DEAR BARON EMERGING MARKETS FUND SHAREHOLDER:

PERFORMANCE

Baron Emerging Markets Fund (the "Fund") gained 8.58% (Institutional Shares) during the final quarter of 2022, while its principal benchmark index, the MSCI EM Index, returned 9.70%. The MSCI EM IMI Growth Index gained 9.28% for the quarter. In a year when growth stocks suffered under rising interest rates and deteriorating liquidity conditions, the Fund declined 25.82%, the MSCI EM Index retreated 20.09%, and the MSCI EM IMI Growth Index lost 23.88%. The Fund modestly underperformed both its principal benchmark index and the all-cap growth proxy during a strong fourth quarter for emerging market (EM) and international equities. In our previous letter, we surmised that we were likely passing through peak hawkishness; and as suggested, the fourth quarter featured a shift in sentiment regarding inflation expectations and anticipated central bank aggression, which was a primary catalyst for the global rally. Volatility remained elevated, as emerging and international equity markets, particularly those most sensitive to China, experienced a wave of selling early in the quarter over the country's unpopular adherence to the zero-COVID policy as well as unexpected changes to the Politburo standing committee, which abruptly reversed as the government's new leadership rolled out significant easing and stimulus measures and began to dismantle its zero-COVID measures. In our view, this vector change leaves China as the global jurisdiction with the highest likelihood of earnings expansion and outperformance relative to expectations as we enter 2023, while China's reopening would also marginally offset deteriorating global growth conditions. We believe that evolving macroeconomic conditions, relative valuations, and relative earnings prospects suggest that EM and international equities are likely positioned for a multi-year phase of outperformance. As always, we are confident that we have invested in many well-positioned and well-managed companies on a bottom-up basis that are poised to benefit from long-term and attractive investment themes.



PORTFOLIO MANAGER

Retail Shares: BEXFX Institutional Shares: BEXIX R6 Shares: BEXUX

Table I.

Performance[†]

Annualized for periods ended December 31, 2022

	Baron Emerging Markets Fund Retail Shares ^{1,2}	Baron Emerging Markets Fund Institutional Shares ^{1,2}	MSCI EM Index ¹	MSCI EM IMI Growth Index ¹
Three Months ³	8.46%	8.58%	9.70%	9.28%
One Year	(26.04)%	(25.82)%	(20.09)%	(23.88)%
Three Years	(3.68)%	(3.44)%	(2.69)%	(2.02)%
Five Years	(2.95)%	(2.70)%	(1.40)%	(1.06)%
Ten Years	2.83%	3.10%	1.44%	2.65%
Since Inception				
(December 31, 2010)	2.51%	2.77%	0.89%	1.90%

Performance listed in the above table is net of annual operating expenses. Annual expense ratio for the Retail Shares and Institutional Shares as of December 31, 2021 was 1.33% and 1.08%, respectively. The performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate; an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. The Adviser reimburses certain Baron Fund expenses pursuant to a contract expiring on August 29, 2033, unless renewed for another 11-year term and the Fund's transfer agency expenses may be reduced by expense offsets from an unaffiliated transfer agent, without which performance would have been lower. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. For performance information current to the most recent month end, visit www.BaronFunds.com or call 1-800-99BARON.

[†] The Fund's 10-year historical performance was impacted by gains from IPOs and there is no guarantee that these results can be repeated or that the Fund's level of participation in IPOs will be the same in the future.

¹ The **MSCI EM (Emerging Markets) Index** is designed to measure equity market performance of large and mid-cap securities across 24 Emerging Markets countries. The **MSCI EM (Emerging Markets) IMI Growth Index** is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index designed to measure equity market performance of large, mid and small-cap securities exhibiting overall growth characteristics across 24 Emerging Markets countries. MSCI is the source and owner of the trademarks, service marks and copyrights related to the MSCI Indexes. The indexes and the Fund include reinvestment of dividends, net of foreign withholding taxes, which positively impact the performance results. The indexes are unmanaged. Index performance is not Fund performance; one cannot invest directly into an index.



² The performance data does not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or redemption of Fund shares.

³ Not annualized.

Baron Emerging Markets Fund

For 2022, we underperformed our primary benchmark, the MSCI EM Index, while more moderately trailing our all-cap EM growth proxy in a very difficult period for growth stocks worldwide. During the year, EM equities were marked with increased volatility, in our view primarily driven by challenges related to China's zero-COVID policy, economic and geopolitical uncertainties arising from Russia's invasion of Ukraine, and stubbornly high global inflation readings, which forced central bankers to tighten aggressively. From a sector or theme perspective, relative underperformance was largely a result of adverse stock selection in the Financials sector, primarily driven by a material correction in our fintech-related holdings (Sberbank of Russia PISC, Lufax Holding Ltd, TCS Group Holding PLC, and XP Inc.). Poor stock selection effect in the Industrials sector due to investments in our China value-added (Han's Laser Technology Industry Group Co., Ltd. and Zhejiang Dingli Machinery Co., Ltd.) and sustainability/ESG (China Conch Environment Protection Holdings Limited, Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd., and Aeris Industria Comercio Equipamentos Geracao Energia SA) themes also stood out as a key detractor during the period. Partially offsetting the above was favorable stock selection in the Materials sector, pertaining to select positions in our sustainability/ESG theme (Glencore PLC and Suzano S.A.), along with positive allocation effect in the Information Technology sector. In addition, our cash position in a weak market environment was also a positive contributor to relative performance during the year.

From a country perspective, for calendar year 2022, poor stock selection in China and Brazil drove the vast majority of relative underperformance. In our view, the weakness in China was primarily driven by near-term earnings disruption pertaining to the country's zero-COVID policy. As illuminated elsewhere in this letter, we expect our China investments to stage a solid recovery in the year ahead as the worst of COVID-related disruption is now likely behind us and a new easing and stimulus cycle has taken shape. In our view, despite a late-year rally, current market prices remain well below fundamental intrinsic value for many of our investments. Partly offsetting the above was positive allocation and stock selection effect in Korea. Our active exposure to the U.K., led by our single investment in Glencore PLC as part of our sustainability/ESG theme, along with positive allocation effect in Taiwan, also contributed positively to relative performance during the year.

For the fourth quarter, we modestly underperformed our principal MSCI EM Index, as well as the EM all-cap growth proxy. Our large overweight positioning together with adverse stock selection in India was the key detractor to relative performance during the quarter. We are not surprised by a retracement of prior period gains in our India holdings and remain enthusiastic long term, as landmark economic reforms implemented by the Modi administration are now supporting higher sustainable GDP growth while also accelerating formalization and digitization of the economy. Our cash position in a market rally combined with weak stock selection and allocation effect in Korea also contributed to the relative shortfall during the guarter. From a sector or theme perspective, poor stock selection effect in Financials (Bajaj Finance Limited, Max Financial Services Limited, SBI Life Insurance Company Limited, JM Financial Limited, and Nippon Life India Asset Management Limited) and Health Care (Hapvida Participacoes e Investimentos S.A., Zai Lab Limited, and Divi's Laboratories Limited) were a drag on relative results. We are encouraged by our recent performance and expect to recoup prior period losses for many of our investments, particularly within our digitization, sustainability/ESG, and China value-added themes.

Table II.

Top contributors to performance for the quarter ended December 31, 2022		
	Percent Impact	
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	0.71%	
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited	0.49	
Tencent Holdings Limited	0.45	
Tenaris S.A.	0.44	
Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited	0.41	

Shares of South Korean conglomerate **Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.** increased during the quarter due to investor expectations of a stabilization in DRAM and NAND prices heading into 2023. We are confident Samsung will remain a global leader in memory, smartphones, and foundry services and a major beneficiary of long-term semiconductor demand growth.

Semiconductor giant **Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited** contributed in the fourth quarter due to easing geopolitical concerns and expectations for end-demand recovery later in 2023. We retain conviction that Taiwan Semi's technological leadership, pricing power, and exposure to secular growth markets, including high-performance computing, automotive, 5G, and IoT, will allow the company to sustain strong earnings growth over the next several years.

Tencent Holdings Limited operates the leading social network and messaging platforms (QQ, WeChat), the largest online entertainment and media business, and the largest online gaming business in China. Shares of Tencent were up this quarter, given improving macroeconomic conditions, the end of China's zero-COVID policy, and slowing regulatory activity in China. We retain conviction that Tencent can sustain durable growth given its track record of execution, scale, and unique and diversified online assets.

Tenaris S.A. manufactures seamless steel pipe products with large operations in the U.S., Latin America, and the Middle East. Most of its products are oil country tubular goods (OCTG) supplied for the energy industry. Shares increased on an earnings beat generated by higher margins as a result of shortages of OCTG pipe. As one of the lowest-cost OCTG producers, we think Tenaris will be a major beneficiary of the increase in U.S. drilling capital expenditures needed to increase domestic energy security and reduce global reliance on Russian oil and gas.

Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited, a leading Chinese enterprise resource planning (ERP) software company, contributed in the fourth quarter on an improving macroeconomic growth outlook and expectations for increased enterprise software spending. We believe Kingdee will be a key beneficiary of Chinese enterprises' digital transformation and software localization. We expect Kingdee to take market share from foreign ERP providers while transitioning to a subscription, cloudbased model, leading to increased recurring revenue and earnings visibility.

Table III.

Top detractors from performance for the quarter ended December 31, 2022

	Percent Impact
Bajaj Finance Limited	-0.33%
Baidu, Inc.	-0.22
Hapvida Participacoes e Investimentos S.A.	-0.21
Max Financial Services Limited	-0.16
China Conch Environment Protection Holdings Limited	-0.13

Bajaj Finance Limited, a leading non-bank financial company in India, detracted from performance largely as a result of anticipated weakness in near-term earnings growth owing to a broad slowdown in consumer discretionary spending. We retain conviction in Bajaj due to its best-in-class management team, robust long-term growth outlook, and conservative risk management frameworks. We think the company is well positioned to benefit from growing demand for consumer financial services such as mortgages, personal and credit card loans, among other related products.

Shares of **Baidu, Inc.**, a leading Chinese artificial intelligence company, fell in the fourth quarter due to geopolitical uncertainties and COVIDrelated lockdowns. We retain conviction that Baidu will deliver strong earnings growth over the next several years, driven by the secular growth in digital advertising, market share gains in cloud computing, continued progress in autonomous vehicle development, and improving operational efficiency.

Hapvida Participacoes e Investimentos S.A. is Brazil's largest vertically integrated HMO. Disappointing performance can be attributed to earnings weakness due to COVID-related headwinds and anemic growth in new member lives. We retain conviction given the company is benefiting from rising penetration of health care services in the country, and we believe it will gain market share by offering cost-effective plans nationwide. We expect earnings to sustain mid-teens growth over the next three to five years.

Shares of **Max Financial Services Limited** declined in the quarter as a result of near-term earnings weakness due to slowing premium growth delivered by its largest distribution partner, Axis Bank. We retain conviction. As India's leading life insurance player, the company is benefiting from strong consumer demand for term protection and financial savings products. We expect mid-teens premium growth over the next three to five years.

China Conch Environment Protection Holdings Limited is an emerging leader in hazardous/solid waste treatment through cement co-processing projects in China that recently spun off from China Conch Venture Holdings. Shares fell due to a decline in margins and investor concerns about weaker demand. We remain shareholders. The cement co-processing business enjoys high levels of support by the Chinese government. Co-processing has 40%-plus margins underpinned by low costs and strong pricing power relative to other methods that are two to three times more expensive and more capital intensive.

PORTFOLIO STRUCTURE

Table IV.

Top 10 holdings as of December 31, 2022

	Percent of Net Assets
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited	4.9%
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	3.6
Alibaba Group Holding Limited	3.1
Tencent Holdings Limited	2.7
Reliance Industries Limited	2.7
Bajaj Finance Limited	2.6
Suzano S.A.	2.0
Bharti Airtel Limited	1.8
Korea Shipbuilding & Offshore Engineering Co., Ltd.	1.7
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	1.6

EXPOSURE BY COUNTRY

Table V.

Percentage of securities by country as of December 31, 2022

	Percent of Net Assets
China	31.7%
India	25.7
Korea	7.8
Taiwan	7.0
Brazil	5.7
Hong Kong	3.8
Indonesia	2.6
Mexico	2.3
Philippines	1.8
South Africa	1.5
United Kingdom	1.4
Italy	1.3
Peru	1.3
Poland	1.2
Japan	1.1
Norway	0.5
United Arab Emirates	0.3
Spain	0.1
United States	0.1
Russia	0.0*

* The Fund's exposure to Russia was less than 0.1%.

Exposure by Market Cap: The Fund may invest in companies of any market capitalization, and we have generally been broadly diversified across large, mid-, and small-cap companies, as we believe developing world companies of all sizes can exhibit attractive growth potential. At the end of the fourth quarter of 2022, the Fund's median market cap was \$10.3 billion, and we were invested 50.5% in giant-cap companies, 36.1% in large-cap companies, 8.8% in mid-cap companies, and 1.7% in small- and micro-cap companies, as defined by Morningstar, with the remainder in cash.

Baron Emerging Markets Fund

RECENT ACTIVITY

During the fourth quarter, we added two new investments to existing themes while also increasing exposure to several positions that were established in earlier periods. We continue our endeavor to add to our highest-conviction ideas.

We added to our sustainability/ESG theme by initiating a position in **Norsk Hydro ASA**, a global producer of aluminum and other related products. The company is vertically integrated with operations across all major aspects of the aluminum value chain, from bauxite and alumina mining to smelting and production. Norsk Hydro is strategically positioned as an upstream producer of aluminum with a very low carbon footprint due to its captive hydro-electricity generation. This, in our view, is a growing competitive advantage as we expect prices of carbon emissions to rise over time as global economies strive to achieve their carbon net-zero targets. We are optimistic regarding aluminum prices and expect a multi-year supply deficit driven by capacity constraints arising from decarbonization commitments in China and elsewhere. In addition, we expect structural demand growth from electric and lighter weight vehicles.

During the quarter, we also increased exposure to our digitization theme by initiating an investment in MediaTek Inc., a Taiwanese fabless semiconductor company that is the largest global volume supplier of smartphone application processors. In our view, MediaTek will be a key beneficiary of a cyclical recovery in Android smartphone demand, driven by the reopening of China's consumer economy and industry-wide inventory restocking. We have followed the company for many years, and opportunistically invested as sentiment turned against the semiconductor industry, with MediaTek offering growth potential and a double-digit current dividend yield. Longer term, we expect MediaTek to benefit from secular growth in 5G smartphone adoption, driving a higher average selling price for its application processors, while leveraging its strong technological capabilities to gain market share in the premium smartphone segment. We also believe that the company's competitively advantaged non-smartphone product portfolio, including Wi-Fi chips, PC modems, and power management ICs, has structural upside from long-term semiconductor content growth.

Finally, we added to several of our existing positions during the quarter, most notably Jiangsu Hengli Hydraulic Co., Ltd., HDFC Bank Limited, Glodon Company Limited, JD.com, Inc., Delta Electronics, Inc., B3 S.A. – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcao, and Shenzhen Mindray Bio-Medical Electronics Co., Ltd. During the quarter, we also exited our position in Kweichow Moutai Co., Ltd., owner of China's most valuable domestic spirits brand, given concerns that rolling COVID-related lockdowns and a slowdown in China's property sector may reduce high-end consumption.

OUTLOOK

In our third quarter letter, we suggested that Fed hawkishness was likely reaching a zone of practical constraint, as, in our view, investors believed that the Fed's impatience with backward-looking and elevated inflation readings would manifest as a policy error and/or trigger financial instability. We suggested that a peak in the U.S. dollar, real interest rates, and sovereign bond yields would likely signal the passing of peak hawkishness and result in moderating equity risk premia and a trough in earnings multiples. We believe the fourth quarter of 2022 has likely confirmed the prediction above, and as we stated in our last letter, these conditions suggest to us that we are entering a sustainable period of EM equity outperformance. While a global earnings contraction remains a possibility, we believe the combination of macroeconomic conditions, relative valuation, and relative earnings prospects warrant that forward-looking investors should begin to rebalance portfolios. In our view, now is the time to take a contrarian view of ex-U.S. investments.

While the fourth guarter concluded with solid global equity returns, the quarter was nonetheless characterized by high volatility, particularly in EM. Early in the quarter, disappointment with China's adherence to its zero-COVID policy, as well as unexpected changes to the Politburo standing committee, triggered a second capitulation in equities, only to be fully reversed when authorities abruptly unveiled aggressive easing and stimulus measures and signaled the dismantling of zero-COVID. We believe this market capitulation quite likely represents a very important bottom in China and related equities, and, in our view, further confirms the likelihood that EM equities are positioned for improvement in relative performance. From the end of October to year end, EM equities outperformed the S&P 500 Index by approximately 13%, and this outperformance has continued into the new year. In the near term, we believe China is the global jurisdiction with the greatest likelihood of earnings recovery and outperformance, triggered by the previously mentioned post-COVID economic reopening and coincident large-scale easing and stimulus measures. In contrast, while the U.S./global economy is likely moving past peak hawkishness, we expect an extended period of slowing economic growth and earnings vulnerability while awaiting the next Fed easing cycle. In other words, while the global markets are likely reaching a trough in earnings multiples, we are now entering an undefined period of uncertainty for U.S./global earnings power, and the unresolved question will shift to whether the Fed will wait too long to pivot to an easing bias.

Notwithstanding the recent outperformance noted above, we enter 2023 with U.S. equities trading at a near record high relative to EM equities and face an elevated risk of earnings disappointment, while EM equities in aggregate are trading near a 25-year low relative to U.S. equities and, in our view, stand poised for an improving relative economic and earnings outlook. Over the intermediate and longer term, while a mean reversion in relative valuation is enough to suggest material outperformance, it is a marked improvement in relative earnings expectations that will trigger sustained and unexpected outperformance. As we have outlined in previous communications, we believe the principal catalysts for improving EM and international relative earnings expectations will be the global capital investment cycle, which is required to fund deglobalization, supply-chain diversification, sustainability, and energy, commodity, and agricultural security; India's productivity initiatives reaching escape velocity and driving a virtuous investment cycle; and China's pivot to value-added economic activity. Further, we believe we are at or near a final top in the 14-year, extended U.S. dollar bull market and expect that a subsequent period of stronger EM and international currencies and stable or moderating bond yields will prove stimulative to consumption, investment and corporate earnings in these jurisdictions. In short, we reiterate that we believe now is a time to take a contrarian view of the EM equity asset class.

Thank you for investing in the Baron Emerging Markets Fund.

Sincerely,

Michael Kass Portfolio Manager

Baron Emerging Markets Fund

Investors should consider the investment objectives, risks, and charges and expenses of the investment carefully before investing. The prospectus and summary prospectus contain this and other information about the Funds. You may obtain them from its distributor, Baron Capital, Inc., by calling 1-800-99BARON or visiting www.BaronFunds.com. Please read them carefully before investing.

Risks: In addition to the general stock market risk that securities may fluctuate in value, investments in developing countries may have increased risks due to a greater possibility of: settlement delays; currency and capital controls; interest rate sensitivity; corruption and crime; exchange rate volatility; and inflation or deflation. The Fund invests in companies of all sizes, including small and medium sized companies whose securities may be thinly traded and more difficult to sell during market downturns. The Fund may not achieve its objectives. Portfolio holdings are subject to change. Current and future portfolio holdings are subject to risk.

The discussions of the companies herein are not intended as advice to any person regarding the advisability of investing in any particular security. The views expressed in this report reflect those of the respective portfolio manager only through the end of the period stated in this report. The portfolio manager's views are not intended as recommendations or investment advice to any person reading this report and are subject to change at any time based on market and other conditions and Baron has no obligation to update them.

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