

September 15, 2022

Dover Corporation

Morgan Stanley Laguna Conference

Rich Tobin, President & CEO

Forward-Looking Statements and Non-GAAP Measures

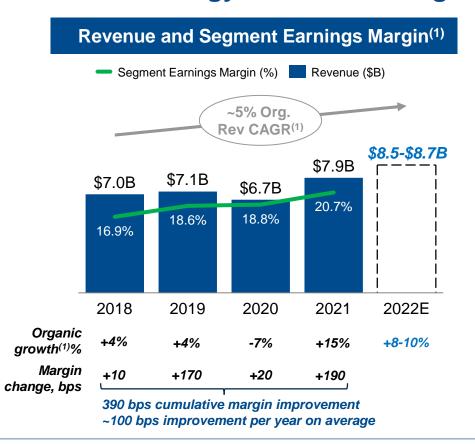
We want to remind everyone that our comments may contain forward-looking statements that are inherently subject to uncertainties and risks, including the impacts of coronavirus (COVID-19) on the global economy and on our customers, suppliers, employees, operations, business, liquidity and cash flow, supply chain constraints and labor shortages that could result in production stoppages, and inflation in material input costs and freight logistics. We caution everyone to be guided in their analysis of Dover Corporation by referring to the documents we file from time to time with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, for a list of factors that could cause our results to differ from those anticipated in any such forward-looking statements.

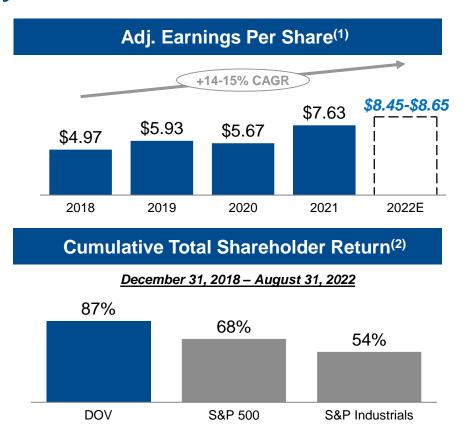
We would also direct your attention to our website, **dovercorporation.com**, where considerably more information can be found.

In addition to financial measures based on U.S. GAAP, Dover provides supplemental non-GAAP financial information. Management uses non-GAAP measures in addition to GAAP measures to understand and compare operating results across periods, make resource allocation decisions, and for forecasting and other purposes. Management believes these non-GAAP measures reflect results in a manner that enables, in many instances, more meaningful analysis of trends and facilitates comparison of results across periods and to those of peer companies. These non-GAAP financial measures have no standardized meaning presented in U.S. GAAP and may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies due to potential differences between the companies in calculations. The use of these non-GAAP measures has limitations and they should not be considered as substitutes for measures of financial performance and financial position as prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Reconciliations and definitions are included in the appendix to this presentation. We do not provide a reconciliation of forward-looking organic revenue to consolidated revenue (the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure) because we are not able to provide a meaningful or accurate compilation of reconciling items. This is due to the inherent difficulty in accurately forecasting the timing and amounts of the items that would be excluded from the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure or are out of our control. For the same reasons, we are unable to address the probable significance of unavailable information which may be material.



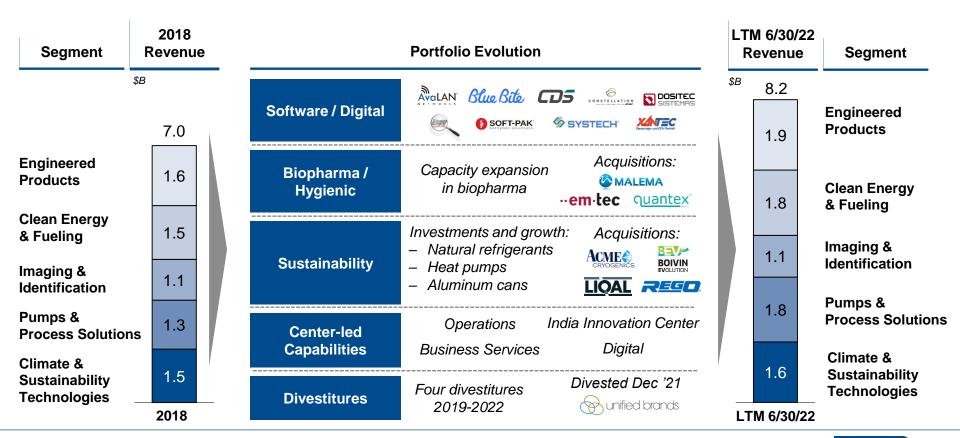
Dover Strategy Delivers Through-Cycle Value Creation





Non-GAAP measures (definitions and/or reconciliations in appendix)

Sustained Investment Behind Resilient, High Growth Portfolio





Delivering on Capital Allocation Priorities

Priorities

Year-to-date '22 Results

1

Invest Organically

- Capacity for growth
- Digitization, e-commerce
- Innovation and R&D
- Productivity and automation

2

Grow through Acquisitions

- Ample opportunity to acquire in core markets
- Strict strategic fit and financial discipline criteria
- Priorities: DPPS, DII, DCEF; software, recurring revenue, product adjacencies

- ~\$100M capex investment; 2.4% of Q2 YTD Revenue
- Compelling pipeline of organic growth and productivity investments

- ~\$240M deployed in four bolt-on acquisitions
- \$1.5B+ "firepower" available in the near-term⁽¹⁾

3

Return Capital

- Continued dividend growth; share repurchases if investment opportunities do not materialize
- Will not let cash build

- \$585M in share repurchases; \$500M Accelerated Share Repurchase (ASR) announced on 8/31 is ongoing
- 67th consecutive year of dividend increases



Appendix



Organic Revenue Bridges

2021 - 2017 Revenue Growth Factors

| 2021 2011 1(0)(0)(0) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | | | |
| Organic | | | | | | | | |
| Engineered Products | 14.1% | -10.3% | 5.4% | 6.6% | 6.7% | | | |
| Clean Energy & Fueling | 5.8% | -8.8% | 10.5% | 9.9% | -0.5% | | | |
| Imaging & Identification | 8.0% | -7.2% | 1.2% | 4.6% | 4.6% | | | |
| Pumps & Process Solutions | 26.6% | -2.3% | 3.9% | 7.4% | 7.3% | | | |
| Climate & Sustainability Technologies | 22.0% | -3.0% | -2.7% | -7.9% | 3.4% | | | |
| Total Organic | 15.3% | -6.6% | 3.8% | 3.7% | 4.6% | | | |
| Acquisitions | 1.3% | 1.0% | 0.8% | 0.5% | 10.9% | | | |
| Dispositions | -0.2% | -0.7% | -0.5% | -2.5% | -3.1% | | | |
| Currency translation | 1.9% | 0.0% | -2.0% | 0.8% | 0.5% | | | |
| Total | 18.3% | -6.3% | 2.1% | 2.5% | 12.9% | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Reconciliation of Adjusted Earnings from Continuing Operations to Earnings from Continuing Operations and Adjusted Diluted EPS from Continuing Operations to Diluted EPS from Continuing Operations

| (\$ in millions, except per share data) | FY 2021 | FY 2020 | FY 2019 | FY 2018 | FY 2017 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Earnings from continuing operations (\$) | 1,124 | 683 | 678 | 591 | 747 |
| Purchase accounting expenses, pre tax | 142 | 139 | 138 | 146 | 151 |
| Purchase accounting expenses, tax impact | (35) | (34) | (35) | (37) | (49) |
| Restructuring and other costs, pre tax | 38 | 51 | 32 | 73 | 49 |
| Restructuring and other costs, tax impact | (7) | (11) | (7) | (15) | (15) |
| Gain on disposition, pre tax | (206) | (5) | - | - | (205) |
| Gain on disposition, tax impact | 53 | 1 | - | - | 33 |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt, pre-tax | - | - | 24 | - | - |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt, tax impact | - | - | (5) | - | - |
| Loss on assets held for sale | - | - | 47 | - | - |
| Tax Cuts and Jobs Act | - | - | - | (3) | (55) |
| Disposition costs, pre-tax | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Disposition costs, tax impact | - | - | - | - | (2) |
| Product recall reversal, pre-tax | - | - | - | - | (7) |
| Product recall reversal, tax impact | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| Adjusted earnings from continuing operations (\$) | 1,109 | 824 | 872 | 756 | 655 |
| Adjusted earnings from continuing operations margin | 14.0% | 12.3% | 12.2% | 10.8% | 9.6% |
| Weighted average shares outstanding – diluted | 145 | 145 | 147 | 152 | 158 |
| Diluted EPS from continuing operations (\$) | 7.74 | 4.70 | 4.61 | 3.89 | 4.73 |
| Purchase accounting expenses, pre tax | 0.98 | 0.95 | 0.94 | 0.96 | 0.96 |
| Purchase accounting expenses, tax impact | (0.24) | (0.24) | (0.24) | (0.24) | (0.31) |
| Restructuring and other costs, pre tax | 0.26 | 0.35 | 0.22 | 0.48 | 0.31 |
| Restructuring and other costs, tax impact | (0.05) | (0.07) | (0.06) | (0.10) | (0.09) |
| Gain on disposition, pre tax | (1.42) | (0.03) | - | - | (1.30) |
| Gain on disposition, tax impact | 0.37 | 0.01 | - | - | 0.21 |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt, pre-tax | - | - | 0.16 | - | - |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt, tax impact | - | - | (0.04) | - | - |
| Loss on assets held for sale | - | - | 0.32 | - | - |
| Tax Cuts and Jobs Act | - | - | - | (0.02) | (0.35) |
| Disposition costs, pre-tax | - | - | - | - | 0.03 |
| Disposition costs, tax impact | - | - | - | - | (0.02) |
| Product recall reversal, pre-tax | - | - | - | - | (0.05) |
| Product recall reversal, tax impact | - | - | - | - | 0.02 |
| Adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations (\$) | 7.63 | 5.67 | 5.93 | 4.97 | 4.15 |

Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding



Reconciliation of Earnings from Continuing Operations to Segment Earnings and Calculation of Segment Earnings Margin

| (\$ in millions) | FY 2021 | FY 2020 | FY 2019 | FY 2018 | FY 2017 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Revenue | 7,907 | 6,684 | 7,136 | 6,992 | 6,821 |
| | | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | 1,124 | 683 | 678 | 591 | 747 |
| Add back: | | | | | |
| Corporate expense | 156 | 119 | 142 | 115 | 138 |
| Interest expense, net | 102 | 108 | 121 | 122 | 136 |
| Income tax expense | 277 | 158 | 165 | 134 | 129 |
| Purchase accounting expenses | 142 | 139 | 138 | 146 | 151 |
| Restructuring and other costs | 38 | 51 | 32 | 73 | 49 |
| Gain on dispositions | (206) | (5) | - | - | (205) |
| Loss on assets held for sale | - | - | 47 | - | - |
| Segment earnings | 1,633 | 1,254 | 1,324 | 1,182 | 1,146 |
| Segment earnings margin | 20.7% | 18.8% | 18.6% | 16.9% | 16.8% |

Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding



Reconciliation of EPS to Adjusted EPS

| | | | Range | | |
|--|----------|--------|-------|----|------|
| 2022 Guidance for Earnings per Share (GAAP) | \$ 7. | .44 | | \$ | 7.64 |
| Purchase accounting expenses, net | | | 1.01 | | |
| Restructuring and other costs, net | | | 0.16 | | |
| Tax Cuts and Jobs Act | | (0.16) | | | |
| 2022 Guidance for Adjusted Earnings per Share (Non-GAAP) | \$ 8 | 45 | | \$ | 8.65 |

Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding



Non-GAAP Definitions

Definitions of Non-GAAP Measures:

Adjusted Earnings from Continuing Operations: is defined as earnings from continuing operations adjusted for the effect of purchase accounting expenses, restructuring and other costs/benefits, gain/loss on dispositions, loss on extinguishment of debt, loss on assets held for sale, Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, disposition costs, and product recall reversal.

Adjusted Earnings from Continuing Operations Margin: is defined as adjusted earnings from continuing operations divided by revenue.

Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations (or Adjusted Earnings Per Share): is defined as diluted EPS from continuing operations adjusted for the effect of purchase accounting expenses, restructuring and other costs/benefits, gain/loss on dispositions, loss on extinguishment of debt, loss on assets held for sale, Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, disposition costs, and product recall reversal.

Total Segment Earnings: is defined as sum of earnings from continuing operations before purchase accounting expenses, restructuring and other costs/benefits, gain/loss on dispositions, loss on assets held for sale, corporate expenses/other, interest expense, interest income and provision for income taxes for all segments

Total Segment Earnings Margin: is defined as total segment earnings divided by revenue.

Organic Revenue Growth: is defined as revenue growth excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange rates and the impact of acquisitions and dispositions.

The tables included in this presentation provide reconciliations of the non-GAAP measures used in this presentation to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measures. Further information regarding management's use of these non-GAAP measures is included in Dover's earnings release and investor supplement for the most recent quarter.



