

Sysco Q4 and FY23 Earnings Results

Forward-Looking Statements

Statements made in this press release or in our earnings call for the fourth guarter of fiscal year 2023 that look forward in time or that express management's beliefs, expectations or hopes are forward-looking statements under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements reflect the views of management at the time such statements are made and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties, estimates, and assumptions that may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations. These statements include statements concerning: the effect, impact, potential duration or other implications of the COVID-19 pandemic and any expectations we may have with respect thereto; our expectations regarding future improvements in productivity; our belief that improvements in our organizational capabilities will deliver compelling outcomes in future periods; our expectations regarding improvements in international volume; our expectations that our transformational agenda will drive long-term growth; our expectations regarding the continuation of an inflationary environment; our expectations regarding improvements in the efficiency of our supply chain; our expectations regarding the impact of our Recipe for Growth strategy and the pace of progress in implementing the initiatives under that strategy; our expectations regarding Sysco's ability to outperform the market in future periods; our expectations that our strategic priorities will enable us to grow faster than the market; our expectations regarding our efforts to reduce overtime rates and the incremental investments in hiring; our expectations regarding the expansion of our driver academy and our belief that the academy will enable us to provide upward career path mobility for our warehouse colleagues and improve colleagues retention; our expectations regarding the benefits of the six-day delivery and last mile distribution models; our plans to improve the capabilities of our sales team; our expectations regarding the impact of our growth initiatives and their ability to enable Sysco to consistently outperform the market; our expectations to exceed our growth target by the end of fiscal 2024; our ability to deliver against our strategic priorities; economic trends in the United States and abroad; our belief that there is further opportunity for profit in the future; our future growth, including growth in sales and earnings per share; the pace of implementation of our business transformation initiatives; our expectations regarding our balanced approach to capital allocation and rewarding our shareholders; our plans to improve colleague retention, training and productivity; our belief that our Recipe for Growth transformation is creating capabilities that will help us profitably grow for the long term; our expectations regarding our long-term financial outlook; our expectations of the effects labor harmony will have on sales and case volume, as well as mitigation expenses; our expectations for customer acquisition in the local/street space; our expectations regarding the effectiveness of our Global Support Center expense control measures; and our expectations regarding the growth and resilience of our food away from home market.

It is important to note that actual results could differ materially from those projected in such forward-looking statements based on numerous factors, including those outside of Sysco's control. For more information concerning factors that could cause actual results to differ from those expressed or forecasted, see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 2, 2022, as filed with the SEC, and our subsequent filings with the SEC. We do not undertake to update our forward-looking statements, except as required by applicable law.



KEVIN HOURICAN

President & Chief Executive Officer



World-class Fleet























Industry Leading Service

Foodie Experts



On-trend Products





Food Sales & Marketing

Q4: Volume Growth, Operating Expense Leverage and Solid Profitability



Sysco[®]

Fiscal Q4 2023 Highlights

+4.1%

Revenue growth compared to fiscal Q4 2022

+16.5%

Adjusted EPS growth compared to fiscal Q4 2022

2.5x

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA Ratio¹ \$2.1 billion

free cash flow +79% compared to fiscal 2022

+2.3%

+5.7%

+57 bps

\$1.2 billion

\$1.34

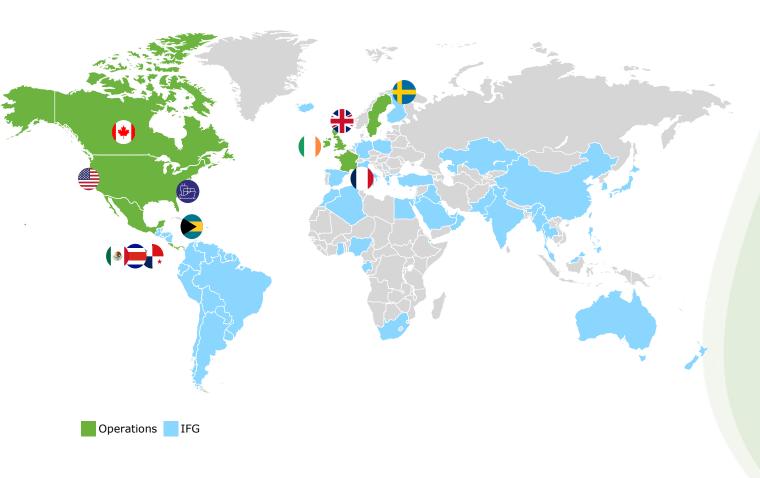
U.S. Foodservice Volume increase vs. fiscal Q4 2022 **Adjusted gross profit¹ \$ growth** and adjusted gross profit margin expansion of 28 bps vs. fiscal Q4 2022 **Adjusted operating income margin¹ expansion**; strong operating expense leverage vs. fiscal Q4 2022

Adjusted EBITDA¹ in the quarter was 14.4% higher than fiscal Q4 2022

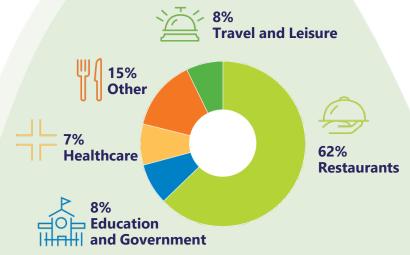
Adjusted EPS¹ grew +16.5% vs. fiscal Q4 2022

Sysco is the Backbone of the Food Away From **Home Industry and Growing Share**





FY2023 Total Sysco Sales



In Annual Sales

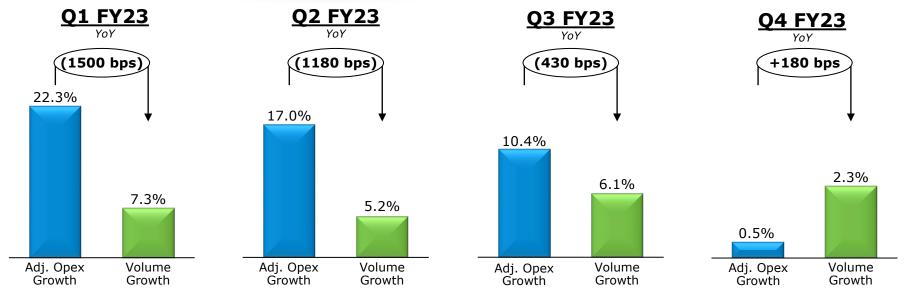
\$76.3B ~725K **Customer Locations**

~7,500 Sales Consultants

72K+ Colleagues Across the Globe

USFS: Sequential Improvement with Adjusted Operating Expense and Strong Q4 Exit Rate



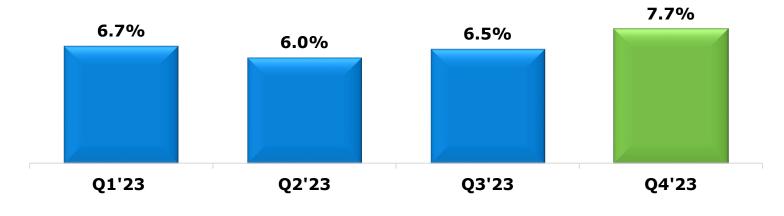


Overview

- Sequential improvement in operating expenses throughout the year.
- Strong Q4 exit rate, with U.S. Foodservice volume growth exceeding adjusted operating expense growth
- Proactive efforts with supply chain efficiencies and cost outs are driving sequential improvement in operating leverage. Snap-back productivity costs and excess overtime costs reduced to zero during FY 2023.
- Our efforts are driving improved margins, with adjusted operating margins increasing 100 bps since the start of the year.

ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME

(% of Sales)



Our Recipe for Growth



Sysco Is a Purpose-Driven Organization, Defining the Future of Our Industry

PURPOSE | *Our Why*

Connecting the World to Share Food and Care for One Another

MISSION | Our What

Delivering success for our customers through industry-leading people, products and solutions

IDENTITY | Our Role

Together we define the future of foodservice and supply chain

STRATEGY | How We Win - We will grow meaningfully faster than the market through our strategic priorities



DIGITAL

Enrich the customer experience through personalized digital tools that reduce friction in the purchase experience and introduce innovation to our customers

PRODUCTS AND SOLUTIONS

Customer focused marketing and merchandising solutions that inspire increased sales of our broad assortment of fair priced products and services

SUPPLY CHAIN

Efficiently and consistently serve customers with the products they need, when and how they need them, through a flexible delivery framework

CUSTOMER TEAMS

Our greatest strength is our people. People who are passionate about food and food service. Our diverse team delivers expertise and differentiated services designed to help our customers grow their business

FUTURE HORIZON

We are committed to responsible growth. We will cultivate new channels, segments and capabilities while being stewards of our company and our planet for the long-term. We will fund our journey through cost-out and efficiency improvements

Recipe for Growth is Delivering Important Wins



Sysco | Shop

- Now available in Spanish with over 100 new feature enhancements
- Enhancements drive increase in product page visits, adding incremental volume with addto-cart purchasing
- Improved search capabilities, new deals page, and enhancements around Specialty





- In >400 neighborhoods across five countries
- Program delivering double-digit top- and bottom-line growth
- Focused on independent customers in restaurantdense neighborhoods
- Service flexibility and focused team selling



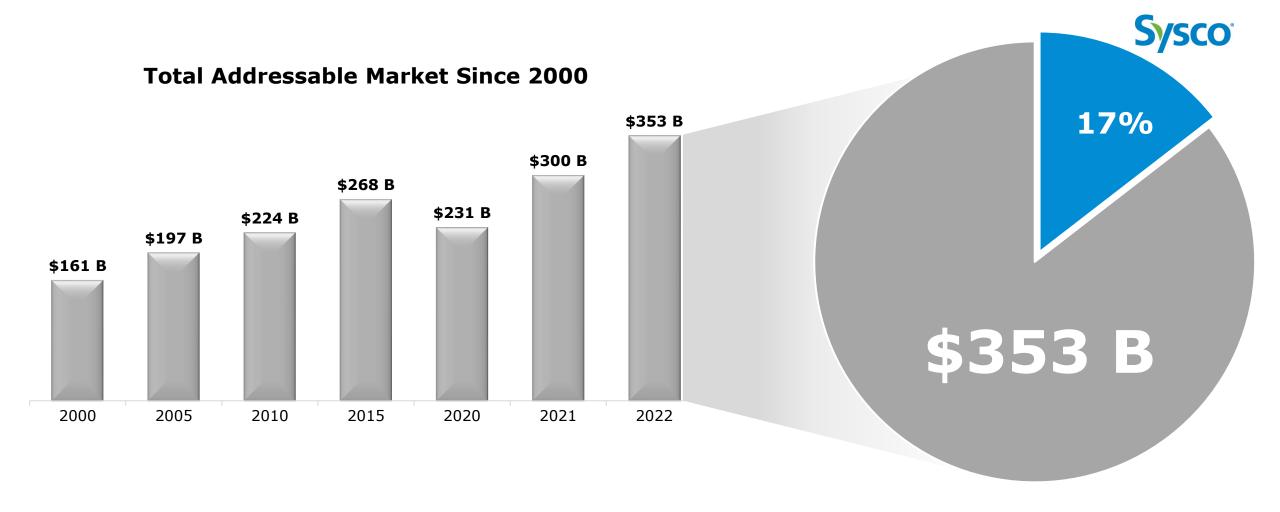


- Over 12K+ customers who are now in our loyalty program
- Invitation-only loyalty club with white-glove service
- Includes deliveries up to 6 days a week and exclusive access to line-up of rewards and industry leading restaurant solutions



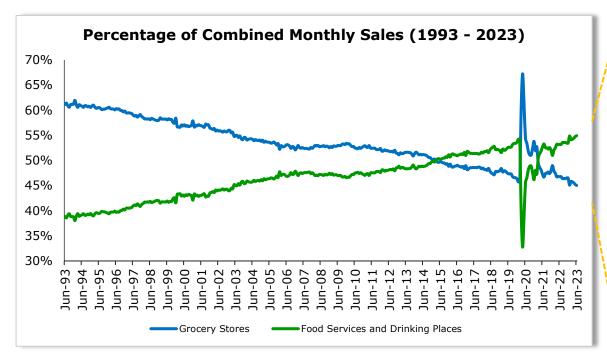
Market Leader in the Highly Fragmented and Growing Foodservice Distribution Industry

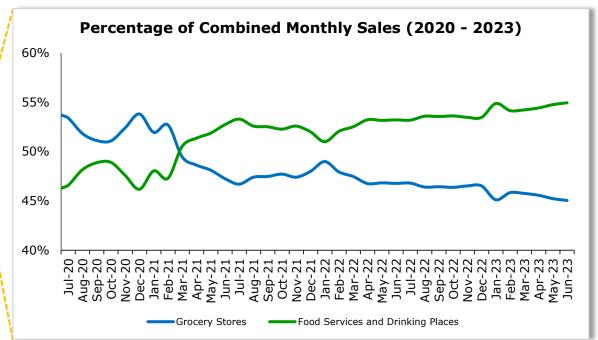




Food Away From Home Continues to Gain Share

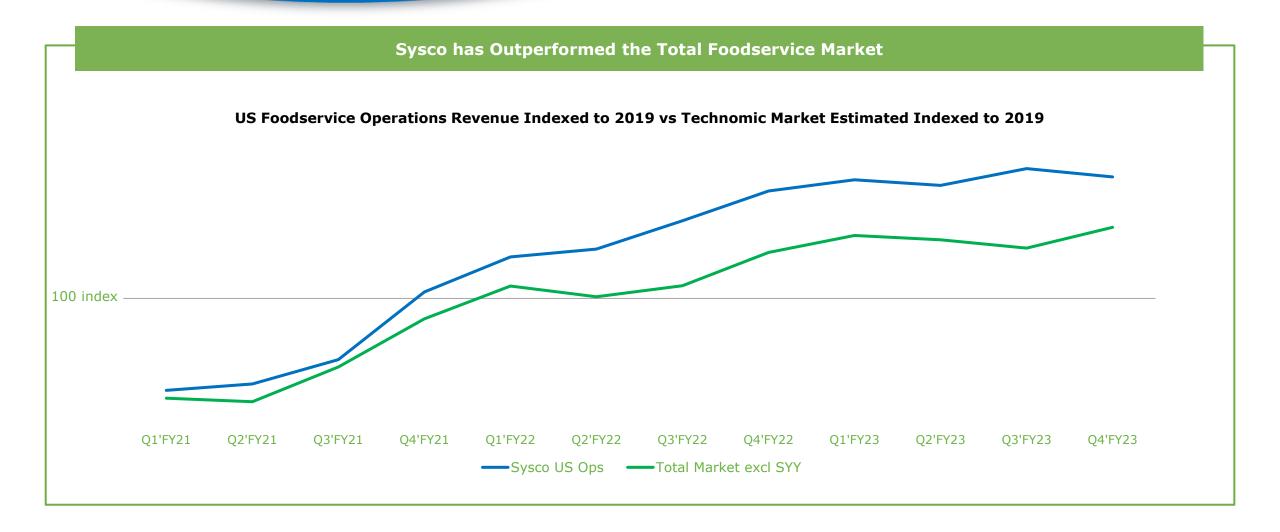






Sysco is Winning in the Marketplace





Kenny Cheung

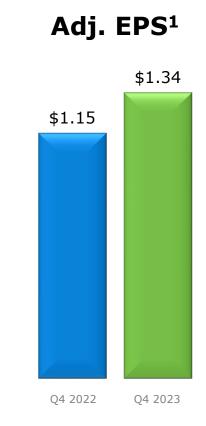
Chief Financial Officer

Q4 2023 Consolidated Financial Results









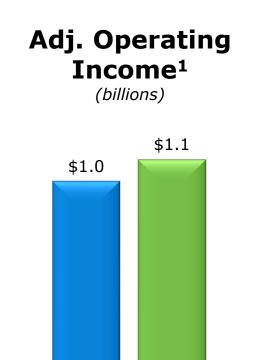
- Sales increased 4.1% to \$19.7 billion versus the prior year
 - USFS +2.5%
 - International +12.2%
 - SYGMA +1.4%
- Adjusted gross profit grew 5.7% to \$3.7 billion and adjusted gross margin improved 28 bps to 18.7%
- Fourth consecutive quarter of record operating income
 - Product inflation moderated to 2.1% for the total enterprise

Q4 2023 U.S. Foodservice Results





Q4 2023



Q4 2023 GAAP Operating Income +9.8% to \$1.0 billion

Q4 2023

Q4 2022

Overview

- Sales growth of 2.5% to \$13.7 billion versus the prior year
- Total case volume grew 2.3% and local case volume grew 0.8%
- Gross profit increased 4.1% to \$2.7 billion.
- Gross margin increased 30 bps to 19.7%

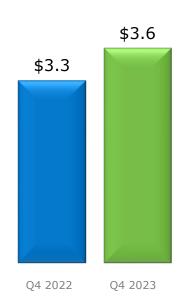
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Q4 2022

Q4 2023 International Results



Net Sales (billions)



Adj. Operating Income¹

(millions)



Q4 2023 GAAP Operating Income increased \$74 million to \$121 million

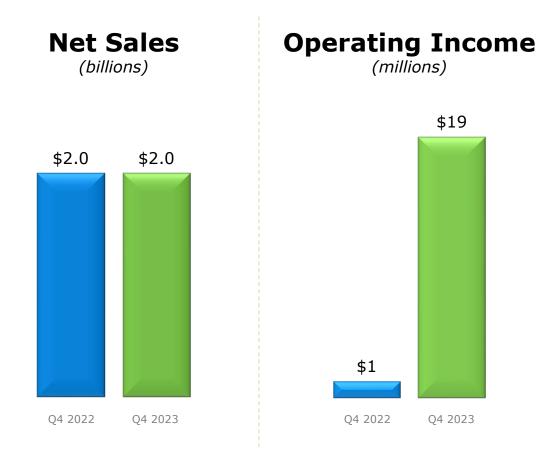
Overview

- Sales increased 12.2%, or 13.6% on a constant currency basis¹
- Gross profit increased 11.1% to \$724 million, or 11.9% to \$729 million on a constant currency basis¹
- Gross margin decreased 19 bps to 19.9%, or 29 bps to 19.8% on a constant currency basis¹
- Adjusted operating income¹ grew 58.0% to \$145 million. On a constant currency basis adjusted operating income¹ grew 59.8% to \$147 million

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Q4 2023 SYGMA Results

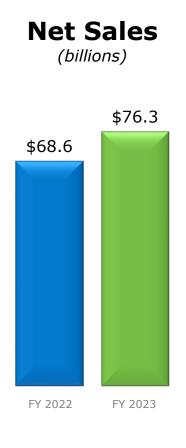




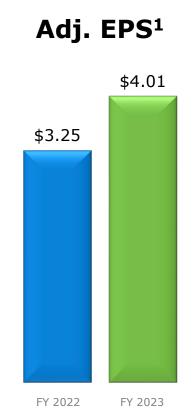
- SYGMA sales grew 1.4% to \$2.0 billion
- Gross profit increased 4.4% to \$161 million
- Gross margin of 8.0% increased 23 bps
- Operating expenses declined 7.1%

FY 2023 Consolidated Financial Results









- Sales increased 11.2% to \$76.3 billion versus the prior year
- Adjusted gross profit grew 12.6% to \$14.0 billion and adjusted gross margin improved 22 bps to 18.3%
- Adj. operating income grew 21.7% to \$3.2 billion the most in the Company's history
- Adj. EPS of \$4.01 grew 23.4% compared to the prior year

FY 2023 U.S. Foodservice Results





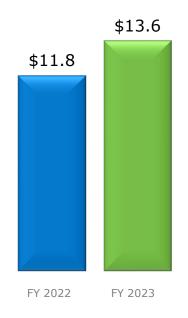


- Sales growth of +10.6% to \$53.7 billion
- Total case volume grew 5.2% and local case volume grew 3.3%
- Gross profit increased 12.6% to \$10.4 billion
- Gross margin increased 35 basis points to 19.3%
- Adj. operating income grew 13.5% to \$3.6 billion

FY 2023 International Results



Net Sales (billions)



Adj. Operating Income¹

(millions)



FY 2023 GAAP Operating Income increased \$213 million to \$313 million

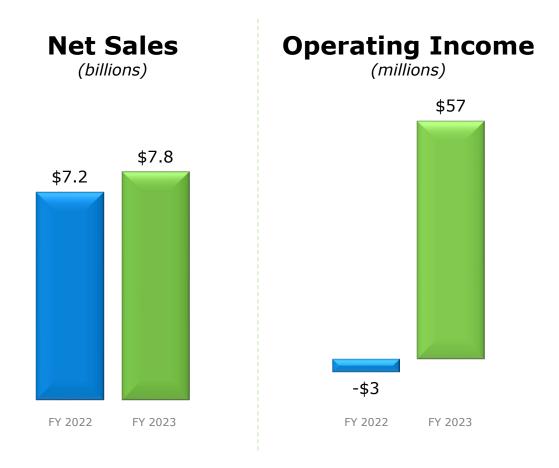
Overview

- Sales increased 15.0%, or 22.6% on a constant currency basis¹
- Gross profit increased 11.1% to \$2.6 billion, or 18.8% to \$2.8 billion on a constant currency basis¹
- Gross margin decreased 69 bps to 19.5%, or 63 bps to 19.5% on a constant currency basis¹
- Adjusted operating income¹ grew \$169 million to \$398 million. On a constant currency basis adjusted operating income¹ grew 81.2% to \$414 million

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FY 2023 SYGMA Results





- SYGMA sales grew 8.2% to \$7.8 billion
- Gross profit increased 9.5% to \$631 million
- Gross margin increased 10 basis points to 8.1%
- Operating expenses declined 0.8%

Historical Q4 Adjusted Operating Income¹





Historical FY Adjusted Operating Income¹

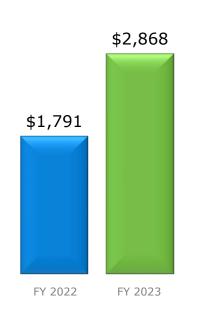




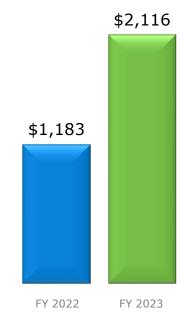
FY 2023 Cash Flow







Free Cash Flow¹ (millions)



Overview

- Cash flow from operations was \$2.9 billion, a 60% increase
- Capital expenditures, net of proceeds from sales of plant and equipment, were \$751 million, with continued advancement in our Recipe for Growth, particularly in our fleet and distribution facilities
- Free cash flow of \$2.1 billion grew 79%
- Ended quarter with a cash balance of \$745 million and net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio of 2.5x

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Capital Structure and Allocation



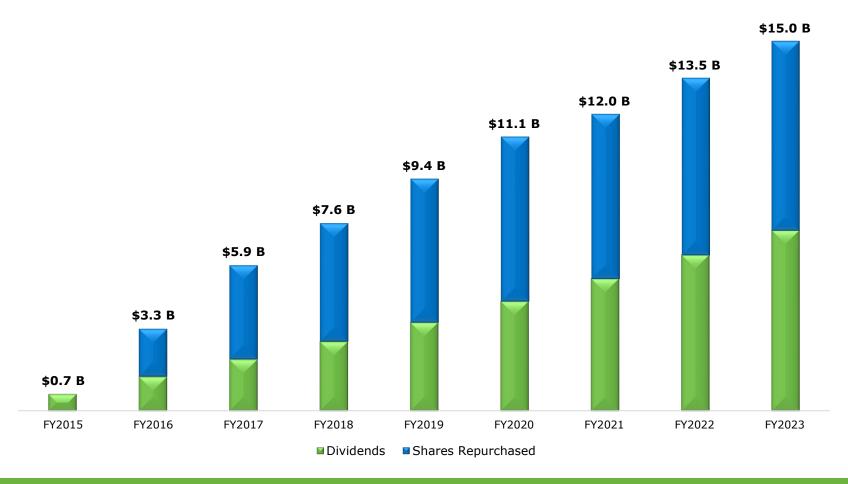
	Investment Priority	Progress
1	Invest for Growth	 Capital investments in our technology, fleet and buildings Announced the acquisition of BIX Produce within specialty FreshPoint business Strong pipeline of tuck-in acquisitions focused on Broadline, Specialty and Cuisine-type opportunities as well as underpenetrated markets in the U.S., U.K. and Canada
2	Maintain a Strong Balance Sheet	 Maintaining a strong IG rating Ended FY 2023 with a net debt to adjusted EBITDA¹ ratio of 2.5x Expect to maintain a net debt to adjusted EBITDA¹ ratio of 2.5x-2.75x No commercial paper outstanding and 100% of debt is fixed rate
3	Shareholder Return	 Committed to dividend aristocrat status and previously announced a \$0.04 increase to FY 2024 dividend During FY 2023, Sysco repurchased 6.2 million shares for \$500 million Expect to complete approximately \$750 million of share repurchases in FY 2024

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Sysco Has Consistently Increased Returns to Shareholders



Cumulative Cash Returned to Shareholders



Over \$15 Billion of Cash Returned to Shareholders Through FY 2023

KEVIN HOURICAN

President & CEO

Sysco is Winning, Leading the Industry





- Record adj. operating income and free cash flow in FY 2023
- Strong track record of sales growth, growing annual sales in 51 years of our 54-year history



- Committed to operating expense leverage and cost controls;
 expect incremental \$100 million in cost out for FY 2024
- Strong balance sheet, with 2.5x net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio¹ for FY 2023



- Recipe for Growth initiatives are driving profitable growth
- Positive momentum expected to drive top- and bottom-line growth for FY 2024

Investment Thesis



Sysco is Leading the Industry and Accelerating Growth



Expect to grow meaningfully faster than the total market

LT financial guidance includes **significant** sales and EPS growth

17% share of a \$350B+ U.S. market and currently driving further share gains



Healthy Balance Sheet: only Investment-Grade Food Service Distributor

Compelling **shareholder returns** (dividend growth for 53 years and share buybacks)

\$750+ million cost-out achieved, with incremental efforts targeted for FY 2024



Sustainability: Tangible Science-Based Climate & DEI Goals

Our mission, identity and values form our commitment to being a purpose-driven company

Industry leading service levels & advancing capabilities

SCO® At the heart of food and service

NON-GAAP RECONCILIATIONS



Impact of Certain Items

The discussion of our results includes certain non-GAAP financial measures, including EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA, that we believe provide important perspective with respect to underlying business trends. Other than free cash flow, any non-GAAP financial measures will be denoted as adjusted measures to remove the impact of restructuring and transformational project costs consisting of: (1) restructuring charges, (2) expenses associated with our various transformation initiatives and (3) severance charges; acquisition-related costs consisting of: (a) intangible amortization expense and (b) acquisition costs and due diligence costs related to our acquisitions; and the reduction of bad debt expense previously recognized in fiscal 2020 due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the collectability of our pre-pandemic trade receivable balances. Our results for fiscal 2023 were also impacted by adjustments to a product return allowance pertaining to COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory, a pension settlement charge that resulted from the purchase of a nonparticipating single premium group annuity contract that transferred defined benefit plan obligations to an insurer, and a litigation financing agreement. Our results for fiscal 2022 were also impacted by a write-down of COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory due to the reduction in the net realizable value of inventory, losses on the extinguishment of long-term debt and an increase in reserves for uncertain tax positions.

The results of our operations can be impacted due to changes in exchange rates applicable in converting local currencies to U.S. dollars. We measure our results on a constant currency basis. Constant currency operating results are calculated by translating current-period local currency operating results with the currency exchange rates used to translate the financial statements in the comparable prior-year period to determine what the current-period U.S. dollar operating results would have been if the currency exchange rate had not changed from the comparable prior-year period.

Management believes that adjusting its operating expenses, operating income, net earnings and diluted earnings per share to remove these Certain Items and presenting its results on a constant currency basis, provides an important perspective with respect to our underlying business trends and results and provides meaningful supplemental information to both management and investors that (1) is indicative of the performance of the company's underlying operations and (2) facilitates comparisons on a year-over-year basis.

Sysco has a history of growth through acquisitions and excludes from its non-GAAP financial measures the impact of acquisition-related intangible amortization, acquisition costs and due-diligence costs for those acquisitions. We believe this approach significantly enhances the comparability of Sysco's results for fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022.

Set forth below is a reconciliation of sales, operating expenses, operating income, other (income) expense, net earnings and diluted earnings per share to adjusted results for these measures for the periods presented. Individual components of diluted earnings per share may not add up to the total presented due to rounding. Adjusted diluted earnings per share is calculated using adjusted net earnings divided by diluted shares outstanding.

Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited) Impact of Certain Items, Q4 FY23 vs. Q4 FY22

(Dollars in Thousands, Except for Share and Per Share Data)

		13-Week Period Ended Jul. 1, 2023	I	13-Week Period Ended Jul. 2, 2022		Change in Dollars	%/bps Change
Sales (GAAP)	\$	19,728,216	\$	18,957,258	\$	770,958	4.1%
Impact of currency fluctuations (1)		47,538		-		47,538	0.2%
Comparable sales using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	19,775,754	\$	18,957,258	\$	818,496	4.3%
Cost of sales (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2)	\$	16,043,050	\$	15,512,986 (43,673)	\$	530,064 43,673	3.4% 0.3%
Cost of sales adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	16,043,050	\$	15,469,313	\$	573,737	3.7%
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Gross profit (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2)	\$	3,685,166	\$	3,444,272 43,673	\$	240,894 (43,673)	7.0% -1.3%
Gross profit adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)		3,685,166		3,487,945		197,221	5.7%
Impact of currency fluctuations (1)		6,070				6,070	0.1%
Comparable gross profit adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	3,691,236	\$	3,487,945	\$	203,291	5.8%
Gross margin (GAAP)		18.68%		18.17%			51 bps
Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2)		0.00%		0.23%			-23 bps
Gross margin adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)		18.68%		18.40%			28 bps
Impact of currency fluctuations (1)		-0.01%		0.00%			-1 bps
Comparable gross margin adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)		18.67%		18.40%			27 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP)	\$	2,715,769	\$	2,677,802	\$	37,967	1.4%
Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (3)	Ψ	(24,678)	Ψ.	(37,417)	Ψ.	12,739	34.0%
Impact of acquisition-related costs (4)		(28,470)		(35,724)		7,254	20.3%
Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (5)		<u> </u>		8,783		(8,783)	NM_
Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)		2,662,621		2,613,444		49,177	1.9%
Impact of currency fluctuations (1) Comparable operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items using a		3,596				3,596	0.1%
constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	2,666,217	\$	2,613,444	\$	52,773	2.0%
Operating expense as a percentage of sales (GAAP)		13.77%		14.13%			-36 bps
Impact of certain items adjustments		-0.27%		-0.34%			7 bps
Adjusted operating expense as a percentage of sales (Non-GAAP)		13.50%		13.79%			-29 bps
Operating income (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2)	\$	969,397	\$	766,470	\$	202,927 (43,673)	26.5%
Impact of inventory variation adjustment (2) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (3)		24,678		43,673 37,417		(12,739)	NM -34.0%
Impact of acquisition-related costs (4)		28,470		35,724		(7,254)	-20.3%
Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (5)		-		(8,783)		8,783	NM
Operating income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)		1,022,545		874,501		148,044	16.9%
Impact of currency fluctuations (1)		2,474				2,474	0.3%
Comparable operating income adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	1,025,019	\$	874,501	\$	150,518	17.2%



Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited) Impact of Certain Items, Q4 FY23 vs. Q4 FY22

(Dollars in Thousands, Except for Share and Per Share Data) continued

Operating margin (GAAP) Operating margin adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) Operating margin adjusted for Certain Items on a constant currency	4.91% 5.18%	4.04% 4.61%		87 bps 57 bps
basis (Non-GAAP)	5.18%	4.61%		57 bps
Interest expense (GAAP)	\$ 135,629	\$ 128,512	\$ 7,117	5.5%
Other income (GAAP) Impact of other non-routine gains and losses	\$ (124,172) 120,867	\$ (3,921)	\$ (120,251) 120,867	NM NM
Other income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$ (3,305)	\$ (3,921)	\$ 616	15.7%
Net earnings (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (3) Impact of acquisition-related costs (4) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (5) Impact of other non-routine gains and losses Tax impact of inventory valuation adjustment (6) Tax impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (6) Tax impact of acquisition-related costs (6) Tax Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (6) Tax impact of loss on extinguishment of debt (6) Tax impact of other non-routine gains and losses (6) Net earnings adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$ 733,736 - 24,678 28,470 - (120,867) - (6,265) (7,227) - - 30,683 683,208	\$ 509,989 43,673 37,417 35,724 (8,783) - (11,452) (10,082) (9,847) 2,383 (699) - 588,323	\$ 223,747 (43,673) (12,739) (7,254) 8,783 (120,867) 11,452 3,817 2,620 (2,383) 699 30,683 94,885	43.9% NM -34.0% -20.3% NM NM NM 37.9% 26.6% NM NM NM NM
Diluted earnings per share (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (3) Impact of acquisition-related costs (4) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (5) Impact of other non-routine gains and losses Tax impact of inventory valuation adjustment (6) Tax impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (6) Tax impact of acquisition-related costs (6) Tax impact of other non-routine gains and losses (6) Diluted earnings per share adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) (7)	\$ 1.44 - 0.05 0.06 - (0.24) - (0.01) (0.01) 0.06	\$ 0.99 0.09 0.07 0.07 (0.02) - (0.02) (0.02) (0.02) - 1.15	\$ 0.45 (0.09) (0.02) (0.01) 0.02 (0.24) 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01	45.5% NM -28.6% -14.3% NM NM S0.0% 50.0% NM 16.5%
Diluted shares outstanding	508,507,679	513,426,966		

⁽¹⁾ Represents a constant currency adjustment, which eliminates the impact of foreign currency fluctuations on the current year results.

NM represents that the percentage change is not meaningful.



⁽²⁾ Fiscal 2022 represents a write-down of COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory due to the reduction in the net realizable value of inventory.

⁽³⁾ Fiscal 2023 includes \$8 million related to restructuring and severance charges and \$17 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy. Fiscal 2022 includes \$29 million related to restructuring and serverance charges and \$8 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy.

⁽⁴⁾ Fiscal 2023 includes \$27 million of intangible amortization expense and \$1 million in acquisition and due diligence costs. Fiscal 2022 includes \$31 million of intangible amortization expense and \$5 million in acquisition and due diligence costs.

⁽⁵⁾ Fiscal 2022 represents the reduction of bad debt charges previously taken on pre-pandemic trade receivable balances in fiscal 2020.

⁽⁶⁾ The tax impact of adjustments for Certain Items is calculated by multiplying the pretax impact of each Certain Item by the statutory rates in effect for each jurisdiction where the Certain Item was incurred.

⁽⁷⁾ Individual components of diluted earnings per share may not add up to the total presented due to rounding. Total diluted earnings per share is calculated using adjusted net earnings divided by diluted shares outstanding.

Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited) Impact of Certain Items, FY23 vs. FY22

(Dollars in Thousands, Except for Share and Per Share Data)

	52-Week Period Ended Jul. 1, 2023	52-Week Period Ended Jul. 2, 2022	Change in Dollars	%/bps Change
Sales (GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (1)	\$ 76,324,675 910,290	\$ 68,636,146	\$ 7,688,529 910,290	11.2% 1.3%
Comparable sales using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$ 77,234,965	\$ 68,636,146	\$ 8,598,819	12.5%
Cost of sales Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2)	\$ 62,369,678 2,571	\$ 56,315,622 (73,224)	\$ 6,054,056 75,795	10.8% 0.1%
Cost of sales adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$ 62,372,249	\$ 56,242,398	\$ 6,129,851	10.9%
Gross profit (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2)	\$ 13,954,997 (2,571)	\$ 12,320,524 73,224	\$ 1,634,473 (75,795)	13.3% -0.7%
Gross profit adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (1)	13,952,426 188,796	12,393,748	1,558,678 188,796	12.6% 1.5%
Comparable gross profit adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$ 14,141,222	\$ 12,393,748	\$ 1,747,474	14.1%
Gross margin (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2)	18.28% 0.00%	17.95% 0.11%		33 bps -11 bps
Gross margin adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (1) Comparable gross margin adjusted for Certain Items using a	18.28% 0.03%	18.06% 0.00%		22 bps 3 bps
constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	 18.31%	 18.06%		25 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (3) Impact of acquisition-related costs (4) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (5)	\$ 10,916,448 (62,965) (115,889) 4,425	\$ 9,974,024 (107,475) (139,173) 27,999	\$ 942,424 44,510 23,284 (23,574)	9.4% 41.4% 16.7% -84.2%
Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (1)	10,742,019 182,873	 9,755,375	 986,644 182,873	10.1% 1.9%
Comparable operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$ 10,924,892	\$ 9,755,375	\$ 1,169,517	12.0%
Operating expense as a percentage of sales (GAAP) Impact of certain items adjustments	 14.30% -0.23%	 14.53% -0.32%		-23 bps 9 bps
Adjusted operating expense as a percentage of sales (Non-GAAP)	 14.07%	 14.21%		-14 bps
Operating income (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (3) Impact of acquisition-related costs (4) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (5) Operating income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (1)	\$ 3,038,549 (2,571) 62,965 115,889 (4,425) 3,210,407 5,923	\$ 2,346,500 73,224 107,475 139,173 (27,999) 2,638,373	\$ 692,049 (75,795) (44,510) (23,284) 23,574 572,034 5,923	29.5% NM -41.4% -16.7% 84.2% 21.7% 0.2%
Comparable operating income adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$ 3,216,330	\$ 2,638,373	\$ 577,957	21.9%
Operating margin (GAAP) Operating margin adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) Operating margin adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	3.98% 4.21% 4.16%	3.42% 3.84% 3.84%		56 bps 37 bps 32 bps
Interest expense (GAAP)	\$ 526,752	\$ 623.643	\$ (96,891)	-15.5%
Impact of loss on extinguishment of debt Interest expense adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$ 526,752 526,752	\$ (115,603) 508,040	\$ 115,603 18,712	NM 3.7%



Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited) Impact of Certain Items, FY23 vs. FY22

(Dollars in Thousands, Except for Share and Per Share Data) continued

Other expense (income) (GAAP) Impact of other non-routine gains and losses (6)	\$ 226,442 (194,459)	\$ (23,916)	\$ 250,358 (194,459)	NM NM
Other expense (income) adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$ 31,983	\$ (23,916)	\$ 55,899	NM
Net earnings (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (3) Impact of acquisition-related costs (4) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (5) Impact of loss on extinguishment of debt Impact of other non-routine gains and losses (6) Tax impact of inventory valuation adjustment (7) Tax impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (7) Tax impact of acquisition-related costs (7) Tax Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (7) Tax impact of loss on extinguishment of debt (7) Tax impact of other non-routine gains and losses (7) Impact of adjustments to uncertain tax positions Net earnings adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$ 1,770,124 (2,571) 62,965 115,889 (4,425) - 194,459 647 (15,847) (29,166) 1,114 - (48,941)	\$ 1,358,768 73,224 107,475 139,173 (27,999) 115,603 - (18,902) (27,743) (35,926) 7,228 (29,841) - 12,000 1,673,060	\$ 411,356 (75,795) (44,510) (23,284) 23,574 (115,603) 194,459 19,549 11,896 6,760 (6,114) 29,841 (48,941) (12,000) 371,188	30.3% NM -41.4% -16.7% 84.2% NM NM NM 42.9% -84.6% NM NM NM
Diluted earnings per share (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (2) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (3) Impact of acquisition-related costs (4) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (5) Impact of loss on extinguishment of debt Impact of other non-routine gains and losses (6) Tax impact of inventory valuation adjustment (7) Tax impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (7) Tax impact of acquisition-related costs (7) Tax Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (7) Tax impact of loss on extinguishment of debt (7) Tax impact of other non-routine gains and losses (7) Impact of adjustments to uncertain tax positions Diluted earnings per share adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$ 3.47 (0.01) 0.12 0.23 (0.01) - 0.38 - (0.03) (0.06) - (0.10)	\$ 2.64 0.14 0.21 0.27 (0.05) 0.22 - (0.04) (0.05) (0.07) 0.01 (0.06) -	\$ 0.83 (0.15) (0.09) (0.04) 0.04 (0.22) 0.38 0.04 0.02 0.01 (0.01) 0.06 (0.10) (0.02)	31.4% NM -42.9% -14.8% 80.0% NM NM 40.0% 14.3% NM NM
(8) Diluted shares outstanding	\$ 509,719,756	\$ 3.25 514,005,827	\$ 0.76	23.4%
Diluted shares odestanding	303,719,730	314,003,027		

⁽¹⁾ Represents a constant currency adjustment, which eliminates the impact of foreign currency fluctuations on the current year results.



⁽²⁾ Fiscal 2023 represents an adjustment to a product return allowance, related to COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory. Fiscal 2022 represents a write-down of COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory due to the reduction in the net realizable value of inventory.

⁽³⁾ Fiscal 2023 includes \$20 million related to restructuring and severance charges and \$43 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy. Fiscal 2022 includes \$59 million related to restructuring and severance charges and \$49 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy.

⁽⁴⁾ Fiscal 2023 includes \$105 million of intangible amortization expense and \$10 million in acquisition and due diligence costs. Fiscal 2022 includes \$106 million of intangible amortization expense and \$33 million in acquisition and due diligence costs.

⁽⁵⁾ Fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022 represent the reduction of bad debt charges previously taken on pre-pandemic trade receivable balances in fiscal 2020.

⁽⁶⁾ Fiscal 2023 primarily includes a pension settlement charge of \$315 million that resulted from the purchase of a nonparticipating single premium group annuity contract that transferred defined benefit plan obligations to an insurer and \$122 million in income from a litigation financing agreement.

⁽⁷⁾ The tax impact of adjustments for Certain Items is calculated by multiplying the pretax impact of each Certain Item by the statutory rates in effect for each jurisdiction where the Certain Item was incurred.

⁽⁸⁾ Individual components of diluted earnings per share may not add up to the total presented due to rounding. Total diluted earnings per share is calculated using adjusted net earnings divided by diluted shares outstanding.

NM represents that the percentage change is not meaningful.

Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Segment Results Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited)

Impact of Certain Items on Applicable Segments, Q4 FY23 vs. Q4 FY22

(Dollars in Thousands)

		13-Week Period Ended Jul. 1, 2023		13-Week Period Ended Jul. 2, 2022		Change in Dollars	%/bps Change
U.S. FOODSERVICE OPERATIONS				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Sales (GAAP) Gross Profit (GAAP) Gross Margin (GAAP)	\$ \$	13,745,839 2,707,712 19.70%	\$ \$	13,413,281 2,601,656 19.40%	\$ \$	332,558 106,056	2.5% 4.1% 30 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs Impact of acquisition-related costs (1) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2)	\$	1,661,691 (614) (10,479)	\$	1,649,413 (778) (10,825) 4,035	\$	12,278 164 346 (4,035)	0.7% 21.1% 3.2% NM
Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	1,650,598	\$	1,641,845	\$	8,753	0.5%
Operating income (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs Impact of acquisition-related costs (1) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2) Operating income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	1,046,021 614 10,479 - 1,057,114	\$	952,243 778 10,825 (4,035) 959,811	\$	93,778 (164) (346) 4,035 97,303	9.8% -21.1% -3.2% <u>NM</u> 10.1%
						21,7000	
INTERNATIONAL FOODSERVICE OPERATIONS Sales (GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (3) Comparable sales using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	3,649,343 44,130 3,693,473	\$	3,251,841 - 3,251,841	\$	397,502 44,130 441,632	12.2% 1.4% 13.6%
Gross Profit (GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (3) Comparable gross profit using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	724,357 4,949 729,306	\$	651,787 - 651,787	\$	72,570 4,949 77,519	11.1% 0.8% 11.9%
Gross Margin (GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (3) Comparable gross margin using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	_	19.85% -0.10% 19.75%		20.04% 0.00% 20.04%			-19 bps -10 bps -29 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (4) Impact of acquisition-related costs (5) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2)	\$	603,853 (7,423) (16,977)	\$	605,391 (27,257) (22,790) 4,748	\$	(1,538) 19,834 5,813 (4,748)	-0.3% 72.8% 25.5% <u>NM</u>
Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (3)		579,453 3,351		560,092		19,361 3,351	3.5% 0.6%
Comparable operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	582,804	\$	560,092	\$	22,712	4.1%
Operating income (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (4) Impact of acquisition-related costs (5) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2)	\$	120,504 7,423 16,977	\$	46,396 27,257 22,790 (4,748)	\$	74,108 (19,834) (5,813) 4,748	NM -72.8% -25.5% NM
Operating income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (3) Comparable operating income adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	144,904 1,598 146,502	\$	91,695 - 91,695	\$	53,209 1,598 54,807	58.0% 1.8% 59.8%
SYGMA							
Sales (GAAP) Gross Profit (GAAP) Gross Margin (GAAP)	\$	2,004,060 160,677 8.02%	\$	1,975,631 153,926 7.79%	\$	28,429 6,751	1.4% 4.4% 23 bps
Operating expenses Operating income	\$	141,866 18,811	\$	152,674 1,252	\$	(10,808) 17,559	-7.1% NM



Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Segment Results Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited)

Impact of Certain Items on Applicable Segments, Q4 FY23 vs. Q4 FY22

(Dollars in Thousands) continued

OTHER							
Sales Gross Profit Gross Margin	\$ \$	328,974 88,715 26.97%	\$ \$	316,505 78,898 24.93%	\$ \$	12,469 9,817	3.9% 12.4% 204 bps
Operating expenses Operating income (GAAP)	\$ \$	65,093 23,622	\$ \$	64,158 14,740	\$ \$	935 8,882	1.5% 60.3%
GLOBAL SUPPORT CENTER							
Gross profit (loss) (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (6) Gross profit adjusted for certain items (Non-GAAP)	\$	3,705 - 3,705	\$	(41,995) 43,673 1,678	\$	45,700 (43,673) 2,027	NM NM NM
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (7) Impact of acquisition related costs (8) Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	243,266 (16,641) (1,014) 225,611	\$	206,166 (9,382) (2,109) 194,675	\$	37,100 (7,259) 1,095 30,936	18.0% -77.4% 51.9% 15.9%
Operating loss (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (6) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (7) Impact of acquisition related costs (8) Operating loss adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	(239,561) - 16,641 1,014 (221,906)	\$	(248,161) 43,673 9,382 2,109 (192,997)	\$	8,600 (43,673) 7,259 (1,095) (28,909)	3.5% NM 77.4% -51.9%
TOTAL SYSCO							
Sales Gross Profit Gross Margin	\$ \$	19,728,216 3,685,166 18.68%	\$ \$	18,957,258 3,444,272 18.17%	\$ \$	770,958 240,894	4.1% 7.0% 51 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (4) (7) Impact of acquisition-related costs (1) (5) (8) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2) Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	2,715,769 (24,678) (28,470) - 2,662,621	\$	2,677,802 (37,417) (35,724) 8,783 2,613,444	\$	37,967 12,739 7,254 (8,783) 49,177	1.4% 34.0% 20.3% <u>NM</u> 1.9%
Operating income (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (6) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (4) (7) Impact of acquisition-related costs (1) (5) (8) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2) Operating income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	969,397 - 24,678 28,470 - 1,022,545	\$	766,470 43,673 37,417 35,724 (8,783) 874,501	\$	202,927 (43,673) (12,739) (7,254) 8,783 148,044	26.5% NM -34.0% -20.3% NM 16.9%

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022 include intangible amortization expense and acquisition costs.



⁽²⁾ Fiscal 2022 represents the reduction of bad debt charges previously taken on pre-pandemic trade receivable balances in fiscal 2020.

⁽³⁾ Represents a constant currency adjustment, which eliminates the impact of foreign currency fluctuations on current year results.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes restructuring and facility closure costs primarily in Europe.

⁽⁵⁾ Represents intangible amortization expense.

⁽⁶⁾ Fiscal 2022 represents a write-down of COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory due to the reduction in the net realizable value of inventory.

⁽⁷⁾ Includes various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy.

⁽⁸⁾ Represents due diligence costs.

NM represents that the percentage change is not meaningful.

Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Segment Results

Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited)

Impact of Certain Items on Applicable Segments, FY23 vs. FY22

(Dollars in Thousands)

		52-Week Period Ended Jul. 1, 2023	52-Week Period Ended Jul. 2, 2022	Change in Dollars	%/bps Change
U.S. FOODSERVICE OPERATIONS					
Sales Gross Profit Gross Margin	\$	53,682,894 10,359,003 19.30%	\$ 48,520,562 9,196,133 18.95%	\$ 5,162,332 1,162,870	10.6% 12.6% 35 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs Impact of acquisition-related costs (1) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2) Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	6,772,427 (817) (46,042) 4,170 6,729,738	\$ 6,015,428 (1,162) (36,207) 20,765 5,998,824	\$ 756,999 345 (9,835) (16,595) 730,914	12.6% 29.7% -27.2% -79.9% 12.2%
Operating income (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs Impact of acquisition-related costs (1) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2) Operating income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	3,586,576 817 46,042 (4,170) 3,629,265	\$ 3,180,705 1,162 36,207 (20,765) 3,197,309	\$ 405,871 (345) 9,835 16,595 431,956	12.8% -29.7% 27.2% 79.9% 13.5%
INTERNATIONAL FOODSERVICE OPERATIONS					
Sales (GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (3) Comparable sales using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	13,559,610 892,296 14,451,906	\$ 11,787,449 - 11,787,449	\$ 1,772,161 892,296 2,664,457	15.0% 7.6% 22.6%
Gross Profit (GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (3) Comparable gross profit using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	2,640,860 182,803 2,823,663	\$ 2,377,093 - 2,377,093	\$ 263,767 182,803 446,570	11.1% 7.7% 18.8%
Gross Margin (GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (3) Comparable gross margin using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	_	19.48% 0.06% 19.54%	 20.17% 0.00% 20.17%		-69 bps 6 bps -63 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (4) Impact of acquisition-related costs (5) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2) Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	2,327,411 (19,018) (65,511) 255 2,243,137	\$ 2,277,060 (57,683) (78,062) 7,236 2,148,551	\$ 50,351 38,665 12,551 (6,981) 94,586	2.2% 67.0% 16.1% -96.5% 4.4%
Impact of currency fluctuations (3) Comparable operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	166,356 2,409,493	\$ 2,148,551	\$ 166,356 260,942	7.7%
Operating income (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (4) Impact of acquisition-related costs (5) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2) Operating income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) Impact of currency fluctuations (3)	\$	313,449 19,018 65,511 (255) 397,723 16,447	\$ 100,033 57,683 78,062 (7,236) 228,542	\$ 213,416 (38,665) (12,551) 6,981 169,181 16,447	NM -67.0% -16.1% <u>96.5%</u> 74.0% 7.2%
Comparable operating income adjusted for Certain Items using a constant currency basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	414,170	\$ 228,542	\$ 185,628	81.2%
SYGMA				 	
Sales (GAAP) Gross Profit (GAAP) Gross Margin (GAAP)	\$	7,843,111 631,135 8.05%	\$ 7,245,824 576,280 7.95%	\$ 597,287 54,855	8.2% 9.5% 10 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP) Operating income (loss) (GAAP)	\$	574,609 56,526	\$ 579,404 (3,124)	\$ (4,795) 59,650	-0.8% NM



Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Segment Results

Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited)

Impact of Certain Items on Applicable Segments, FY23 vs. FY22

(Dollars in Thousands) continued

OTHER

Sales (GAAP) Gross Profit (GAAP) Gross Margin (GAAP)	\$	1,239,060 326,315 26.34%	\$	1,082,311 248,125 22.93%	\$	156,749 78,190	14.5% 31.5% 341 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2)	\$	269,438	\$	230,733 (2)	\$	38,705 2 38,707	16.8% NM 16.8%
Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	-	269,438	-	230,731	₽	38,707	10.8%
Operating income (GAAP) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2)	\$	56,877	\$	17,392 2	\$	39,485 (2)	NM NM
Operating income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	56,877	\$	17,394	\$	39,483	NM
GLOBAL SUPPORT CENTER							
Gross loss (GAAP)	\$	(2,316)	\$	(77,107)	\$	74,791	97.0%
Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (6) Gross loss adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	(2,571) (4,887)	\$	73,224 (3,883)	\$	(75,795) (1,004)	NM -25.9%
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (7)	\$	972,563 (43,130)	\$	871,399 (48,630)	\$	101,164 5,500	11.6% 11.3%
Impact of acquisition-related costs (8) Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	(4,336) 925,097	\$	(24,904) 797,865	\$	20,568 127,232	82.6% 15.9%
Operating loss (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (6) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (7) Impact of acquisition-related costs (8) Operating loss adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	(974,879) (2,571) 43,130 4,336 (929,984)	\$	(948,506) 73,224 48,630 24,904 (801,748)	\$	(26,373) (75,795) (5,500) (20,568) (128,236)	-2.8% NM -11.3% -82.6% -16.0%
TOTAL SYSCO							
Sales (GAAP) Gross Profit (GAAP) Gross margin (GAAP)	\$	76,324,675 13,954,997 18.28%	\$	68,636,146 12,320,524 17.95%	\$	7,688,529 1,634,473	11.2% 13.3% 33 bps
Operating expenses (GAAP) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (4)(7) Impact of acquisition-related costs (1)(5)(8) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2)	\$	10,916,448 (62,965) (115,889) 4,425	\$	9,974,024 (107,475) (139,173) 27,999	\$	942,424 44,510 23,284 (23,574)	9.4% 41.4% 16.7% -84.2%
Operating expenses adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	10,742,019	\$	9,755,375	\$	986,644	10.1%
Operating income (GAAP) Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (6) Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (4)(7) Impact of acquisition-related costs (1)(5)(8) Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (2)	\$	3,038,549 (2,571) 62,965 115,889 (4,425)	\$	2,346,500 73,224 107,475 139,173 (27,999)	\$	692,049 (75,795) (44,510) (23,284) 23,574	29.5% NM -41.4% -16.7% 84.2%
Operating income adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)	\$	3,210,407	\$	2,638,373	\$	572,034	21.7%

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022 include intangible amortization expense and acquisition costs.



⁽²⁾ Fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022 represent the reduction of bad debt charges previously taken on pre-pandemic trade receivable balances in fiscal 2020.

⁽³⁾ Represents a constant currency adjustment, which eliminates the impact of foreign currency fluctuations on current year results.

 $^{^{(4)}}$ Includes restructuring, severance and facility closure costs primarily in Europe.

⁽⁵⁾ Represents intangible amortization expense.

⁽⁶⁾ Fiscal 2023 represents an adjustment to a product return allowance, related to COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory. Fiscal 2022 represents a write-down of COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory due to the reduction in the net realizable value of inventory.

⁽⁷⁾ Includes various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy.

⁽⁸⁾ Represents due diligence costs.

NM represents that the percentage change is not meaningful.

Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited) Impact of Certain Items

(In Thousands)

As noted in a previous reconciliation within this presentation, our discussion of our results includes certain non-GAAP financial measures, defined as Certain Items. The multi-year trend below represents our operating income adjusted for Certain Items. For these periods, our definition of Certain Items included (1) restructuring and transformational project costs consisting of: (a) restructuring charges, (b) expenses associated with our various transformation initiatives, (c) severance charges and (d) integration charges; (2) acquisition-related costs consisting of: (a) intangible amortization expense and (b) acquisition costs and due diligence costs related to our acquisitions; (3) impact of MEPP charges; (4) excess bad debt charges recognized on the increase in past due receivables arising from the COVID-19 pandemic; (5) the reduction of bad debt expense previously recognized in fiscal 2020 due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the collectability of our pre-pandemic trade receivable balances; and (6) impact of goodwill impairment.

The company uses these non-GAAP measures when evaluating its financial results as well as for internal planning and forecasting purposes. These financial measures should not be used as a substitute for GAAP measures in assessing the company's results of operations for the periods presented. An analysis of any non-GAAP financial measure should be used in conjunction with results presented in accordance with GAAP. As a result, in the tables that follow, each period presented is adjusted to remove the Certain Items noted above.

	Peri	3-Week od Ended 27, 2015	14-Week Period Ended Jul. 2, 2016			13-Week Period Ended Jul. 1, 2017			13-Week Period Ended Jun. 30, 2018			13-Week Period Ended Jun. 29, 2019			13-Week Period Ended Jun. 27, 2020			14-Week Period Ended Jul. 3, 2021		
Operating income (loss) (GAAP)	\$	120,995	\$	546,825		\$	557,959		\$	687,667		\$	720,734	•	\$	(531,580)		\$	569,684	
Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs		1,692		56,220	(2)		42,573	(4)		46,313	6)		77,753	(8)		180,066	(10)		33,110	(12)
Impact of acquisition-related costs		386,558 ⁽¹⁾		25,212	(3)		30,697	(5)		37,230	7)		19,789	(9)		13,251	(9)		24,826	(14)
Impact of MEPP charge		-		_			35,600			-			_			_			-	
Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments		-		-			-			-			-			169,903	(11)		(22,441)	(13)
Impact of goodwill impairment		-		-			-			-			-			134,481			-	
Operating income (loss) adjusted for certain items (Non-GAAP)	\$	509,245	\$	628,257		\$	666,829		\$	771,210		<u> </u>	818,276	_	\$	(33,879)		\$	605,179	

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal 2015 includes US Foods merger and integration planning and transaction costs

⁽¹⁴⁾ Fiscal 2021 represents \$19 million of intangible amortization expense from the Brakes Acquisition, which is included in the results of International Foodservice, as well as \$6 million of due diligence and integration costs related to Greco and Sons, which are included within Global Support Center expenses.



⁽²⁾ Fiscal 2016 includes severance charges, professional fees on 3-year financial objectives, other restructuring costs and costs associated with our revised business technology strategy.

⁽³⁾ Fiscal 2016 includes Brakes Acquisition transaction costs.

⁽⁴⁾ Fiscal 2017 includes \$28 million in accelerated depreciation associated with our revised business technology strategy and \$12 million related to restructuring expenses within our Brakes operations, costs to convert to legacy systems in conjunction with our revised business technology strategy, severance charges related to restructuring and professional fees on three-year financial objectives.

⁽⁵⁾ Fiscal 2017 includes \$20 million related to intangible amortization expense from the Brakes Acquisition, which is included in the results of Brakes, and \$9 million in transaction costs.

⁽⁶⁾ Fiscal 2018 includes business technology transformation initiative costs, restructuring expenses within our Brakes operations, professional fees on three-year financial objectives, severance charges related to restructuring and costs to convert to legacy systems in conjunction with our revised business technology strategy.

⁽⁷⁾ Fiscal 2018 includes \$16 million related to intangible amortization expense from the Brakes Acquisition, which is included in the results of Brakes, \$4 million in integration costs, and a \$14 million write-off for an intangible asset due to restructuring in France.

⁽⁸⁾ Fiscal 2019 includes \$37 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy and \$41 million related to severance, restructuring and integration charges.

⁽⁹⁾ Represents intangible amortization expense from the Brakes Acquisition, which is included in the results of International Foodservice.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Fiscal 2020 includes \$165 million related to severance, restructuring and integration charges and \$15 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy.

⁽¹¹⁾ Fiscal 2020 represents excess bad debt charges recognized on the increase in past due receivables arising from the COVID-19 pandemic.

⁽¹²⁾ Fiscal 2021 includes \$17 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy and \$16 million related to restructuring and severance charges.

⁽¹³⁾ Fiscal 2021 represents the reduction of bad debt charges previously taken on pre-pandemic trade receivable balances in fiscal 2020.

Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited) Impact of Certain Items

(In Thousands)

As noted in a previous reconciliation within this presentation, our discussion of our results includes certain non-GAAP financial measures, defined as Certain Items. The multi-year trend below represents our operating income adjusted for Certain Items. For these periods, our definition of Certain Items included (1) restructuring and transformational project costs consisting of: (a) restructuring charges, (b) expenses associated with our various transformation initiatives, (c) severance charges and (d) integration charges; (2) acquisition-related costs consisting of: (a) intagrible amortization expense and (b) acquisition costs and due diligence costs related to our acquisitions; (3) impact of MEPP charges; (4) excess bad debt charges recognized on the increase in past due receivables arising from the COVID-19 pandemic; (5) the reduction of bad debt expense previously recognized in fiscal 2020 due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the collectability of our pre-pandemic trade receivable balances; and (6) impact of goodwill impairment.

The company uses these non-GAAP measures when evaluating its financial results as well as for internal planning and forecasting purposes. These financial measures should not be used as a substitute for GAAP measures in assessing the company's results of operations for the periods presented. An analysis of any non-GAAP financial measure should be used in conjunction with results presented in accordance with GAAP. As a result, in the tables that follow, each period presented is adjusted to remove the Certain Items noted above.

	Pe	52-Week eriod Ended n. 27, 2015		Per	i3-Week riod Ended I. 2, 2016		52-Week Period Ended Jul. 1, 2017		Pe	52-Week riod Ended n. 30, 2018		52-Week Period Ended Jun. 29, 2019		Pe	52-Week riod Ended n. 27, 2020		Pe	53-Week riod Ended ıl. 3, 2021
Operating income (GAAP)	\$	1,229,362	3	\$	1,850,500	3	2,053,171		\$	2,328,974		\$ 2,333,219	_	\$	749,505		\$	1,447,188
Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs		7,801			123,134 (2)	161,011	(4)		109,524 (6))	325,300	(8)		371,088	(10)		128,187 (12)
Impact of acquisition-related costs		554,667	1)		35,614	3)	102,049	(5)		108,136 (7))	77,832	(9)		64,793	(9)		79,540 ⁽¹⁴⁾
Impact of MEPP charge		-			-		35,600			1,700		-			-			-
Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments		-			-		-			-		-			323,403	(11)		(184,813) ⁽¹³⁾
Impact of goodwill impairment		-			-		-			-		-			203,206			-
Operating income adjusted for certain items (Non-GAAP)	\$	1,791,830	9	\$	2,009,248	9	2,351,831		\$	2,548,334		\$ 2,736,351	_	\$	1,711,995		\$	1,470,102

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal 2015 includes US Foods merger and integration planning and transaction costs

⁽²⁾ Fiscal 2016 includes severance charges, professional fees on 3-year financial objectives, other restructuring costs and costs associated with our revised business technology strategy.

⁽³⁾ Fiscal 2016 includes US Foods merger and integration planning and transaction costs, and Brakes Acquisition transaction costs.

⁽⁴⁾ Fiscal 2017 includes \$111 million in accelerated depreciation associated with our revised business technology strategy and \$46 million related to professional fees on 3-year financial objectives, restructuring expenses within our Brakes operations, costs to convert to legacy systems in conjunction with our revised business technology strategy and severance charges related to restructuring.

⁽⁵⁾ Fiscal 2017 includes \$76 million related to intangible amortization expense from the Brakes Acquisition, which is included in the results of Brakes, and \$24 million in transaction costs.

⁽⁶⁾ Fiscal 2018 includes business technology transformation initiative costs, restructuring expenses within our Brakes operations, professional fees on three-year financial objectives, severance charges related to restructuring and costs to convert to legacy systems in conjunction with our revised business technology strategy.

⁽⁷⁾ Fiscal 2018 includes \$67 million related to intangible amortization expense from the Brakes Acquisition, which is included in the results of Brakes, \$18 million in integration costs, and a \$14 million write-off for an intangible asset due to restructuring in France.

⁽⁸⁾ Fiscal 2019 includes \$151 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy, of which \$18 million relates to accelerated depreciation related to software that is being replaced, and \$174 million related to severance, restructuring and integration charges in Europe, Canada and at the Global Support Center, of which \$61 million relates to our France restructuring as part of our integration of Brake France and Davigel into Sysco France.

⁽⁹⁾ Represents intangible amortization expense from the Brakes Acquisition, which is included in the results of International Foodservice.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Fiscal 2020 includes \$265 million related to severance, restructuring and integration charges and \$106 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy.

⁽¹¹⁾ Fiscal 2020 represents excess bad debt charges recognized on the increase in past due receivables arising from the COVID-19 pandemic.

⁽¹²⁾ Fiscal 2021 includes \$72 million related to restructuring and severance charges and \$56 million related to various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy.

⁽¹³⁾ Fiscal 2021 represents the reduction of bad debt charges previously taken on pre-pandemic trade receivable balances in fiscal 2020.

⁽¹⁴⁾ Fiscal 2021 represents \$74 million of intangible amortization expense from the Brakes Acquisition, which is included in the results of International Foodservice, as well as \$6 million of due diligence and integration costs related to Greco and Sons, which are included within Global Support Center expenses.

Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries
Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited)
Free Cash Flow, YTD23 vs. YTD22
(In Thousands)

Free cash flow represents net cash provided from operating activities less purchases of plant and equipment and includes proceeds from sales of plant and equipment. Sysco considers free cash flow to be a liquidity measure that provides useful information to management and investors about the amount of cash generated by the business after the purchases and sales of buildings, fleet, equipment and technology, which may potentially be used to pay for, among other things, strategic uses of cash including dividend payments, share repurchases and acquisitions. However, free cash flow may not be available for discretionary expenditures, as it may be necessary that we use it to make mandatory debt service or other payments. Free cash flow should not be used as a substitute for the most comparable GAAP financial measure in assessing the company's liquidity for the periods presented. An analysis of any non-GAAP financial measure should be used in conjunction with results presented in accordance with GAAP. In the table that follows, free cash flow for each period presented is reconciled to net cash provided by operating activities.

	eriod Ended ul. 1, 2023	eriod Ended ul. 2, 2022	Change in Dollars
Net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP)	\$ 2,867,602	\$ 1,791,286	\$ 1,076,316
Additions to plant and equipment	(793,325)	(632,802)	(160,523)
Proceeds from sales of plant and equipment	42,147	24,144	18,003
Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)	\$ 2,116,424	\$ 1,182,628	\$ 933,796

52-Week

52-Week



Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA)

EBITDA represents net earnings (loss) plus (i) interest expense, (ii) income tax expense and benefit, (iii) depreciation and (iv) amortization. The net earnings (loss) component of our EBITDA calculation is impacted by Certain Items that we do not consider representative of our underlying performance. As a result, in the non-GAAP reconciliations below for each period presented, adjusted EBITDA is computed as EBITDA plus the impact of Certain Items, excluding certain items related to interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Sysco's management considers growth in this metric to be a measure of overall financial performance that provides useful information to management and investors about the profitability of the business, as it facilitates comparison of performance on a consistent basis from period to period by providing a measurement of recurring factors and trends affecting our business. Additionally, it is a commonly used component metric used to inform on capital structure decisions. Adjusted EBITDA should not be used as a substitute for the most comparable GAAP financial measure in assessing the company's financial performance for the periods presented. An analysis of any non-GAAP financial measure should be used in conjunction with results presented in accordance with GAAP. In the tables that follow, adjusted EBITDA for each period presented is reconciled to net earnings.



	13-Week Period Ended Jul. 1, 2023	13-Week Period Ended Jul. 2, 2022	Change in Dollars	%/bps Change
Net earnings (GAAP)	\$ 733,736	\$ 509,989	\$ 223,747	43.9%
Interest (GAAP)	135,629	128,512	7,117	5.5%
Income taxes (GAAP)	224,204	131,890	92,314	70.0%
Depreciation and amortization (GAAP)	 200,659	201,274	 (615)	-0.3%
EBITDA (Non-GAAP)	\$ 1,294,228	\$ 971,665	\$ 322,563	33.2%
Certain Item adjustments:				
Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (1)	-	43,673	(43,673)	NM
Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (2)	23,819	36,998	(13,179)	-35.6%
Impact of acquisition-related costs (3)	1,448	4,479	(3,031)	-67.7%
Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (4)	-	(8,783)	8,783	NM
Impact of other non-routine gains and losses	 (120,867)		 (120,867)	NM
EBITDA adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) (5)	\$ 1,198,628	\$ 1,048,032	\$ 150,596	14.4%

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal 2022 represents a write-down of COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory due to the reduction in the net realizable value of inventory.

NM represents that the percentage change is not meaningful.



⁽²⁾ Fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022 include charges related to restructuring and severance, as well as various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy, excluding charges related to accelerated depreciation.

⁽³⁾ Fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022 include acquisition and due diligence costs.

⁽⁴⁾ Fiscal 2022 represents the reduction of bad debt charges previously taken on pre-pandemic trade receivable balances in fiscal 2020.

⁽⁵⁾ In arriving at adjusted EBITDA, Sysco does not adjust out interest income of \$9 million and \$2 million or non-cash stock compensation expense of \$22 million and \$32 million in fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022, respectively.

	_	52-Week Period Ended Jul. 1, 2023	52-Week Period Ended Jul. 2, 2022	Change in Dollars	%/bps Change
Net earnings (GAAP)	\$	1,770,124	\$ 1,358,768	\$ 411,356	30.3%
Interest (GAAP)		526,752	623,643	(96,891)	-15.5%
Income taxes (GAAP)		515,231	388,005	127,226	32.8%
Depreciation and amortization (GAAP)		775,604	 772,881	 2,723	0.4%
EBITDA (Non-GAAP)	\$	3,587,711	\$ 3,143,297	\$ 444,414	14.1%
Certain Item adjustments:					
Impact of inventory valuation adjustment (1)		(2,571)	73,224	(75,795)	NM
Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs (2)		61,009	106,091	(45,082)	-42.5%
Impact of acquisition-related costs (3)		10,393	32,738	(22,345)	-68.3%
Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments (4)		(4,425)	(27,999)	23,574	84.2%
Impact of non-routine gains and losses (5)		194,459		194,459	NM_
EBITDA adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP) (6)	\$	3,846,576	\$ 3,327,351	\$ 519,225	15.6%

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal 2023 represents an adjustment to a product return allowance, related to COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory. Fiscal 2022 represents a write-down of COVID-related personal protection equipment inventory due to the reduction in the net realizable value of inventory.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NM}}$ represents that the percentage change is not meaningful.



⁽²⁾ Fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022 include charges related to restructuring and severance, as well as various transformation initiative costs, primarily consisting of changes to our business technology strategy, excluding charges related to accelerated depreciation.

 $^{^{(3)}}$ Fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022 include acquisition and due diligence costs.

⁽⁴⁾ Fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022 represent the reduction of bad debt charges previously taken on pre-pandemic trade receivable balances in fiscal 2020.

⁽⁵⁾ Fiscal 2023 primarily includes a pension settlement charge of \$315 million that resulted from the purchase of a nonparticipating single premium group annuity contract that transferred defined benefit plan obligations to an insurer and \$122 million in income from a litigation financing agreement.

⁽⁶⁾ In arriving at adjusted EBITDA, Sysco does not adjust out interest income of \$24 million and \$7 million or non-cash stock compensation expense of \$95 million and \$122 million for fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2022, respectively.

Projected Adjusted EBITDA Guidance

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure; however, we cannot predict with certainty the particular certain items that would be excluded from the calculation of this measure for future periods. Due to these uncertainties, we cannot provide a quantitative reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure without unreasonable effort. However, we expect to calculate adjusted EBITDA for future periods in the same manner as the reconciliations provided for the historical periods herein.



Sysco Corporation and its Consolidated Subsidiaries
Non-GAAP Reconciliation (Unaudited)
Net Debt to Adjusted EBIDTA
(In Thousands)

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure frequently used by investors and credit rating agencies. Our Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio is calculated using a numerator of our debt minus cash and cash equivalents, divided by the sum of the most recent four quarters of Adjusted EBITDA. In the table that follows, we have provided the calculation of our debt and net debt as a ratio of Adjusted EBITDA.

	•	July 1, 2023	July 2, 2022	July 3, 2021
Current Maturities of long-term debt	\$	62,550	\$ 580,611	\$ 494,923
Long-term debt		10,347,997	 10,066,931	 10,588,184
Total Debt	·	10,410,547	10,647,542	 11,083,107
Cash & Cash Equivalents		(745,201)	(867,086)	(3,007,123)
Net Debt	\$	9,665,346	\$ 9,780,456	\$ 8,075,984
Adjusted EBITDA for the previous 12 months	\$	3,846,576	\$ 3,327,350	\$ 2,154,985
Debt/Adjusted EBITDA Ratio		2.7	3.2	5.1
Net Debt/Adjusted EBITDA Ratio		2.5	2.9	3.7



Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA Leverage Ratio Targets

We expect to achieve our net debt to adjusted EBITDA leverage ratio forecast in fiscal 2024. We cannot predict with certainty when we will achieve these results or whether the calculation of our EBITDA will be on an adjusted basis in future periods to exclude the effect of certain items. Due to these uncertainties, we cannot provide a quantitative reconciliation of these potentially non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure without unreasonable effort. However, we expect to calculate these adjusted results, if applicable, in the same manner as the reconciliations provided for the historical periods that are presented herein.

Form of calculation:

Current maturities of long-term debt Long term debt **Total Debt (GAAP)** Less cash and cash equivalents

Net Debt

Net earnings (GAAP)

Interest (GAAP)
Income taxes (GAAP)
Depreciation and amortization (GAAP)

EBITDA (Non-GAAP)

Certain Item adjustments:

Impact of restructuring and transformational project costs
Impact of acquisition-related intangible amortization
Impact of bad debt reserve adjustments

EBITDA adjusted for Certain Items (Non-GAAP)

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA Ratio

