Maiden Holdings, Ltd. Investor Update

May 2022



Investor Disclosures

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" which are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The forward-looking statements are based on the Maiden Holdings, Ltd.'s (the "Company") concerning future developments and their potential effects on the Company. There can be no assurance that actual developments will be those anticipated by the Company. Actual results may differ materially from those projected as a result of significant risks and uncertainties, including non-receipt of the expected payments, changes in interest rates, effect of the performance of financial markets on investment income and fair values of investments, developments of claims and the effect on loss reserves, accuracy in projecting loss reserves, the impact of competition and pricing environments, changes in the demand for the Company's products, the effect of general economic conditions and unusual frequency of storm activity, adverse state and federal legislation, regulations and regulatory investigations into industry practices, developments relating to existing agreements, heightened competition, changes in pricing environments, and changes in asset valuations. Additional information about these risks and uncertainties, as well as others that may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected is contained in Item 1A. Risk Factors in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, filed with the SEC. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, except as may be required by law. Any discrepancies between the amounts included in this presentation and amounts included in the Company's Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2022, filed with the SEC are due to rounding.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to the Summary Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statements of Income, management uses certain key financial measures, some of which are non-GAAP measures, to evaluate the Company's financial performance and the overall growth in value generated for the Company's common shareholders. Management believes that these measures, which may be defined differently by other companies, explain the Company's results to investors in a manner that allows for a more complete understanding of the underlying trends in the Company's business. The non-GAAP measures should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. See the Appendix of this presentation for a reconciliation of the Company's non-GAAP measures to the nearest GAAP measure.

Maiden Holdings Q1 2022 Highlights

GAAP book value decreased to \$2.47 per common share

- Non-GAAP book value decreased to \$2.99 per common share
- Rising interest rates triggered unrealized bonds losses of \$0.26 per share, principal driver of book value change in Q1

GAAP net income available to common shareholders was \$1.6 million or \$.02 per share

- Q1 2022 results impacted by \$5.1 million in underwriting losses from higher-than-expected AmTrust negative assumed premiums
 - Revisions to estimates for worker's compensation surcharges reduced assumed premium by \$11.0 million
 - o Adjustments to Specialty Program inuring reinsurance reduced assumed premium by \$4.8 million
- Favorable loss development continues to emerge see recap on slide 3

Each pillar of business strategy making positive contributions

- Asset management increased alternative investments by 11.1% to \$250.4 million from 12/31/21 and produced returns above benchmark cost of debt capital
- <u>Legacy underwriting</u> Genesis Legacy Solutions ("GLS") completed additional transactions in Q1, now with nearly \$40 million in insurance liabilities in Q1 2022
- <u>Capital management</u> repurchased \$168.9 million preference shares since Q4 2020, increasing book value by \$1.52 per common share through 3/31/2022
 - \$3.5 million in repurchase gains in Q1 2022 compared to \$62.6 million in Q1 2021
 - Now own more than 2/3 of each series of preference shares

Deferred tax asset = \$1.08 per share at March 31, 2022 – still carries full valuation allowance

- Not recognized as an asset on balance sheet currently
- Growing (but not yet sufficient) positive evidence to reduce valuation allowance



Maiden Holdings - Q1 2022 Results Recap

(\$ millions, except per share amounts)	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Comments				
Net Income and Per Share Data							
GAAP Net Income Attributable to Common Shares	\$1.6	\$71.7	 Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders in Q1 2022 includes \$3.5 million of gains from partial redemption of preference shares, significantly down from \$62.5 million in Q1 2021 				
Per common share	\$0.02	\$0.83	Summary GAAP Balance Sheet, Income Statement and Non-GAAP Financial Measures in Appendix				
GAAP Net (Loss) Income (excluding gains from preference share repurchases)	\$(1.9)	\$9.3	 Q1 2022 underwriting loss, lower investment results and higher tax expense partially offset by lower operating expenses and higher foreign exchange and other gains 				
		Key Inc	come Statement Details				
Underwriting (Loss) Income	\$(1.7)	\$1.5	 Underwriting results in Q1 2022 impacted by negative premiums on AmTrust of \$14.9 million compared to \$2.5 million in Q1 2021 and produced underwriting loss of \$5.1 million Negative AmTrust premiums in Q1 2022 arose from Adjustments and reversals of Audit Non-Compliance ("ANC") surcharges on WC policies Adjustments to inuring reinsurance on Specialty Program business Prior year favorable development continue to emerge at \$7.3 million in Q1 2022 compared to \$5.6 million in Q1 2021 				
Investment Results	\$10.1	\$20.9	 Lower investment income of \$6.6 million in Q1 2022 compared to \$9.8 million in Q1 2021 due to lower investable assets Realized gains of \$2.3 million in Q1 2022 attributable to sale of fixed income securities and other investments compared to \$8.1 million in Q1 2021 Income on equity method investments was \$1.3 million in Q1 2022 vs. \$2.9 million in Q1 2021 				
Operating Expenses	\$10.9	\$14.0	 Operating expenses continued to trend lower as G&A expenses decreased by \$3.1 million, or 22.2% in Q1 2022 vs. Q1 2021 due to lower discretionary incentive compensation Excluding discretionary incentive compensation expenses (cash and equity), operating expenses were \$6.5 million in Q1 2022 or 19% lower compared to \$8.0 million in Q1 2021 				
Foreign Exchange and Other Gains	\$3.9	\$3.5	 Primarily due to reserve revaluation due to strengthening of U.S. dollar relative to Euro and British pound 				

MAIDEN HOLDINGS, LTD.

Maiden Holdings Business Strategy

We create shareholder value by actively managing and allocating our assets and capital

- We leverage our deep knowledge of the insurance and related financial services industries into ownership and management of businesses and assets with the opportunity for increased returns
- Change in strategy since 2019 has allowed us to more flexibly allocate capital to activities we believe will produce the greatest returns for our common shareholders

Our strategy has three principal areas of focus

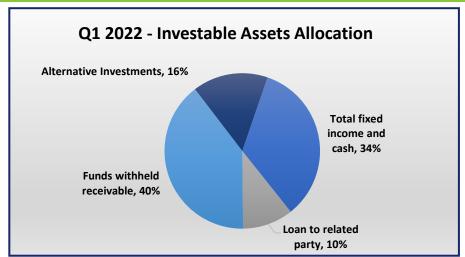
- Asset management investing in assets and asset classes in a prudent but expansive manner in order to maximize investment returns
 - We limit the insurance risk we assume relative to the assets we hold and maintain required regulatory capital at very strong levels to manage our aggregate risk profile
- <u>Legacy underwriting</u> judiciously building a portfolio of run-off acquisitions and retroactive reinsurance transactions which we believe will produce attractive underwriting returns
- <u>Capital management</u> effectively managing capital and when appropriate, repurchasing securities or returning capital to enhance common shareholder returns

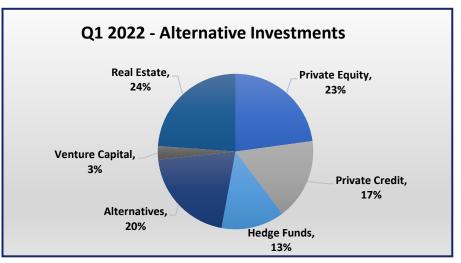
We believe these areas of strategic focus will enhance our profitability

- We believe our strategy increases the likelihood of fully utilizing the significant tax NOL carryforwards which would create additional common shareholder value
- Expected returns from each strategic pillar are evaluated relative to our cost of debt capital



Asset Management Update – Q1 2022





Investable Assets						
_	31-Mar-22	31-Dec-21	Q1 Change			
AFS & cash	\$543,116	\$663,232	\$(120,116)			
Loan to related party	167,975	167,975	-			
Funds withheld receivable	634,898	636,412	(1,514)			
Total Fixed Income	\$1,345,989	\$1,467,619	\$(121,630)			
Alternative Investments**						
Private Equity	\$57,226	\$48,496	\$8,770			
Private Credit	42,345	38,657	3,689			
Hedge Funds	32,861	32,929	(68)			
Alternatives	51,220	46,489	4,731			
Venture Capital	7,007	7,344	(337)			
Real Estate	59,710	51,551	8,159			
Total Alternative Investments	\$250,410	\$225,467	\$24,943			
Total Investable Assets	\$1,596,399	\$1,693,086	\$(96,687)			

^{**} Alternative investments categories presented based on underlying risk exposure and not according to financial reporting classifications as shown in the 10-Q



Asset Management Update – Q1 2022

Performance of Investable Assets **	Fixed Inco	me***	Alternative In	vestments
For the Three Months Ended March 31	2022	2021	2022	2021
Gross Returns	-0.6%	0.1%	3.1%	6.4%
Net Returns	-0.6%	0.0%	3.1%	6.3%
Excludes foreign currency gains/losses *Fixed income includes AFS, cash, funds withher	eld receivable, and	loan to related	party	

Fixed Income

- Q1 fixed income returns impacted by sharply rising interest rates
 - Short portfolio duration of 1.4 years well positioned for current volatility
- Fixed income portfolio continues to decrease in size as the AmTrust liabilities run off
- Floating rate securities compose \$339.8 million or 25.2% of fixed income investments which should be less interest rate sensitive
 - \$165.8 million or 12.3% are CLO's which may be more credit sensitive
 - Average CLO rating is AA+ with 78.7% rated AAA
 - \$168.0 million or 12.5% is floating rate loan to related party

Alternative Investments

- Increased alternative investments to \$250.4 million at the end of Q1 2022
- Total returns on alternative investments above benchmark cost of debt capital in Q1
 - Total returns comparable in Q1 2022 on a dollar basis to Q1 2021
 - Q1 2022 returns benefitted from sale of an equity method investment which returned \$5.8 million
 - Q1 2021 returns benefitted from \$4.5 million unrealized gain from an insurtech investment acquired by a special purpose acquisition company that added 4.0% to the gross investment returns
- Alternative investments expected to produce a range of contributions to results
 - Most alternative investments not marked to fair value yet - too early in life cycle of investments
 - Current income, longer-term gains, fees in selected instances



Legacy Underwriting Update

- GLS formed in November 2020
- GLS insurance liabilities currently \$37.1 million at 3/31/2022
- GLS continues to complete additional transactions, primarily retroactive reinsurance transactions
- Robust pipeline for additional transactions consistent with business plan currently include
 - Retroactive reinsurance transactions
 - Balance sheet acquisitions
 - Fee for service arrangements

Capital Management Update – Q1 2022

Active Capital Management Continued in Q1 2022

- 12,506,468 preferred shares repurchased since launch of tender offer in 2020 and repurchase program in 2021 and Q1 2022, adding \$1.52 in book value per common share
- During Q1 2022, Maiden Reinsurance Ltd. ("MRL") repurchased 274,861
 preferred shares at an average cost of \$11.27 per share for a total cost of \$3.1
 million resulting in a gain of \$3.5 million
- \$10.7 million of unutilized authorization remaining as of March 31, 2022
- MRL's ownership percentage of each series of preferred shares as follows

Series	% Owned
Series A	67.7%
Series C	66.8%
Series D	67.2%
Total	67.2%

 Maiden is actively evaluating its capital management options as its broader strategy progresses



Maiden Holdings, Ltd.
Investor Update - Appendix

First Quarter Ended March 31, 2022 Financial Data

Summary Consolidated Balance Sheet

	March 31,	I	December 31,
(in thousands (000's), except per share data)	2022		2021
Assets			
Total investments	\$ 721,640	\$	822,612
Cash and cash equivalents (including restricted)	71,886		66,087
Reinsurance balances receivable, net	18,714		19,507
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses	558,262		562,845
Loan to related party	167,975		167,975
Funds withheld receivable	634,898		636,412
Other assets	42,597		47,172
Total Assets	\$ 2,215,972	\$	2,322,610
Liabilities			
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 1,386,023	\$	1,489,373
Unearned premiums	88,882		100,131
Deferred gain on retroactive reinsurance	52,805		48,960
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	65,195		44,542
Senior notes, net	255,402		255,347
Total Liabilities	1,848,307		1,938,353
Equity	367,665		384,257
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 2,215,972	\$	2,322,610
Book value per common share(1)	\$ 2.47	\$	2.60
Common shares outstanding	87,058,833		86,467,242

Summary Consolidated Statements of Income

(in thousands (000's), except per share data)				2024		
For the Three Months Ended March 31,		2022		2021		
Net premiums written	\$	(10,323)	\$	(2,696)		
Net premiums earned		1,122		11,764		
Other insurance revenue		51		269		
Net investment income		6,567		9,841		
Net realized and unrealized gains on investment		2,309		8,101		
Total revenues		10,049		29,975		
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses		(2,283)		2,359		
Commission and other acquisition expenses		2,528		5,942		
General and administrative expenses		10,886		13,997		
Interest and amortization expenses		4,832		4,831		
Foreign exchange and other losses (gains)		(3,949)		(3,542)		
Total expenses		12,014		23,587		
Income (loss) before income taxes		(1,965)		6,388		
Less: income tax expense (benefit)		1,255		49		
Add: interest in income of equity method investments		1,271		2,947		
Net (loss) income		(1,949)		9,286		
Gain from repurchase of preference shares		3,543		62,450		
Net income available to Maiden common shareholders	\$	1,594	\$	71,736		
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	0.02	\$	0.83		
Annualized return on average common equity ⁽³⁾		2.9%		175.7%		

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022		versified nsurance	AmTrust insurance		Total
Gross premiums written	\$	4,736	\$ (14,906)	\$	(10,170)
Net premiums written	\$	4,583	\$ (14,906)	\$	(10,323)
Net premiums earned	\$	5,955	\$ (4,833)	\$	1,122
Other insurance revenue		51	-		51
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses ("loss and LAE")		1,360	923		2,283
Commissions and other acquisition expenses		(3,771)	1,243		(2,528)
General and administrative expenses (6)		(2,098)	(485)		(2,583)
Underwriting income ⁽⁴⁾	\$	1,497	\$ (3,152)	\$	(1,655)
Reconciliation to net loss					
Net investment income and realized and unrealized gains on	investment	Ī			8,876
Interest and amortization expenses					(4,832)
Foreign exchange and other gains					3,949
Other general and administrative expenses (6)					(8,303)
Income tax expense					(1,255)
Interest in income of equity method investments					1,271
Net loss				Ś	(1,949)

	Div	versified	Δ	mTrust		
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021	Reinsurance		Reinsurance		Total	
Gross premiums written	\$	72	\$	(2,462)	\$	(2,390)
Net premiums written	\$	(234)	\$	(2,462)	\$	(2,696)
Net premiums earned	\$	6,240	\$	5,524	\$	11,764
Other insurance revenue		269		-		269
Net loss and LAE		(1,415)		(944)		(2,359)
Commissions and other acquisition expenses		(3,755)		(2,187)		(5,942)
General and administrative expenses (6)		(1,574)		(603)		(2,177)
Underwriting income ⁽⁴⁾	\$	(235)	\$	1,790	\$	1,555
Reconciliation to net income						
Net investment income and realized and unrealized gains	on investment					17,942
Interest and amortization expenses						(4,831)
Foreign exchange and other gains						3,542
Other general and administrative expenses (6)						(11,820)
Income tax expense						(49)
Interest in income of equity method investments						2,947
Net income					\$	9,286

For the Three Months Ended March 31,		2022		2021
Non-GAAP operating (losses) earnings ⁽²⁾	\$	(6,935)	\$	47,301
Non-GAAP basic and diluted operating (losses) earnings per share attributable to Maiden				
common shareholders ⁽²⁾	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.55
Annualized non-GAAP operating return on average adjusted common equity ⁽¹⁰⁾		-10.4%		81.4%
Reconciliation of net income available to Maiden common shareholders to non-GAA	P operati	ng (losses) earning	s:	
Net income available to Maiden common shareholders	\$	1,594	\$	71,736
Add (subtract)				
Net realized losses (gains) on investment		(2,309)		(8,101)
Foreign exchange and other (gains) losses		(3,949)		(3,542)
Interest in loss (income) of equity method investments		(1,271)		(2,947)
Change in deferred gain on retroactive reinsurance		(1,000)		(9,845)
Non-GAAP operating (losses) earnings ⁽²⁾	\$	(6,935)	\$	47,301
Weighted average number of common shares - basic		86,547,173		85,132,939
Adjusted weighted average number of common shares and assumed conversions - di	luted	86,547,173		85,136,888
Reconciliation of diluted EPS attributable to Maiden common shareholders to non-G	AAP dilu	ted operating (loss	es) EP:	S attributable
to Maiden common shareholders:				
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	0.02	\$	0.83
Add (subtract)				
Net realized losses (gains) on investment		(0.03)		(0.09)
Foreign exchange and other (gains) losses		(0.05)		(0.04)
Interest in loss (income) of equity method investments		(0.01)		(0.03)
Change in deferred gain on retroactive reinsurance		(0.01)		(0.12)
Non-GAAP diluted operating (losses) earnings per share attributable to Maiden				
common shareholders	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.55

For the Three Months Ended March 31,	2022			
Non-GAAP underwriting results:				
Gross premiums written	\$ (10,170)	\$	(2,390)	
Net premiums written	\$ (10,323)	\$	(2,696)	
Net premiums earned	\$ 1,122	\$	11,764	
Other insurance revenue	51		269	
Non-GAAP net loss and LAE ⁽⁵⁾	1,283		(12,204)	
Commissions and other acquisition expenses	(2,528)		(5,942)	
General and administrative expenses ⁽⁶⁾	(2,583)		(2,177)	
Non-GAAP underwriting loss ⁽⁵⁾	\$ (2,655)	\$	(8,290)	
Non-GAAP net loss and LAE:				
Net loss and LAE	\$ (2,283)	\$	2,359	
Less: Change in deferred gain on retroactive reinsurance	(1,000)		(9,845)	
Non-GAAP net loss and LAE ⁽⁵⁾	\$ (1,283)	\$	12,204	

in thousands (000's), except per share data)		March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
Investable assets:						
Total investments	\$	721,640	\$	822,612		
Cash and cash equivalents		36,975		26,668		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		34,911		39,419		
Loan to related party		167,975		167,975		
Funds withheld receivable		634,898		636,412		
Total investable assets(7)	\$	1,596,399	\$	1,693,086		
Capital:						
Preference shares	\$	152,338	\$	159,210		
Common shareholders' equity		215,327		225,047		
Total shareholders' equity		367,665		384,257		
2016 Senior Notes		110,000		110,000		
2013 Senior Notes		152,500		152,500		
Total capital resources(8)	\$	630,165	\$	646,757		
Reconciliation of total shareholders' equity to adjusted shareholders' equity:						
Total Shareholders' Equity	\$	367,665	\$	384,257		
LP Investment Adjustment		-		4,083		
Unamortized deferred gain on retroactive reinsurance		44,860		45,860		
Adjusted shareholders' equity(11)	\$	412,525	\$	434,200		
Reconciliation of book value per common share to adjusted book value per common						
Book value per common share	\$	2.47	\$	2.60		
LP Investment Adjustment		-		0.05		
Unamortized deferred gain on retroactive reinsurance		0.52		0.53		
Adjusted book value per common share(11)	\$	2.99	\$	3.18		

- (1) Book value per common share is calculated using common shareholders' equity (shareholders' equity excluding the aggregate liquidation value of our preference shares) divided by the number of common shares outstanding. Management uses growth in this metric as a prime measure of the value we are generating for our common shareholders, because management believes that growth in this metric ultimately results in growth in the Company's common share price. This metric is impacted by the Company's net income and external factors, such as interest rates, which can drive changes in unrealized gains or losses on our investment portfolio, as well as share repurchases.
- (2) Non-GAAP operating earnings and non-GAAP basic and diluted operating earnings per common share are non-GAAP financial measure defined by the Company as net income excluding realized investment gains and losses, foreign exchange and other gains and losses, interest in income of equity method investments and the change in deferred gain on retroactive reinsurance and should not be considered as an alternative to net income (loss). The Company's management believes that the use of non-GAAP operating earnings and non-GAAP diluted operating earnings per common share enables investors and other users of the Company's financial information to analyze its performance in a manner similar to how management analyzes performance. Management also believes that these measures generally follow industry practice therefore allowing the users of financial information to compare the Company's performance with its industry peer group, and that the equity analysts and certain rating agencies which follow the Company, and the insurance industry as a whole, generally exclude these items from their analyses for the same reasons. Non-GAAP operating earnings should not be viewed as a substitute for U.S. GAAP net income.
- (3) Annualized return on average common equity is a non-GAAP financial measure. Management uses non-GAAP operating return on average common shareholders' equity as a measure of profitability that focuses on the return to common shareholders. It is calculated using non-GAAP operating earnings divided by average common shareholders' equity.
- (4) Underwriting income (loss) is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated as net premiums earned plus other insurance revenue less net loss and LAE, commission and other acquisition expenses and general and administrative expenses directly related to underwriting activities. For purposes of these non-GAAP operating measures, the fee-generating business which is included in our Diversified Reinsurance segment, is considered part of the underwriting operations of the Company. Management believes that this measure is important in evaluating the underwriting performance of the Company and its segments. This measure is also a useful tool to measure the profitability of the Company separately from the investment results and is also a widely used performance indicator in the insurance industry.

- (5) Non-GAAP net loss and LAE and Non-GAAP underwriting income (loss): Management has further adjusted the net loss and LAE and underwriting income (loss) (as defined above) by recognizing into income the unamortized deferred gain arising from the LPT/ADC Agreement relating to losses subject to that agreement. The deferred gain represents amounts estimated to be fully recoverable from Cavello and management believes adjusting for this shows the ultimate economic benefit of the LPT/ADC Agreement on Maiden's underwriting income (loss). Management believes reflecting the economic benefit of this retroactive reinsurance agreement is helpful for understanding future trends in our operations.
- (6) Underwriting related general and administrative expenses is a non-GAAP measure and includes expenses which are segregated for analytical purposes as a component of underwriting income (loss).
- (7) Investable assets is the total of the Company's investments, cash and cash equivalents, loan to a related party and funds withheld receivable.
- (8) Total capital resources is the sum of the Company's principal amount of debt and shareholders' equity.
- (9) Alternative investments is the total of the Company's investment in equity securities, equity method investments and other investments.
- (10) Non-GAAP operating return on average adjusted common equity is a non-GAAP financial measure. Management uses non-GAAP operating return on average adjusted common shareholders' equity as a measure of profitability that focuses on the return to common shareholders. It is calculated using non-GAAP operating earnings divided by average adjusted common shareholders' equity.
- (11) Adjusted Total Shareholders' Equity and Adjusted Book Value per Common Share: Management has adjusted GAAP shareholders' equity by adding the following items: 1) the unamortized deferred gain on retroactive reinsurance arising from LPT/ADC Agreement; and 2) an adjustment which reflects the equity method accounting related to the fair value of certain hedged liabilities within an equity method investment in a limited partnership held by the Company wherein the ultimate realizable value of the asset supporting the hedged liabilities cannot currently be recognized at fair value. As a result, by virtue of this adjustment, management has also computed the Adjusted Book Value per Common Share. The deferred gain on retroactive reinsurance represents amounts estimated to be fully recoverable from Cavello and management believes adjusting for this shows the ultimate economic benefit of the LPT/ADC Agreement. The LP Investment Adjustment reflects the fair value of the assets not presently able to be recognized currently. We believe reflecting the economic benefit of both items is helpful to understand future trends in our operations, which will improve the Company's shareholders' equity over the settlement or contract periods, respectively.