downturn or economic uncertainty in our key U.S. and international markets, inflation, and fluctuations in interest rates or currency exchange rates may adversely affect consumer discretionary spending and demand for our products: the fact that our goal to grow revenue and be profitable relies upon our ability to grow sales from our direct-to-consumer business and our retail partners and distributors; our ability to acquire and retain subscribers; our reliance on third-party suppliers, some of which are sole-source suppliers, to provide services and components for our products which may be impacted due to supply shortages, long lead times or other service disruptions and may increase costs due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the war in Ukraine, inflation or the negative impact on exchange rates; our ability to maintain the value and reputation of our brand and protect our intellectual property and proprietary rights; the risk that our sales fall below our forecasts, especially during the holiday season; the risk we fail to manage our operating expenses effectively, and may result in our financial performance suffering the fact that our continued profitability depends in part on further penetrating our total addressable market, and we may not be successful in doing so; the fact that we rely on sales of our cameras, mounts and accessories for substantially all of our revenue, and any decrease in the sales or change in sales mix of these products could harm our business; the risk that we may not successfully manage product introductions, product transitions, product pricing and marketing; the fact that a small number of retailers and distributors account for a substantial portion of our revenue and our level of business with them could be significantly reduced; the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates on our results of operations; our ability to attract, engage and retain qualified personnel; any changes to trade agreements, trade policies, tariffs, and import/export regulations; the effects of the highly competitive market in which we operate, including new market entrants; the fact that we may experience fluctuating revenue, expenses and profitability in the future; risks related to inventory, purchase commitments and long-lived assets; the risk that we may not be able to maintain the value and reputation of our brand; the risk that we will encounter problems with our distribution system; the threat of a security breach or other disruption including cyberattacks; the concern that our intellectual property and proprietary rights may not adequately protect our products and services: the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the war in Ukraine and their effects on the United States and global economies and our business in particular; and other factors detailed in the Risk Factors section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, which is on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and as updated in filings with the SEC. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date hereof or as of the date otherwise stated herein. GoPro disclaims any obligation to update these forward-looking statements.

USE OF NON-GAAP METRICS



We report gross margin, operating expenses, operating income (loss), net income (loss) and diluted net income (loss) per share in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and on a non-GAAP basis. We additionally report non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA. Revenue, gross profit, gross margin percentage, adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue, and street average selling price are also presented on a constant currency basis to show performance unaffected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates. We believe that non-GAAP information is useful because it can enhance the understanding of our ongoing economic performance. We use non-GAAP reporting internally to evaluate and manage our operations. We have chosen to provide this information to investors to enable them to perform comparisons of operating results in a manner similar to how we analyze our own operating results.

A full reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP financial data can be found in the appendix to this slide package and in our Q4 2022 earnings press release issued on February 2, 2023, which should be reviewed in conjunction with this presentation.

QUARTERLY NON-GAAP INCOME STATEMENT SUMMARY



(\$ in millions, except per share data)	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022	Q1 2022	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020
Revenue	\$ 321.0	\$ 305.1	\$ 250.7	\$ 216.7	\$ 391.1	\$ 316.7	\$ 249.6	\$ 203.7	\$ 357.8
Camera units shipped (in thousands)	850	797	640	523	1,033	832	724	556	1,108
Gross margin*	35.1%	38.2%	38.5%	42.0%	41.3%	43.8%	40.1%	39.2%	38.3%
Operating expenses*	\$ 93.7	\$ 83.1	\$ 81.5	\$ 72.9	\$ 92.3	\$ 79.9	\$ 79.4	\$ 73.0	\$ 73.0
Operating income*	\$ 19.1	\$ 33.4	\$ 15.0	\$ 18.1	\$ 69.2	\$ 58.8	\$ 20.7	\$ 6.9	\$ 64.2
Net income*	\$ 21.1	\$ 31.8	\$ 12.8	\$ 15.2	\$ 66.1	\$ 55.2	\$ 19.9	\$ 4.8	\$ 61.1
Diluted net income per share*	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.39
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$ 22.0	\$ 35.2	\$ 16.9	\$ 20.6	\$ 71.6	\$ 60.4	\$ 25.1	\$ 10.7	\$ 67.7
Headcount	877	860	839	796	766	778	774	765	758

 $^{^{\}star}$ Non-GAAP metric. See reconciliations in Appendix.

QUARTERLY REVENUE METRICS



(\$ in millions)	Q4 2	2022	Q3 2	2022	Q2 2	2022	Q1 2	2022	Q4 2	2021
Revenue by Channel:	\$	% of Rev								
GoPro.com	\$ 128.2	39.9 %	\$ 98.6	32.3 %	\$ 95.3	38.0 %	\$ 88.6	40.9 %	\$ 127.8	32.7 %
Retail	192.8	60.1	206.5	67.7	155.4	62.0	128.1	59.1	263.3	67.3
Total Revenue	\$ 321.0	100.0 %	\$ 305.1	100.0 %	\$ 250.7	100.0 %	\$ 216.7	100.0 %	\$ 391.1	100.0 %
GoPro.com Revenue:	\$	% of Rev								
Hardware	\$ 106.0	82.7 %	\$ 77.2	78.3 %	\$ 75.2	78.9 %	\$ 70.0	79.0 %	\$ 110.7	86.6 %
Subscription and service	22.2	17.3	21.4	21.7	20.1	21.1	18.6	21.0	17.1	13.4
Total GoPro.com Revenue	\$ 128.2	100.0 %	\$ 98.6	100.0 %	\$ 95.3	100.0 %	\$ 88.6	100.0 %	\$ 127.8	100.0 %
Revenue by Geography:	\$	% of Rev								
Americas	\$ 152.9	47.6 %	\$ 139.4	45.6 %	\$ 126.4	50.4 %	\$ 102.6	47.3 %	\$ 193.4	49.5 %
Europe, Middle East and Africa	82.7	25.8	85.0	27.9	71.7	28.6	61.5	28.4	108.9	27.8
Asia and Pacific	85.4	26.6	80.7	26.5	52.6	21.0	52.6	24.3	88.8	22.7
Total Revenue	\$ 321.0	100.0 %	\$ 305.1	100.0 %	\$ 250.7	100.0 %	\$ 216.7	100.0 %	\$ 391.1	100.0 %

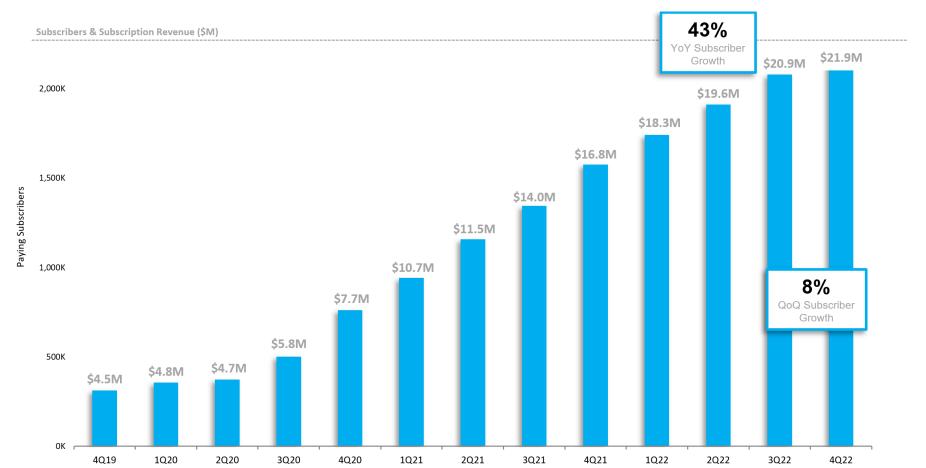
SELECT BALANCE SHEET METRICS



(\$ in millions)	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022	Q1 2022	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and marketable securities	\$ 367.3	\$ 348.8	\$ 322.5	\$ 449.9	\$ 538.9	\$ 378.5	\$ 318.7	\$ 296.8	\$ 327.7
Days sales outstanding	22	25	32	29	26	28	35	30	27
Inventory	\$ 127.1	\$ 153.4	\$ 126.0	\$ 119.4	\$ 86.4	\$ 120.9	\$ 106.8	\$ 111.8	\$ 97.9
Annualized inventory turns	5.9x	5.4x	5.0x	4.9x	8.9x	6.3x	5.5x	4.7x	7.6x
Inventory days	55	73	74	85	34	61	64	81	40

GOPRO SUBSCRIPTION







Appendix



To supplement our unaudited selected financial data presented on a basis consistent with GAAP, we disclose certain non-GAAP financial measures, including non-GAAP gross margin, operating expenses, operating income (loss), net income (loss), diluted net income (loss) per share and adjusted EBITDA. Additionally, we present revenue, gross profit, gross margin percentage, adjusted EBITDA in dollars and as a percentage of revenue, and street average selling price on a constant currency basis to show performance unaffected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates. We calculate constant currency amounts by translating current period amounts at the prior period's average exchange rate and compare that to the current period performance. We use non-GAAP financial measures to help us understand and evaluate our core operating performance and trends, to prepare and approve our annual budget, and to develop short-term and long-term operational plans. Our management uses, and believes that investors benefit from referring to these non-GAAP financial measures in assessing our operating results. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as an alternative to, the measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, and are not based on any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles. We believe that these non-GAAP measures, when read in conjunction with our GAAP financials, provide useful information to investors by facilitating:

- the comparability of our on-going operating results over the periods presented;
- the ability to identify trends in our underlying business; and
- the comparison of our operating results against analyst financial models and operating results of other public companies that supplement their GAAP results with non-GAAP financial measures.

These non-GAAP financial measures have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with our results of operations as determined in accordance with GAAP. Some of these limitations are:

- adjusted EBITDA does not reflect tax payments that reduce cash available to us;
- adjusted EBITDA excludes depreciation and amortization and, although these are non-cash charges, the property and equipment being
 depreciated and amortized often will have to be replaced in the future, and adjusted EBITDA does not reflect any cash capital expenditure
 requirements for such replacements;



- adjusted EBITDA excludes the amortization of point of purchase (POP) display assets because it is a non-cash charge, and is treated similarly to depreciation of property and equipment and amortization of acquired intangible assets;
- adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP net income (loss) exclude restructuring and other related costs which primarily include severance-related costs, stock-based compensation expenses, manufacturing consolidation charges, facilities consolidation charges recorded in connection with restructuring actions, including right-of-use asset impairment charges, and the related ongoing operating lease cost of those facilities recorded under ASC 842, Leases. These expenses do not reflect expected future operating expenses and do not contribute to a meaningful evaluation of current operating performance or comparisons to the operating performance in other periods;
- adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP net income (loss) exclude stock-based compensation expense related to equity awards granted primarily to our
 workforce. We exclude stock-based compensation expense because we believe that the non-GAAP financial measures excluding this item
 provide meaningful supplemental information regarding operational performance. In particular, we note that companies calculate stock-based
 compensation expense for the variety of award types that they employ using different valuation methodologies and subjective assumptions. These
 non-cash charges are not factored into our internal evaluation of net income (loss) as we believe their inclusion would hinder our ability to assess
 core operational performance;
- adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP net income (loss) exclude the loss on extinguishment of debt because it is not reflective of ongoing operating results in the period, and such losses vary in the frequency and amount;



- non-GAAP net income (loss) excludes acquisition-related costs including the amortization of acquired intangible assets (primarily consisting of acquired technology), the impairment of acquired intangible assets (if applicable), as well as third-party transaction costs incurred for legal and other professional services. These costs are not factored into our evaluation of potential acquisitions, or of our performance after completion of the acquisitions, because these costs are not related to our core operating performance or reflective of ongoing operating results in the period, and the frequency and amount of such costs vary significantly based on the timing and magnitude of our acquisition transactions and the maturities of the businesses being acquired. Although we exclude the amortization of acquired intangible assets from our non-GAAP net income (loss), management believes that it is important for investors to understand that such intangible assets were recorded as part of purchase accounting and contribute to revenue generation.
- non-GAAP net income (loss) excludes non-cash interest expense. Prior to the adoption of ASU 2020-06 in fiscal year 2022, we were required to
 recognize non-cash interest expense related to the amortization of a debt discount associated with our 2022 Notes and 2025 Notes in accordance
 with the prior authoritative accounting guidance for convertible debt that may be settled in cash. From fiscal year 2022 and onwards, this debt
 discount accounting requirement was removed, and as a result, non-cash interest expense will no longer be a reconciling item between GAAP
 and non-GAAP net income (loss);
- non-GAAP net income (loss) includes income tax adjustments. We utilize a cash-based non-GAAP tax expense approach (based upon expected
 annual cash payments for income taxes) for evaluating operating performance as well as for planning and forecasting purposes. This non-GAAP
 tax approach eliminates the effects of period specific items, which can vary in size and frequency and does not necessarily reflect our long-term
 operations. Historically, we computed a non-GAAP tax rate based on non-GAAP pre-tax income on a quarterly basis, which considered the
 income tax effects of the adjustments above;
- GAAP and non-GAAP net income (loss) per share includes the dilutive, tax effected cash interest expense associated with our 2022 Notes and 2025 Notes, as if converted at the beginning of the period in connection with the adoption of ASU 2020-06 on January 1, 2022; and
- other companies may calculate these non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.



(\$ in thousands, except per share data)	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022	Q1 2022	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020
GAAP net income (loss)	\$ 3,073	\$ 17,570	\$ 2,519	\$ 5,685	\$ 52,626	\$ 311,761	\$ 16,952	\$ (10,168)	\$ 44,413
Stock-based compensation:									
Cost of revenue	434	441	483	447	374	483	508	429	373
Operating expenses	9,131	8,898	9,768	9,389	10,049	8,846	9,521	8,440	7,664
Total stock-based compensation	9,565	9,339	10,251	9,836	10,423	9,329	10,029	8,869	8,037
Acquisition-related costs:									
Cost of revenue		_	_	47	71	70	288	723	723
Total acquisition-related costs	_	_	_	47	71	70	288	723	723
Restructuring and other costs:									
Cost of revenue	8,047	(21)	4	5	7	51	49	50	11
Operating expenses	(242)	(393)	80	74	106	747	856	783	58
Total restructuring and other costs	7,805	(414)	84	79	113	798	905	833	69
Non-cash interest expense	_	_	_	_	3,673	3,590	3,512	3,433	3,018
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,389
Income tax adjustments	647	5,352	(64)	(451)	(759)	(270,324)	(11,824)	1,145	(585)
Non-GAAP net income	\$ 21,090	\$ 31,847	\$ 12,790	\$ 15,196	\$ 66,147	\$ 55,224	\$ 19,862	\$ 4,835	\$ 61,064



(\$ in thousands, except per share data)	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022	Q1 2022	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020
Numerator:									
GAAP net income (loss) - Basic	\$ 3,073	\$ 17,570	\$ 2,519	\$ 5,685	\$ 52,626	\$ 311,761	\$ 16,952	\$ (10,168)	\$ 44,413
Add: Interest on convertible notes, tax effected*	334	485	715	1,521	_	_	_	_	
GAAP net income (loss) - Diluted	\$ 3,407	\$ 18,055	\$ 3,234	\$ 7,206	\$ 52,626	\$ 311,761	\$ 16,952	\$ (10,168)	\$ 44,413
Non-GAAP net income - Basic	\$ 21,090	\$ 31,847	\$ 12,790	\$ 15,196	\$ 66,147	\$ 55,224	\$ 19,862	\$ 4,835	\$ 61,064
Add: Interest on convertible notes, tax effected*	334	485	715	1,521	_	_	_	_	
Non-GAAP net income - Diluted	\$ 21,424	\$ 32,332	\$ 13,505	\$ 16,717	\$ 66,147	\$ 55,224	\$ 19,862	\$ 4,835	\$ 61,064
Denominator:									
GAAP shares - Diluted*	172,124	173,184	176,860	188,737	162,742	162,746	164,857	152,181	156,464
Add: Non-GAAP only dilutive shares	_	_	_			_	_	7,671	_
Non-GAAP shares - Diluted	172,124	173,184	176,860	188,737	162,742	162,746	164,857	159,852	156,464
GAAP diluted net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.32	\$ 1.92	\$ 0.10	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.28
Non-GAAP diluted net income per share	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.39

^{*} Reflects the use of the if-converted method for our convertible notes, effective 1/1/22 due to the adoption of ASU 2020-06.



(\$ in thousands)	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022	Q1 2022	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020
GAAP gross margin	32.5%	38.0%	38.3%	41.8%	41.2%	43.6%	39.8%	38.6%	38.0%
Stock-based compensation	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Acquisition-related costs	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.1	0.4	0.2
Restructuring and other costs	2.5	_		_	_	_			_
Non-GAAP gross margin	35.1%	38.2%	38.5%	42.0%	41.3%	43.8%	40.1%	39.2%	38.3%
GAAP operating expenses	\$ 102,596	\$ 91,614	\$ 91,349	\$ 82,314	\$ 102,449	\$ 89,452	\$ 89,780	\$ 82,208	\$ 80,728
Stock-based compensation	(9,131)	(8,898)	(9,768)	(9,389)	(10,049)	(8,846)	(9,521)	(8,440)	(7,664)
Restructuring and other costs	242	393	(80)	(74)	(106)	(747)	(856)	(783)	(58)
Non-GAAP operating expenses	\$ 93,707	\$ 83,109	\$ 81,501	\$ 72,851	\$ 92,294	\$ 79,859	\$ 79,403	\$ 72,985	\$ 73,006
GAAP operating income (loss)	\$ 1,707	\$ 24,431	\$ 4,655	\$ 8,162	\$ 58,625	\$ 48,601	\$ 9,502	\$ (3,512)	\$ 55,355
Stock-based compensation	9,565	9,339	10,251	9,836	10,423	9,329	10,029	8,869	8,037
Acquisition-related costs	II — I	_	_	47	71	70	288	723	723
Restructuring and other costs	7,805	(414)	84	79	113	798	905	833	69
Non-GAAP operating income	\$ 19,077	\$ 33,356	\$ 14,990	\$ 18,124	\$ 69,232	\$ 58,798	\$ 20,724	\$ 6,913	\$ 64,184



(\$ in thousands)	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022	Q1 2022	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020
GAAP net income (loss)	\$ 3,073	\$ 17,570	\$ 2,519	\$ 5,685	\$ 52,626	\$ 311,761	\$ 16,952	\$ (10,168)	\$ 44,413
Income tax expense (benefit)	(413)	5,960	110	(51)	(392)	(270,228)	(11,670)	1,219	116
Interest expense, net	(486)	262	1,244	2,111	5,701	5,697	5,484	5,796	5,442
Depreciation and amortization	1,980	2,035	2,253	2,302	2,363	2,371	2,694	3,534	3,570
POP display amortization	490	448	430	687	737	714	671	637	708
Stock-based compensation	9,565	9,339	10,251	9,836	10,423	9,329	10,029	8,869	8,037
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,389
Restructuring and other costs	7,805	(414)	84	79	113	798	905	833	69
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 22,014	\$ 35,200	\$ 16,891	\$ 20,649	\$ 71,571	\$ 60,442	\$ 25,065	\$ 10,720	\$ 67,744